



FUELLING GROWTH IN THE DECADES AHEAD

CHINA GAS HOLDINGS LIMITED 2012 Annual Report



ABOUT CHINA GAS

China Gas Holdings Limited ("China Gas", stock code: 384) is a natural gas services operator, principally engaged in the investment, construction and management of city gas pipeline infrastructure, distribution of natural gas and LPG to residential, industrial and commercial users, construction and operation of oil stations and gas stations, and development and application of oil, natural gas and LPG related technologies.







- Connected households
 were 266,992
- Piped gas volume was 39.1 million m³

Revenue HK\$ million





• Total 50 city

gas projects

• Piped gas volume was 176.4 million m³

FY2006

Total Assets HK\$ million



FY2008

- Total 68 city
 gas projects
- Connected households reached 2,253,044
- Piped gas volume reached 1.1 billion m³

FY2010

- Total 123 city
 gas projects
- Connected households reached 4,837,436
- Piped gas volume reached 3.6 billion m³

DPS HK cents



FY2012

- Total 160 city gas projects
- Connected households reached 7,187,894
- Piped gas volume reached 5.8 billion m³

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FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Financial Performance	2012	2011	Change
for the year ended 31 March	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Turnover	18,933,565	15,861,880	19.37%
Gross profit	3,605,734	2,910,472	23.89%
Profit for the year	1,141,916	781,322	46.15%
Profit attributable to owners of the Company	953,926	625,896	52.41%
Basic EPS (in HK cents)	21.76	16.31	33.42%
Final dividend per share (in HK cents)	3.92	2.20	78.18%
EBIT	2,564,517	1,778,150	44.22%
EBITDA	3,167,750	2,426,116	30.57%
Total assets	31,874,385	30,886,528	3.20%
Cash and bank balance	5,528,226	6,729,033	-17.85%
Shareholders' equity	9,819,685	8,764,676	12.04%

Key Financial Indicators

for the year ended 31 March	2012	2011
Average finance costs	5.96%	4.22%
Current ratio (times)*	1.20	1.17
Gross profit margin	19.0%	18.3%
Net gearing ratio*	0.44	0.48
Net profit margin	6.0%	4.9%
Payout ratio (%)	18.0%	13.5%
Return on average equity	10.3%	9.7%

*Note: excluding the trade finance related facilities of LPG business

Definitions:

- Average finance costs
 Interest expenses/Average borrowing for the year
- Current ratio
 Current assets/Current liabilities
- Gross profit margin
 Gross profit/Turnover
- Net gearing ratio

Net borrowing/Shareholders' funds, excluding LPG trade finance related facilities

Net profit margin

Net profit for the year/Turnover

- Payout ratio
 Dividend per share/Earnings per share
- Return on average equity
 Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company/Average equity
 attributable to equity holders of the Company

OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

Operational Performance			
for the year ended 31 March	2012	2011	Change
	million m ³	million m ³	
Piped gas sales volume			
Natural gas	5,563.40	4,452.40	25.0%
Coal gas & LPG	206.5	162.4	27.2%
Sales of piped natural gas			
Residential	705.5	568.7	24.19
Industrial	3,707.40	3,011.10	23.19
Commerical	640.1	492.8	29.9%
CNG stations	510.4	379.8	34.4%
New Connections			
for the year ended 31 March	2012	2011	Change
Residential	1,104,640	901,982	22.5%
Industrial	358	254	40.9%
Commerical	5,812	3,680	57.9%
CNG stations	28	14	100.0%
Customers (No. of users)	0010	0011	
as at 31 March	2012	2011	Change
Residential	7,187,894	6,078,806	18.2%
Industrial	1,629	1,270	28.3%
Commerical	43,301	37,470	15.6%
CNG stations	133	105	26.7%
Urban population covered (million)	62.5	59.2	5.6%
Penetration rate (%)	37.4%	33.4%	12.0%
Average connection fees (RMB)	2,473	2,454	0.8%
Average natural gas tariffs (ex-tax)	2012	2011	Charge
for the year ended 31 March	RMB	RMB	Change
Residential	2.12	2.15	-1.4%
Industrial	2.12		-1.4%
Commerical		2.29	
	2.46	2.35	4.79
CNG stations	2.65	2.72	-2.6

OPERATIONAL STATISTICS

					ŀ	As at 31 March 2012			
	Province	Operational Location	Total Population	Urban Population	Connectable Domestic Households	Accumulated Connected Domestic Households	Accumulated Connected Industrial Customers	Accumulated Connected Commercial Customers	Length of Pipelines (km) Total Length
City Gas	Anhui	Wuhu	2,304,000	1,050,000	313,000	327,721	101	753	922
		Huainan	2,065,000	1,500,000	469,000	173,122	8	288	593
		Shouxian	1,300,000	150,000	47,000	7,188	-	6	46
		Suzhou	5,707,000	425,000	133,000	95,829	2	191	407
		Wuhuxian	394,000	80,000	25,000	14,112	33	82	129
		Nanlingxian	540,000	125,000	39,000	17,408	-	43	113
		Huoshanxian	365,000	80,000	32,000	5,690	-	21	31
		Fengtaixian	580,000	90,000	28,000	14,043	-	35	66
		Wuwei	1,400,000	180,000	56,000	10,402	-	20	79
		Qimen	187,000	39,000	10,000				
		Xiuning	270,000	21,000	7,000	56	-	-	6
		Maoji Development Zone	132,000	25,000	7,813				
		Huoqiuxian	1,650,000	612,000	191,250				
		Susong Linjiang Industrial Zone	10,000	10,000	5,000				
	Hubei	Yichang	3,990,000	1,209,000	378,000	165,965	24	884	711
		Xiaogan	883,000	230,000	72,000	82,755	25	309	354
		Hanchuan	1,061,000	173,000	54,000	31,654	93	139	147
		Yingcheng	669,000	175,000	55,000	35,688	9	194	264
		Yunmeng	579,000	117,000	37,000	22,874	8	168	100
		Suizhou	2,580,000	782,000	244,000	58,422	17	151	318
		Tianmen	1,621,000	200,000	63,000	23,639	3	132	161
		Dangyang	560,000	140,000	44,000	7,697	8	42	78
		Wuhan Qingshan District	453,000	192,000	60,000				
		Wuhan Jiangnan	320,000	320,000	100,000				
	Hunan	Yiyang	4,600,000	860,000	269,000	83,511	12	230	427
		Youxian	760,000	246,000	76,875	2,901	-	1	25
		Zhangjiajie	1,630,000	422,000	120,000	5,555	-	30	118
	Jiangsu	Pizhou	1,580,000	230,000	72,000	31,230	2	62	169
		Yangzhong	273,000	88,000	28,000	30,279	22	275	365
		Jiang Bei District, Nanjing	1,200,000	1,200,000	375,000	179,400	22	158	712
		Pu Kou District, Nanjing	500,000	340,000	106,250	19,387	-	-	-
		Jiawang District, Xuzhou	500,000	180,000	56,000	10,119	1	23	76
		Xinyi, Xuzhou	990,000	160,000	50,000	18,077	4	30	116
		Yangzhou	4,570,000	1,220,000	381,000	173,400	8	540	1,021
	Zhejiang	Xiaoshan district, Hangzhou	1,157,000	1,157,000	362,000	20,729	88	43	467
		Taizhou	600,000	600,000	160,000	32,545	6	160	112
		Jinhua	4,592,000	923,000	288,000	49,857	-	80	276
		Hangzhou Jiangdong Development Zone	312,000	220,000	68,750				

				As	at 31 March 2012					
Province	Operational Location	Total Population	Urban Population	Connectable Domestic Households	Accumulated Connected Domestic	Accumulated Connected Industrial	Accumulated Connected Commercial	Length Pipelines (ki Total Leng		
					Households	Customers	Customers			
Hebei	Cangzhou Development Zone	370,000	270,000	84,375	3,307	23	7			
	Nanpixian	760,000	52,000	16,000	25,652	4	6			
	Qinghexian	340,000	72,000	23,000	3,145	-	12			
	Wangdu	230,000	32,000	10,000	7,042	14	33			
	Tangshan Nanpu	170,000	72,000	23,000	17,888	13	53	1		
	Letingxian, Xinle, Gaocheng, Pingshanxian, Fengnan District of Tangshan, Neiqiuxian	4,320,000	788,000	246,000	101,900	98	220	5		
	Bohai New Zone	750,000	750,000	234,000	438	1	1			
	Cangzhou High-tech Zone	150,000	90,000	25,000						
	Tangxian	515,000	310,000	96,875	2,262	-	12	:		
Guangxi Zhuang	Yulin	5,990,000	677,000	188,000	38,185	4	99	1		
Autonomous	Qinzhou	3,260,000	400,000	125,000	33,935	2	136	1		
Region	Liuzhou	3,580,000	1,300,000	406,000	149,767	4	488	8		
	Fangchenggang	718,000	200,000	63,000	11,137	1	22			
	Nanning ASEAN Development Zone	200,000	200,000	62,500						
	Laibin	2,450,000	250,000	78,125	4,211	-	3			
	Baise	3,730,000	330,000	103,125	115	-	1			
	Bobai	1,820,000	210,000	70,000	321	-	-			
	Nanning	6,850,000	2,600,000	740,000	378,212	4	1,002	1,C		
	Wuxuan	430,000	100,000	31,250						
Shaanxi	Baoji	3,720,000	1,020,000	319,000	285,730	68	836	ç		
	Qishanxian	458,000	150,000	47,000						
	Yulin	3,370,000	500,000	156,000						
	Linyouxian	87,000	25,000	8,333						
Guangdong	Maoming	6,700,000	1,200,000	375,000	17,160	-	19			
	Conghua	630,000	300,000	94,000	16,417	9	23	1		
	Meizhou	1,237,000	886,000	250,000	12,714	1	34	1		
	Yunfu	2,600,000	260,000	100,000	5,413	-	22			
	Shanwei	3,150,000	350,000	109,000	3,971	-	4			
	Xinxingxian	450,000	80,000	30,000	615	3	5			
	Fengshunxian	650,000	208,000	70,000	568	1	2			
	Pingyuanxian	250,000	50,000	15,000	954	-	1			
	Dabuxian	534,400	198,000	61,875						
	Wuhuaxian	1,275,800	489,000	152,813						
	Huazhouxian	1,304,564	580,000	181,250	280	-	-			
	Luhexian	290,000	90,000	27,000						

OPERATIONAL STATISTICS

				/	As at 31 March 2012	2		
Province	Operational Location	Total Population	Urban Population	Connectable Domestic Households	Accumulated Connected Domestic Households	Accumulated Connected Industrial Customers	Accumulated Connected Commercial Customers	Length of Pipelines (km) Total Length
Liaoning	Fushun	2,260,000	1,415,000	442,000	248,687	1	6,133	332
	Dalian	6,020,000	3,123,000	976,000				
	Jinzhou Economic Hi-Tech Development Zone	80,000	80,000	25,000	35,444	2	122	88
	Shenyang Sujiatun	430,000	430,000	112,000	34,762	4	235	218
	Dalian Jinzhou Development Zone	830,000	450,000	140,625	22,472	-	21	87
	Liaoyang	1,824,000	716,000	223,750	48,079	36	262	529
	Gaizhou	730,000	287,000	103,000	5,080	1	14	53
	Zhuanghe	910,000	284,375	88,867	12,148	3	24	82
	Zhuanghe Industrial Park	97,000	69,000	21,563				
	Linghai	620,000	210,000	65,625				
	Pulandian	830,000	300,000	93,750	1,768	-	8	15
	Liaoyang Economic Zone	86,848	63,200	19,750				
	Jinzhou Longxiwan New Zone	29,000	13,000	4,063				
	Qingyuan County	350,000	160,000	44,444				
Chongqing	Yubei	920,000	877,000	274,000	97,424	24	6,008	287
Shandong	Dezhou	5,616,000	1,598,000	475,000	138,115	16	1,286	380
	Qingdao	7,560,000	2,790,000	940,000	696,441	1	2,903	1,890
	Zhongyu's 3 regions	1,006,950	135,975	38,850	20,000	5	140	
Inner Mongolia Autonomous	Hohhot	2,580,000	1,700,000	531,000	441,392	84	5,167	1,259
Region	Wushen Banner	95,000	30,000	9,000	15,706	-	266	185
	Baotou	2,100,000	1,300,000	406,000	239,767	137	1,073	1,296
	Helingeer County	187,000	90,000	30,000				
	Tuoketuo County	200,000	120,000	40,000				
	Tuzuo Banner	350,000	95,000	31,667				
	Wuchuan County	180,000	60,000	20,000				
	Alashanmeng	200,000	132,000	44,000				
	Zuo Banner Tenggeli Industrial Zone	13,000	5,800	1,933				

					ŀ	As at 31 March 2012			
	Province	Operational Location	Total Population	Urban Population	Connectable Domestic Households	Accumulated Connected Domestic Households	Accumulated Connected Industrial Customers	Accumulated Connected Commercial Customers	Length of Pipelines (km) Total Length
	Heilongjiang	Harbin	10,000,000	5,000,000	1,562,000	1,223,933	68	8,062	2,377
		Jiamusi	2,480,000	820,000	256,250	87,551	2	244	391
		Shuangcheng	900,000	250,000	78,125				
		Mudanjiang	2,750,000	800,000	200,000	41,785	2	138	196
		Daxing'anling Jiagedaqi	550,000	160,000	50,000	2,265	-	-	4
		Huachuan County	220,000	137,000	35,128	813	-	1	2,968
		Tangyuan County	330,445	101,500	28,194				
		Huanan County	461,000	124,000	34,444				
	Ningxia Hui Autonomous Region	Zhongwei	1,060,000	560,000	175,000	13,928	3	113	206
	Fujian	29 cities/regions	4,000,000	4,000,000	1,200,000	317,951	124	395	1,750
	Jiangxi	Nanchang Wanli	84,000	37,000	10,000	2,855	-	1	36
		Xinfeng County	780,000	193,000	60,312.5	5,245	0	9	217
	Gansu	Lingtai County	230,000	105,000	32,813				
	Henan	Zhongyu's 12 Cities/ Regions	11,939,600	3,388,600	952,966	528,336	355	1,702	4,205
E&P	Chongqing	Chongqing Dingfa				33,353	4	842	365
Pipeline	Inner Mongolia	Chang Meng					1	1	281
	Autonomous Region	Wushen Banner					1		119
	Tianjin	Tianjin					2		36
	Hubei	Xiaogan					1		202
		Dangyang					1		58
		Huanggang-Daye							
	Hebei	Huanghua					2		51
	Chongqing	Chongqing					3		134
Total			188,113,607	63,070,450	19,381,578	7,187,894	1,629	43,301	33,505

Piped Gas Volume **5.8 Billion m³**

NATURAL GAS

Stepping Up for Further Excellence

China's economy maintained steady growth in 2011, the first year of China's Twelfth Five-Year Plan period. During the year, China's energy consumption and demand, driven by the country's accelerated process of urbanization and industrialization, grew at a fast pace. China still relies on coal and oil as its main energy resources. Due to the high energy consumption and

City Gas Projects **160 cities**

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pollution coming along with the fast economic development, there are increasing pressures from energy demand and environmental protection. Based on the statistics of 2011 published by the National Bureau of Statistics of China, the share of coal and oil in China's primary energy mix hit 87%, whereas the share of natural gas was only 4.4%, which was much lower than the world average level of 23%. So taking further steps to develop natural gas and other clean energy industries becomes a precondition for the successful fulfillment of China's emission reduction target as well as an important reflection of China's scientific and sustainable development strategy.

To meet the escalating demand for natural gas in the country, China continuously increases its investments in natural gas infrastructure. A nationwide natural gas network which spans the entire country and connects the country with overseas resources is taking shape. At the same time, downstream natural gas distribution market is getting prepared to boost natural gas consumption to respond to the upstream project development effort. According to the forecast made by the National Bureau of Energy of China, China's natural gas consumption is anticipated to exceed 260 billion cubic meters by 2015, accounting for 8.3% of the national primary energy consumption. All of these will support/promote the rapid development of the Group's natural gas business.

Application of Clean Energy

As a clean, environmentally friendly and economic fuel, natural gas is now extensively used in the transportation sector. It has become the substitute fuel of gasoline and diesel for vehicles and vessels, presenting the Group with great business prospects. The Group, a transregional energy supplier, is endowed with unique advantages in developing CNG/LNG and other clean energies. We see our CNG/LNG automobile refilling station business and the business of other clean energy utilization as a new and key growth driver of revenue and profit for the Group in the future. In July 2011, China Gas Clean Energy (Shenzhen) Limited was founded and its development strategy is to develop natural gas projects for logistics vehicles, buses and taxis with its CNG refilling business, and LNG refilling business for long distance passenger and cargo vehicles especially coal carrying trucks.

WE ENDEAVOR TO PROVIDE QUALITY SERVICES, MAKE INNOVATIONS IN CLEAN ENERGY, IMPROVE THE **ENVIRONMENT AND INCREASE** STANDARD OF LIVING. 33







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LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GAS

Optimizing Integration Further

The Group's LPG business is conducted mainly through Shanghai Zhongyou Energy Group ("Shanghai Zhongyou"). To achieve significant development, a positive and practical business chain integration strategy was adopted by Shanghai Zhongyou. Since the establishment of our LPG business three years ago, Shanghai Zhongyou, through continuous optimization of midstream wholesale business assets and expansion of downstream distribution networks, has been constructing a vertically integrated LPG supply chain, which, with downstream end market as its core, is more complete and supported by a modern information technology system. Further to the successful acquisition of a 49% interest in Panva Gas Holdings Limited ("Panva Gas"), one of the

WE LEVERAGE ON THE ADVANTAGES OF OUR DISTRIBUTION NETWORK, LOGISTICS SYSTEM, TALENTS AND TECHNOLOGIES.



largest LPG retailers in China, completed in FY 2012, the Group is expected to acquire its remaining 51% interest within this year. The Group will continue to actively develop the more profitable LPG downstream retail market. It will effectively utilize its terminal and warehousing resources to support the further development of retail market. Redundant and idle terminal and warehousing assets will be optimized further through disposal, cooperation and other effective ways within the year so as to reduce Shanghai Zhongyou's liabilities and financial costs for higher overall profitability.

LPG **Operational Locations**

China Gas is the largest and only vertically integrated LPG supplier in the PRC covering retail and wholesale

Our LPG business covers:

- Upstream Direct supply from refineries of PetroChina and Sinopec; also import from the Middle East;
- Midstream . 8 receiving terminals, 285,000 m³ LPG storage facilities, fleets of vessels and trucks, and distribution logistics in Guangdong, Guangxi, Fujian, Zhejiang and Jiangsu
- Downstream Direct retail of bottled LPG to households.





Targeting **12 Million** Natural Gas Household users in 5 years

> Targeting **30 Million** LPG Household users in 5 years

VALUE-ADDED SERVICES FOR END USERS

Well prepared for a good start

Developing value-added business is the Group's core strategy implemented to transform itself from a mere natural gas distributor into a natural gas service provider, and is objectively required by the industry, the market and corporate development. The Group is currently providing piped gas service to more than 7,000,000 residential users and various professional services to more than 40,000 industrial and commercial users. In the coming five years, the Group expects to be supplying natural gas to more than 12,000,000 households, and LPG to more than 30,000,000 households, serving more than 150,000,000 people in total. In order to realise the market potential of providing value added services to this customer base and generally improving our customer services, the Group launched value-added services in FY 2012, focusing on "making policies, integrating resources and setting up models".

GE SERVICES STAND FOR OUR ATTITUDE, COMMITMENT, BRAND, STRENGTH AND PERSISTENCE. **33**

Targeting over **150 Million** Customers in 5 years



Developing value-added business is not only a core mission of the Group at the present stage but also a long-term strategy of the Group for achieving sustainable development. The Group will enrich the contents of value-added services and increase marketing effects with a view to gradually raising the proportion of profits our derived from our value-added services in the Group's overall operating profits and transforming itself from a gas distributor to a one-stop energy service provider, thus increasing the profitability and overall competitiveness of the Group's operation and service network.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Decades Ahead



Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of China Gas Holdings Limited ("China Gas" or the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group"), I am pleased to present to the shareholders the 2012 annual report.

Results

The financial results of the Group for the fiscal year ended 31 March 2012 showed a strong performance, notwithstanding the challenges and difficulties encountered by the Company over the last year or so. Turnover amounted to HK\$18,933,565,000, while net profit rose to HK\$1,141,916,000 and profit attributable to shareholders reached HK\$953,926,000, representing respectively year-on-year growth of 19.4%, 46.2% and 52.4%. Basic earnings per share was HK21.76 cents, an increase of 33.4% over the same period last year.

Final Dividend and Closure of Register of Members

The Board resolved to recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK3.92 cents per share for the year ended 31 March 2012 (2011: HK2.20 cents per share), representing an increase of 78%.

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 10 August 2012 to Thursday, 16 August 2012, both days inclusive, (during which period no transfer of shares in the Company will be registered) for the purpose of determining the identity of the shareholders entitled to attend and vote at the 2012 Annual General Meeting scheduled to take place on Thursday, 16 August 2012 (the "2012 Annual General Meeting"). In order to qualify for attending and voting at the 2012 Annual General Meeting, all transfers of shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates and transfer forms must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at Suite 1712-16, 17 Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 9 August 2012.

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 22 August 2012 to Thursday, 23 August 2012, both days inclusive, (during which period no transfer of shares in the Company will be registered) for the purpose of determining the entitlement of the shareholders to receive the proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2012. Subject to approval of the shareholders at the 2012 Annual General Meeting, the proposed final dividend will be payable to the shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Wednesday, 22 August 2012. In order to qualify for the proposed

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

final dividend, all transfers of shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates and transfer forms must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at Suite 1712-16, 17 Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 21 August 2012. The final dividend is expected to be paid to qualified persons on or before 28 September 2012.

China Gas Marks Its First Tenth Anniversary

This year marks the tenth anniversary of the establishment of the Group. Let us commemorate this important historical milestone by looking constructively at the problems and hardships faced and remarkable success achieved by the Group in the past decade and looking into the future together.

The year of 2011, which marked the first of China's Twelfth Five-Year Plan, has seen China's economy continue its growth momentum accompanied by rapidly growing energy demand driven by the country's accelerating urbanization and industrialization. To carry forward the sustainable development strategy, Chinese government is expected to continue the restructuring of the country's energy mix by promoting rational utilization of clean energy to support the harmonious development of society, environment and economy. Capturing this opportunity, the Group will further strengthen its operations and services, aiming to extend the potential for its stable growth and maximize the value for shareholders, customers, employees and society in the future.

For the fiscal year under review, the Group has encountered unprecedented difficulties and challenges from circumstances outside of its control. However, the sound management platform, prudent financial control, professional operational skills, serviceoriented approach and good corporate governance practices established by the Group during the last decade of corporate development has helped the Group not only to weather such difficulties and challenges but also to grow its gas distribution business as scheduled with improved financial results. Thanks to the unswerving efforts of 20,000 employees and the new executive team, the targets set for the year beginning were achieved with strong improvements in gas sales, gas connection to users, management on safe operations, customer service, fulfillment of corporate social responsibility and development of new business areas.

With 278 investee projects in more than 20 provinces, municipalities and autonomous regions across China, the Group is currently the largest cross-region urban gas distributor and operator with integrated distribution operations of piped natural gas and LPG in the PRC. The Group, with annual growth of over 1,000,000 households and new gas pipelines of more than 5,000 km, is one of the fastest growing companies in the PRC gas sector. With the increasing emphasis on China's national energy strategy towards environmentally-clean, low-carbon and low-energy-consumption demand, the Group has established China Gas Clean Energy Company Limited to spearhead the end market for CNG/LNG for vehicles and vessels. Developing integrated value-added business, in response to market demand, has been adopted as the Group's core strategy to transform itself from a mere gas distributor into a gas operator and service provider, through which the Group aims to derive long-term and sustainable growth.

Deepening of Corporate Governance and Control

Effective corporate governance is the cornerstone for risk control, return enhancement and sustainable development. The Group has placed, and will continue to do so, strong emphasis on effective governance through training and education in order to create and reinforce such awareness by all levels of the Group. During the fiscal year under review, policies and procedures already in place have been refined with a view to improving the risk management and internal control to ensure that risks of all types are identified, assessed and monitored promptly and that compliance with all relevant laws and regulations are adhered to by all business units. In addition, the Group's internal audit function has been reinforced to enhance its independence and professionalism in order to facilitate the development of the Group's risk management and compliance systems on an ongoing basis.

Prospects

The Group will enrich the content of value-added services and improve marketing effects with a view to gradually raising the weight of value-added services in total operating profit and providing diversified and integrated one-stop energy solution and customer services thus uplifting the profitability and comprehensive competitiveness of its operation and service networks.

In addition, the Group will continue to seek to improve returns from its investments through streamlining of its gas operations in terms of either on asset utilization or operational efficiencies.

Through the establishment of an Asian-based energy collaboration platform, the Group has not only gained a great deal of understanding and trust of its partners and stakeholders, but also built up a strong alliance through which business vision, culture, capital, resources and management skills are shared and complementary advantages created with mutual benefits. Furthermore, the Group will continue to establish and maintain long-term collaboration with banks at home and abroad to support its future business development plans. Systematic plans and arrangements have also been made for fulfillment of corporate social responsibility through which the Group will be able to meet the higher demand on business ethics, community involvement and environmental protection. Social benefits are attained through a range of activities including community work, caring for the elderly, blood donation and supports to the education cause. As an indebted corporate citizen, the Group will continue to contribute to the society and fulfill its responsibility in a practical and proactive manner, seeking to uplift the Group's public image, credibility and reputation in the future.

The decade since the Group's inception has evidenced its passion for excellence and aggressive innovations in alignment with the market standards and rules. The Group could not have achieved what it has today without the immense support from all its shareholders and investment public, guidance and directives from the Board and the dedicated efforts of its entire staff team. In the face of the historic opportunity availed from the ongoing restructuring of China's energy consumption sector, we are committed to advancement through transformation and innovations, striving to achieve our ambitious goal of the "Second Glory" which ultimately aims to bring optimal value for shareholders, customers, employees, our society and the corporate. With these, I like to conclude that, on behalf of the Board of China Gas, here are my sincere thanks to all our shareholders and the investment public for their support and understanding and to all the management team and the staff for their outstanding contribution in the past year, and my heartfelt gratitude to all of our members who have, amongst them, worked exceptionally diligently and "complaintlessly" during the last fiscal year and for their devotion to the fruitful decade of China Gas.

WONG Sin Yue, Cynthia

Chairperson

Hong Kong, 28 June 2012

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS



The Group is primarily engaged in the construction and operation of city gas pipelines, and transmission of natural gas and sale of liquefied petroleum gas ("LPG") to residential, industrial and commercial users in China. The Group owns 160 exclusive city gas concessions, the largest portfolio in China. The Group also invests in associated infrastructure such as gas terminals, storage and transportation facilities, gas logistics systems and vehicle refilling stations and engages in the development and application of technologies relating to petroleum, natural gas and LPG in China.

Business Review

For the year ended 31 March 2012, the revenue of the Group increased by 19.4% over the same period last year to HK\$18,933.6 million (for the year ended 31 March 2011: HK\$15,861.9 million). Gross profit amounted to HK\$3,605.7 million (for the year ended 31 March 2011: HK\$2,910.5 million), an increase of 23.9% over the same period last year. Overall gross profit margin was 19.0% (for the year ended 31 March 2011: 18.3%). Profit for the year increased by 46.2% over the same period last year to HK\$1,141.9 million (for the year ended 31 March 2011: HK\$781.3 million). Basic earnings per share amounted to HK21.76 cents (for the year ended 31 March 2011: HK16.31 cents), an increase of 33.4% over the same period last year.



New Projects

During the financial year, the Group secured 9 additional city piped gas projects, bringing the total to 157 city piped gas projects with exclusive concession rights as at 31 March 2012. In addition, the Group owned 9 long-distance natural gas pipeline projects, 133 compressed natural gas refilling stations for vehicles, 1 natural gas development project and 44 LPG distribution projects in 20 provinces, autonomous regions and municipalities in China. From 1 April 2012 to 27 June 2012, the Group secured three new city piped gas projects, two in Heilongjiang Province and one in Hubei Province, increasing the total number of its piped city gas projects to 160, the largest portfolio in China.

The new projects secured since 1 April 2011 are located as follows:

Location	Cities/Districts
Liaoning Province	Qingyuan
Heilongjiang Province	Huachuan, Tangyuan, Huanan
Anhui Province	Qimen, Susong Linjiang Industrial Zone
Hebei Province	Cangzhou High-tech Zone
Henan Province	4 projects secured by Zhongyu Gas
Hubei Province	Wugang Jiangnan

The connectable urban population covered by the Group's gas projects has increased to 62.5 million (approximately 19.2 million households) as of 31 March 2012.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

Gas Business Review

The Group's principal business segments are natural gas and LPG, the customer bases and market strategies of which are different from each other. The performance of each segment for the year ended 31 March 2012 is discussed below.

Natural Gas Business

Construction of Piped Gas Networks

The Group constructs urban arterial and branch pipeline networks and connects natural gas pipelines to residential, industrial and commercial users, to whom connection fees and gas usage fees are charged.

As at 31 March 2012, the Group operated piped gas supply in 117 cities, and had intermediate and arterial gas pipeline networks (excluding pipelines in the premises of our customers) of 33,505 km and 119 processing stations (city gate stations) constructed. Designed gas supply capacity of these processing stations reached 27.0 million cubic meters per day in aggregate.

Natural Gas Users

The customers for natural gas supplied by the Group are residential, industrial and commercial users and CNG refilling stations for vehicles.

Residential Customers

During the financial year, the Group completed natural gas connections for 1,104,640 domestic households (2011: 901,982 households), an increase of approximately 22.5% over the same period last year. The average piped gas connection fee for residential users during the financial year was RMB2,473.

As at 31 March 2012, the total connected residential users of the Group were 7,187,894 (2011: 6,078,806 households), an increase of approximately 18.2% year-on-year, representing 37.4% of the total connectable domestic households in the areas in which the Group operates.

Industrial and Commercial Customers

The Chinese Government has continued to encourage large energy consumers such as our industrial users to use clean energy such as natural gas to replace coal and oil in order to promote energy conservation and reduce emissions. The Group will continue to benefit from this trend as it enjoys increasing demand of natural gas from large industrial users.

During the financial year, the Group added 358 industrial users and 5,812 commercial and public welfare users. As at 31 March 2012, the Group had 1,629 industrial customers and 43,301 commercial customers, representing an increase of approximately 28.3% and 15.6% respectively as compared to the last financial year. The average connection fee for industrial users (calculated on the basis of the contracted daily gas volume) was RMB68 per cubic meter and the average connection fee paid by commercial customers was RMB62,553 per customer.

During the financial year, the Group's gas connection income grew by approximately 34.4% over the same period last year to HK\$2,803.7 million, representing approximately 14.8% of the Group's total revenue for the year.

Compressed Natural Gas (CNG)/Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) Refilling Stations

As at 31 March 2012, the Group owned 133 CNG refilling stations for vehicles, with a daily capacity in excess of 1.7 million cubic meters in aggregate, representing an increase of 26.7% and 14.0% respectively as compared with those in the same period last year. The sales volume of CNG for vehicles represented 9.2% of the Group's total sales volume of natural gas during the financial year.

The shortage of natural gas supply in China in recent years has slowed the development of CNG/LNG refilling stations for vehicles. As China continues to pursue energy-saving and emission reduction policies and as the supply of natural gas is expected to increase in the next five years, we believe natural gas will become an increasingly important fuel option for vehicles. To capture this increasing demand, the Group plans to continue to roll out new CNG/LNG gas refilling stations for vehicles across its network locations.

Sale of Natural Gas

The operating revenue of natural gas is generated from connection fees (a one off income for the Group) and sales of gas (based on volumes sold).

During the financial year, the Group sold a total of 5,563.4 million cubic meters of natural gas, an increase of 25.0% as compared to the same period last year, of which 705.5 million cubic meters was sold to residential users, 3,707.4 million cubic meters to industrial users, 640.1 million cubic meters to commercial and public welfare users and 510.4 million cubic meters to CNG vehicle drivers.

During the financial year, gas sold to industrial users accounted for approximately 66.6% of the total natural gas volume sold, commercial users approximately 11.5%, residential users approximately 12.7% and CNG vehicle drivers approximately 9.2%. With a large proportion of industrial and commercial users in its city concession, the Group is well-placed to continue the growth of its gas sales. In addition, the less stringent requirements in respect of gas tariffs for industrial and commercial users enable the Group to pass through the fluctuation in upstream prices more easily.

During the financial year, the Group's piped gas sales income grew by approximately 37.2% over the same period last year to HK\$7,662.5 million, representing approximately 40.5% of the Group's total revenue for the year.

The Group's average selling price (pre tax) of natural gas was RMB2.12 per cubic meter for residential users, RMB2.36 per cubic meter for industrial users, RMB2.46 per cubic meter for commercial users, and RMB2.65 per cubic meter for CNG vehicle drivers during the period.

The core business of the Group is piped natural gas supply. However, for some projects in areas such as Fushun, Liuzhou and Mudanjiang where piped natural gas is not yet accessible, piped coal gas or LPG blended with air is sold as a transitional fuel. A total of 206.5 million cubic meters piped coal gas and LPG blended with air were sold during the financial year. With upstream natural gas being introduced into such cities, the sale of transitional fuels by the Group is likely to scale down gradually.

China is in the process of constructing gas pipelines and LNG receiving terminals across the country to create a national gas pipeline network with connections to overseas resources. In the next five years, we expect the overall supply of natural gas to significantly increase. The Chinese Government is planning to raise the share of natural gas in primary energy consumption in China from the current 4.4% to 8.3% by 2015 (source: National Bureau of Energy), and natural gas supply in China is expected to reach 260 billion cubic meters by then (source: National Development and Reform Commission (NDRC)), which will help mitigate the short-term undersupply, and begin to satisfy the current and rising demand for natural gas in China. Capitalising on this opportunity, the Group will continue to reinforce its business relationship with upstream suppliers by securing supply contracts and accelerate the development of new markets.

The NDRC, the country's highest level price regulator, launched pilot reforms on natural gas pricing in Guangdong Province and Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region on 26 December 2011. They stated that "The ultimate goal of the reform is to loosen the grip of the exfactory prices and let the market take over. The Chinese Government just regulates the rates of natural gas pipeline transportation which has natural monopoly characteristics. The new pricing mechanism will be promoted nationwide based on the experience accumulated and the evaluation of various impacts". The Group believes that these reforms will lead to an increase in domestic natural gas price and thus stimulate increased supply, which will be to the benefit of the Group. The Group will continue to actively implement the cost pass-through pricing mechanism in order to ensure a fair return to its project companies.

Thanks to the West-East Gas Pipeline No. 2, cities in Guangdong Province and Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region where the Group's city piped gas projects are located are expected to have access to stable and cheaper supplies of piped gas by the end of the year or early next year. As such, the operation of the Group's city piped gas projects located in those cities is expected to be significantly improved.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

LPG Business

The Group currently has 8 LPG terminals and 44 LPG distribution projects (excluding the 22 LPG distribution projects owned by Panva Gas Holdings Limited ("Panva Gas")).

During the financial year, the Group sold a total of 894,000 tonnes of LPG (excluding LPG sold by Panva Gas), representing a decline of 9.2% year-on-year, of which 678,000 tonnes were wholesale volume, representing a decline of 17.4% year-on-year, and 216,000 tonnes were retail sales volume, representing an increase of 41.3% year-on-year. Total revenue amounted to approximately HK\$7,992.8 million, representing an increase of 20.1% year-on-year. Gross profit amounted to HK\$438.0 million (2011: HK\$320.8 million). Operating profit was HK\$80.7 million (2011: loss of HK\$22.4 million). Total contract sales accounted for more than 65% of the total sales, enabling the Group to mitigate, to a certain extent, the adverse effect brought by the volatility of international LPG prices and to be less influenced by the risk in the operation of LPG wholesales business.

Through business chain integration and management optimization in the past three years, a market-oriented, specialized and regional operating and management model has been established for the Group's LPG business. In its three years of operation, the Group has continued to develop a vertically integrated business chain for LPG, with the downstream end market as the core profit generator. Retail LPG is purchased from refineries in China and the Group passes on cost increases in the upstream to its end-retail customers. Therefore, the development of the Group's LPG retail business is critical to its competitiveness and profitability, in particular to manage the supply and inventory risk that the mid-stream and wholesale businesses face. The development strategy for the Group's LPG business in the near term future is to increase its retail sales network and integrate this business with its downstream and midstream operations. This process began with the acquisition of a 49% interest in Panva Gas in June 2011. Panva Gas is one of the largest downstream retailers of LPG in China. The Group intends to acquire the remaining 51% interest (subject to the antitrust approval by the Ministry of Commerce) in 2012. Upon completion, the acquisition will allow the Group to significantly enhance its market share in LPG retail market and to achieve economies of scale, with a view to improving the profitability of its LPG business. The Group's focus will remain on enhancing its downstream distribution capacity. Assets that are non-core to this plan will be considered for potential disposal or monetization, with a view to improving the overall profitability of the LPG business.

Sales of LPG in China during 2011 reached 24.2 million tonnes, representing a growth of 6.2% year-on-year, of which 14.0 million tonnes were sales to households, accounting for 57.9% of the total sales. Given the overall increase in the price of refined oil, natural gas, coal and other energy resources in China, the competitiveness of LPG has gradually improved. Continued urbanization and the improvement of living standards in rural areas of China will also drive the demand for LPG as clean energy in various small towns and rural-urban fringe zones. As China's largest integrated LPG supplier with upstream, midstream and downstream operations, we expect the Group to benefit from this demand as it increases its market share, completes the vertical integration and strengthens the cost-effectiveness of its LPG business.

Value-added Services for End Users

Developing value-added businesses is the Group's core strategy to transform itself to become a natural gas operator and service provider from a mere gas distributor, and this is needed by the industry/market and for the development of the Group. As at 31 March 2012, the Group provided piped gas service to more than 7,000,000 residential users and various professional services to more than 40,000 industrial and commercial users. In the coming five years, the Group expects to supply natural gas to more than 12,000,000 households, and LPG to more than 30,000,000 households, serving more than 150,000,000 people in total.

The Group has started to develop value-added services for this customer base to broaden its revenue streams and enhance the Group's profitability and overall competitiveness. In particular, in July 2011, the Group issued the *Circular on Carrying Out Value-added Businesses* to encourage its project companies to provide value-added services, such as maintenance services, gas equipment improvement services and sales and installation of gas appliances. In addition, during the financial year, the Group entered into strategic

cooperation framework agreements with insurance companies such as China Ping An Insurance, New China Insurance, Huatai Insurance and China Pacific Life Insurance in order to jointly develop gas insurance services.

The Group intends to continue to expand the scope of its valueadded services and improve its sales and marketing approaches with a view to gradually raising the proportion of its profit derived from value-added services, transforming itself from a gas distributor to a one-stop energy service provider and further enhancing the profitability and overall competitive edge of the Group's operation and service network.

Human Resources

Our employees are vital to the success of the Group and we adhere to the management concept of "people come first". With respect to personnel training and team construction, the Group follows the concept of "cultivating talents inside the Group while recruiting potential talents from outside the Group". During the financial year, the Group continued to upgrade the professionalism and competence of its staff at all levels through the establishment of a sound recruitment and internal training mechanism. The Group created a platform for knowledge exchange and sharing of experience among its staff, and also recruited and retained capable personnel by enhancing job satisfaction and providing attractive remuneration packages. During the financial year, the Group promulgated the Annual Salary System for Managements of Project Companies of China Gas Group (Trial), Remuneration and Welfare Management System for Basic and Middle Level Staff of Project Companies of China Gas Group (Trial), Remuneration and Welfare System of Shenzhen Headquarters of China Gas Group (Trial), Measures for the Exchange of Managers of China Gas Group and Rules for Promotion of Staff of China Gas Group as its guidelines, evaluation criteria and control mechanism, and a better remuneration/welfare determination framework and an improved team building system have since taken shape.

As at 31 March 2012, the Group had approximately 20,000 employees, a year-on-year increase of approximately 1.0%. More than 99.9% of the Group's employees are located in China. Remuneration is determined with reference to qualifications and experience of the

staff and according to the prevailing industry practice in the respective regions where it operates. Apart from the basic salaries and pension fund contribution, some employees may be given discretionary bonuses, merit payments and share options depending on the financial results of the Group and individual performance of these employees.

Corporate Management

It has been the Group's long-standing tradition to adhere to a "systemized, standardized, institutionalized" management philosophy with respect to enhancing the level of management and operation. Along with its growing scale, enlarging operational region and changing staff structure as well as a maturing gas industry, the Group keeps improving its management policies to remain a well-managed corporate enterprise. During the financial year, the Group put forward the vision of region-based coordination and management to better implement the principle of "shifting the operational focus to a lower level and moving the management platform to the front" and to further improve the Group's decision-making efficiency. In June 2011, the Group issued the Circular on Coordinating and Managing Operations of the Group's Project Companies Based on Region to set forth the requirements of region-based coordination and management. In February 2012, the Group issued the Circular on the Establishment of Regional Coordination and Management Center to further define the chief representatives and functional supervisors of the eight regions in which the Group operates. The Regional Coordination and Management Center of a region is now authorized to supervise, guide and serve the Group's project companies in that region and coordinate with the local Chinese Governments on matters such as gas supply and gas price, which were previously handled by the functional departments of the Group's headquarters. The Group's headquarters now focuses on management matters such as budgeting, operating standards, performance targets and future development strategies. The implementation of this regional management plan is an important change to the Group's management model. The Group needs it to achieve higher standards and efficiency for its overall management, and to lay a better foundation for its operations and control.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

In terms of production and operation, the Group actively refines its operating system, continues to invest in its information technology, and actively encourages innovation so as to increase the efficiency and standard of its operations. The Group is one of the leaders in the industry in terms of gas loss management, which is an important indicator gauging a gas company's overall management quality. This achievement has significantly reduced operating costs and enhanced the safety standard of its operations. No major safety related incidents happened during the financial year. In respect of the operation of its LPG business, the Group, through its experience, innovation and research, has successfully developed a LPG supply chain information system which was awarded with the honour as "The 2011 Most Influential Enterprise in China – IT Management". The Group was the only recipient of this award from the gas industry.

Corporate Governance Enhancement

We continually seek to improve corporate governance and internal controls. With this in mind and with the assistance of independent accounting and legal advisers during the period, the Group's internal organization structure was comprehensively evaluated with a view to ensuring effective support to its daily operations. During the period, key procedures of the operating activities were reviewed, and operation related policies and procedures, including rules and regulations of the Investment Committee and implementing regulations for construction subcontracting and tender and procurement, were amended.

The Group undertakes to incorporate effective and sustainable corporate governance and internal control measures into corporate development strategy and risk management system through selfreview and adoption of opinions provided by independent third parties to ensure that the Group continuously improves its corporate governance and internal control level.

Financial Review

Liquidity

The sovereign debt situation in Europe and its consequential impact on global growth have created a challenging global macro-economic environment for corporate borrowing and the costs and terms of fundraising. In face of the prevailing economic conditions, it is essential for any company to maintain sufficient liquidity. Coupled with an effective and well-established capital management system, the Group is able to maintain stable operations despite the difficult macro-economic and capital markets environment.

As at 31 March 2012, the total assets of the Group stood at HK\$31,874.4 million, an increase of approximately 3.2% as compared to 31 March 2011. Cash on hand was HK\$5,528.2 million (31 March 2011: HK\$6,729.0 million). The Group had a current ratio of approximately 0.77 (31 March 2011: 0.85). After deducting the import letter of credit and trust receipt loan related to the Company's LPG business which amounted to HK\$5,097.6 million in aggregate, the Group's current ratio was approximately 1.20. The net gearing ratio was 0.44 (31 March 2011: 0.48), as calculated on the basis of the net borrowings of HK\$4,744.4 million (total borrowings of HK\$15,370.2 million less the acceptance bills and trust receipts of HK\$5,097.6 million and bank balances and cash of HK\$5,528.2 million) and net assets of HK\$10,876.5 million as at 31 March 2012.

The Group has always adopted a prudent financial management policy. The majority of the cash available was deposited with credible banks as demand and time deposits.

Financial Resources

The Group has long-standing relationships with Chinese (including Hong Kong) and foreign banks. As one of the Group's principal banks, China Development Bank (CDB) provided the Group with a long term facility of RMB20 billion and an 8-year loan facility of US\$220 million, giving a solid financial backing to the Group's investments and stable operations. In addition, the Group entered into a long-term facility agreement with the Asian Development Bank (ADB) for a loan amount up to US\$200 million in total. Apart from the continuous financing provided by CDB and ADB, the Group received credit support from major commercial banks in China, including The Industrial and Commercial Bank of China, China Construction Bank, Postal Savings Bank of China, Bank of Communications, The Agricultural Bank of China and China Citic Bank. As at March 2012, there were over 20 banks which had extended syndicated loans and credit facilities to the Group and most syndicated loans have terms longer than five years with an average maturity of nine years. Bank loans are generally used as the working capital of the Group.

As at 31 March 2012, the Group's portfolio of bank loans and other loans was as follows:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Less than one year	8,963,385	7,253,314
After one year but not more than two years	911,073	503,059
After two years but not more than five years	2,737,790	3,500,997
After five years	2,757,914	3,716,271
	15,730,162	14,973,641
Add) Carrying amount of bank loans that are not		
repayable within one year from the end of		
the reporting period but within a repayment		
on demand clause	-	59,523
	15,730,162	15,033,164

Included in the portfolio of loans repayable in less than one year were acceptance bills and trust receipts related to the Company's LPG business amounted to HK\$5,097.6 million (2011: HK\$3,333.7 million)

The operating and capital expenditures of the Group are financed by operating cash income, subscription proceeds from strategic investors, bank loans, bonds, revolving credit facilities and development financial loans. The Group has sufficient funding to satisfy its future capital expenditures and working capital requirements.

Foreign Exchange and Interest Rate

No significant foreign exchange risk is expected as the Group's cash, borrowings, income and expenses are settled in Hong Kong dollars, RMB and US dollars.

Charge on Assets

As at 31 March 2012, the Group pledged certain properties, plants and equipment and prepaid lease payments with net carrying value of HK\$282.6 million (31 March 2011: HK\$307.9 million) and HK\$17.3 million (31 March 2011: HK\$42.4 million) respectively, investment properties with net carrying value of HK\$42.4 million (31 March 2011: HK\$42.0 million), trade receivables with net carrying value of HK\$31.1 million (31 March 2011: HK\$40.0 million) and pledged bank deposits of HK\$710.5 million (31 March 2011: HK\$1,647.4 million) and certain subsidiaries pledged their equity investments in other subsidiaries to banks to secure loan facilities.

Capital Commitments

The Group had capital commitments in respect of the acquisition of property, plant and equipment and construction materials contracted for but not provided in the financial statements as at 31 March 2012 amounting to HK\$173.2 million (31 March 2011: HK\$219.2 million) and HK\$42.3 million (31 March 2011: HK\$28.2 million) respectively, and such commitments would require the Group's present cash and external borrowings. The Group has undertaken to acquire shares in some Chinese enterprises and set up Sino-foreign joint ventures in China.

Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 March 2012, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities (31 March 2011: nil).

LEUNG Wing Cheong, Eric

Joint Managing Director

Hong Kong, 28 June 2012

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY REPORT





Giving Back to the Society with an Indebted Heart

The heightening of social responsibility of citizens, corporation and organisations has been an appeal from governments, enterprises, academia and the public across the globe. Strengthened corporate social responsibility, as required by corporate law, constitutes an integral part of harmonious society in this regard. We believe that only by combining our own core value, corporate responsibilities and the fulfilment of social responsibilities in an organic and reasonable way, and insisting on it spontaneously,

can the sustainable corporate development be achieved for contribution to the sustainable growth of the society. While seeking superior performance and growth, the Group earnestly fulfils its social responsibilities in various aspects through systematic arrangements and deployments. Hence, the Group is able to increasingly give back to the society for sustainable development and establish more stable and long term value for its shareholders, employees, customers and the society in the course of going towards its strategic goals.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY REPORT



Business Ethics

Establishing a Role Model of Integrity in the Industry

As an energy supplier engaged in the utilities sector, we highly value and endeavour to maintain high standard of business ethics in our operation consistently and persistently. The Group requires each employee to adhere to integrity and credibility in providing services to clients, colleagues, the Company and the public, seeking to build good personal and corporate reputation. We exert ourselves to provide efficient, safe and clean energy supply to our clients with a strong awareness of service in every business aspect. We treat our employees, shareholders, business partners, clients and suppliers with fairness and always welcome and value any opinions and feedback from them. We insist on observance of integrity in our interaction within the Company and with our business partners, suppliers and clients while keeping our confidential information and trade secrets in strict confidence. We remain in compliance with all prevailing laws, regulations and policies and maintain a high standard of code of conduct. We observe the laws and regulations of the countries and regions where our businesses are located and advocate for environmental protection, and strive to improve and enhance the life quality of the public through our services.

Employee Relations

Basing the People-oriented Relations Upon Respects

We have 20,000 employees in 20 provinces across the PRC that are our most precious resources and assets. The Group always upholds a people-oriented, equality-advocating and non-discriminating employment policy. We are committed to safeguarding the life, health and safety of our employees. We respect and protect our employees' legal rights, and ensure them a safe, secure and fulfilling working environment to develop their potential. The Group also conducts researches and reviews of the career planning and working environment for employees to ensure that their diversified needs in respect of working conditions, working style, cultural background, position requirement and personal life are satisfied. The systematic training programmes provide a platform for our employees to improve themselves. In the past year, the Group provided over 100 training programmes, together with variegated cultural and sports activities to improve employees' business capabilities as well as physical and mental health. The Group organised face-to-face review meetings, annual conferences, democratic appraisal system and seminars to allow employees a better understanding of corporate strategies and objectives. The outperforming teams and individuals were rewarded through means such as elite billboard which provided
employees with attractive promotion opportunities, and employees were encouraged to express their career aspirations during their annual performance review. Besides, the Group has promoted the application of human resources management system to facilitate the transparency, standardisation and efficiency of our human resources management activities. A series of implementation rules for the corporate law, the labour law and the labour contract law as well as the Management Method on Rotation of Executives of China Gas Group, the Management Rules on Promotion of Employees of China Gas Group and the Implementation Scheme for Excellent Leadership of Project Companies have been formulated and adopted as a part of the Company's fulfilment of social responsibility for its employees, which is also demonstrated by the efforts in improving corporate remuneration package system, contributions to social insurance schemes and provision of other welfares. Furthermore, we continued to extend the use of our intranet system to dispatch industry policies and news so as to enhance internal information circulation and disclosure. The e-learning system and monthly in-house magazine are also taken as effective channels for employees' communications. Holding a belief in organic integration of employee value and corporate value, the Group will continue to share the results of its development with its employees and establish harmonious employment relationship with them.

deterioration arising from energy demand in the economic growth. According to the comparison conducted by experts on pollution at the same energy consumption, the emission ratios of coal and natural gas in respect of ash, sulphur dioxide and nitrogen oxides are 148:1, 700:1 and 29:1 respectively, and thus the combustion of natural gas has a marginal side effect on environment. Therefore, natural gas will become a major option for China to improve environment, optimise energy mix and identify alternatives to coal. In this connection, the Group will continue to promote the use of clean energy in a practical manner and based on its principal business. Over the past financial year, the Group sold approximately 5.6 billion cubic meters of natural gas in aggregate, equivalent to approximately 9.10 million tonnes of raw coal in terms of calorific value with a corresponding reduction of carbon dioxide emission of approximately 5.77 million tonnes, which is equivalent to 530,000 hectares of willow planted. In respect of energy saving, we seek to reduce electricity consumption through maintaining an optimal indoor temperature in offices, thereby reducing the emission of carbon dioxide. Besides, we have replaced all incandescent light bulbs by compact fluorescent lights as this can help to reduce energy usage. In respect of waste management, we strive to minimise the generation of waste from

Environmental Protection

Exerting Our Utmost Efforts in a Practical Manner

To protect the natural environment in which human beings live is one of our crucial missions. As a cross-region clean energy supplier in the PRC, we have been vigorously promoting the penetration and application of natural gas and clean energy to mitigate environment

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY REPORT

daily operation and encourage our employees to reuse unwanted paper. In addition to a beach waste cleaning campaign, we have established special arrangements with recycled-paper producers for them to make use of our obsolete in-house magazines and packaging waste for conversion into recycled materials. Through the above measures, paper usage was reduced in the amount of approximately 25 tonnes. In the meantime, the Group imposes environmental criteria when screening suppliers of products and materials, requiring them to meet the environmental protection requirements stipulated by the state and the Group and minimise the negative impact of their products on the society and environment in the course of materials selection, production and design. We are also actively promoting paper-free delivery of information as well as holding video and audio conferences instead of physical meetings in order to reduce carbon-intensive travel. On environmental protection, the Group wishes to become an exemplary model for its staff and others to join their efforts to create a better home planet.

Health and Safety

Starting from Scratch with Precaution Rooted in Mind

We are committed to protecting the health of our people at the workplace and to this end, we organise regular medical examination annually, provide health and disease prevention consultancy and hold activities for caring female health to allow each employee to have proper knowledge and concern about personal health. Regular activities such as hiking competitions, table tennis, badminton and basketball games are organised from time to time to enhance the awareness for sports. The Group also has an online library in place with a view to improving the professionalism and enriching the leisure and cultural life of our employees. To ensure safe production is always the Group's primary commitment to all employees. Currently the Group maintains a vast operating system, including intermediate and main pipeline network with a total length of over 33,505 km, more than 119 processing stations, LNG gasification stations and cylinder tanks in total, 133 CNG refilling stations, nearly 25,000 pressure regulating stations (cabinets or boxes), 67 LPG

class III refilling stations and 112,000 units (sets) of equipment in operation. Accordingly, the Group has established an effective operation management system, strictly following the principle of "Safety First, Take Caution" in order to achieve "Zero Harm, Zero Pollution and Zero Accident". We have developed effective safety procedures, identified areas of responsibility and assigned these responsibilities to appropriate individuals in each business location to improve operational safety. In terms of engineering safety, we launched the group-wide construction management system to strictly implement the screening criteria for contractors of engineering construction. We have also established and improved the regulations and procedures for project bidding, construction and supervision, and have written and put in place manuals including the Guides to EHS Management System and the Emergency Response Plan. The "Safety Accountability of Top Leaders" campaign was launched, leading to continuous improvements in safety awareness and safety management performance across the Group. We encourage our employees to be aware of the safety rules, operating procedures as well as potential hazards on all sites in order to avoid unnecessary risks. We also encourage our employees to understand their responsibilities and statutory obligations, in particular to take reasonable care of themselves, people around them and those affected by their actions. We attach great importance to the communications and coordination with contractors. We are committed to providing a safe and healthy working environment for contractors and strengthening the safety measures and emergency relief networks. We also carry out emergency drills jointly with contractors on a regular basis. Through our supervision on contractors, the lives of their employees and properties are safeguarded. In terms of safety awareness in local communities, our operating units regularly educate natural gas users with the knowledge of the correct use of gas appliances and basic gas safety by holding talks, communicating through radio, television and newspapers, and distributing promotional materials. We also provide free gas appliances inspection and maintenance services to our customers and perform fire drills in collaboration with local fire departments. During the financial year, the Group had no safety accident of material accountability.

Connecting with the Communities

Giving Back to the Society with an Indebted Heart

Guided by our corporate spirit of integrity, innovation and collaboration, we devote ourselves in providing the best services to the society, maximising benefits for the business sector and return to our shareholders, and the building up of an extensive platform for our employees. Corporate wealth should be shared with the society, from which it originates. In active support of public welfare, the Group participates in various charity donations and places more emphasis on involvement of employees, requesting them to extend individual presence in social services with an indebted heart to contribute to the society through their actions. The Group actively participated in the charity event of "Hong Kong and Kowloon Walk for Millions" organized by the Community Chest of Hong Kong, and organised a team of volunteers from its headquarters in Hong Kong to provide regular elderly caring social services. We donated to the ecological construction in Fushun City in Liaoning Province, and provided various services and funding to undeveloped counties in Guangxi, Inner Mongolia and other western regions. We encouraged our employees to participate in blood donation during the 2011 Shenzhen Universiade period. We strive to help more people in need, making regular contributions to the society through a variety of forms. In view of its expanding business including direct clean energy services to an increasing customer base which currently exceeds 10 million residential users, the Group launched a number of public welfare activities dedicated to communities and families. These programmes include regular visits to customers in communities and participation in community activities by our project companies, our caring services for "unattended elderly people" and strengthened education on safety and environment protection in the communities. All these activities have fortified the ties between the Company and the local governments and the friendship with the citizens, enhancing the harmony in the localities. Moreover, the Group entered into collaborative education programmes with Wuhan Gas & Heat School and other professional institutions, providing the Group with qualified talents with professional skills as well as students with internship and

employment opportunities. In terms of its contribution to industrial development, the Group successfully convened the fifth directors' meeting of the LPG Commission of the City Gas Association of China and the 2011 Annual Research Review Meeting for China's LPG Industry, and hosted the Risk Management Summit Forum for Chinese Gas Enterprises and the Directors' Meeting of the City Gas Association of China. Furthermore, the Group was elected as a vice-chairman member of the City Gas Association of China, making its valuable contribution to the development of the industry.

Our Relationships with Suppliers and Customers

Promoting Cooperation for Win-win

As a trustworthy energy product provider, we are well aware that the quality and safety of the products from our suppliers are of utmost importance. In our selection of suppliers, apart from the prices, we also consider the trustworthiness, reliability. quality and after-sale services of particular suppliers that can meet the quality standards of the Group. We have established a professional procurement portal to improve information disclosure by requiring all our suppliers to declare the existence of any connected transactions, thus enabling over 300 suppliers across the country to publish information about their products and services and relevant terms on a fair and open basis. We treat our suppliers with trust, respect, fairness and honesty and share our management experience and technological standards in order to build up long-term cooperative relations with them. Customer satisfaction is highly important for the future development of a corporation as a provider of public utilities. As the sole gas provider in the region, we have never taken this status for granted or overlooked our customers' opinions. We conduct surveys on customer satisfaction and launch consumer-caring activities regularly in order to monitor as well as to upgrade our customer service standard. Customer feedbacks collected through such activities are handled in a timely and appropriate manner.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Company strives to attain and maintain high standards of corporate governance. It recognises that sound and effective corporate governance practices are essential for effective management, a healthy corporate culture, successful business growth and protection of the rights of shareholders and stakeholders, and thus enhancing shareholders' value.



The corporate governance principles of the Company emphasise a quality board of directors, effective internal controls, stringent disclosure practices and transparency and accountability. Besides, the Company is committed to continuously improving these practices and inculcating an ethical corporate culture.

Corporate Governance Code

The Company has applied the principles and complied with all code provisions and, where applicable, the recommended best practices of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices, which has been renamed as the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") with effect from 1 April 2012 as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities ("Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") throughout the financial year ended 31 March, 2012 other than the terms of the appointment of non-executive directors.

Board of Directors

The board of directors (the "Board") regards the protection and enhancement of long-term shareholders' value as its primary role. It is responsible for setting overall strategy for the Group, overseeing the businesses and affairs of the Group, the setting of management targets and monitoring the performance of the management.

Board Composition

As at the date of this Annual Report, the Board comprises twelve directors, of whom four are executive directors, eight are nonexecutive directors. Three of the eight non-executive directors are independent, including the Chairperson. With over half of the Board being non-executive, the Board is able to exercise independent judgment on corporate affairs and provide the management with a diverse and objective perspective on issues.

During the year ended 31 March 2012, Messrs. LI Xiaoyun, XU Ying and LIU Minghui ceased to be directors with effect from 26 April 2011. On 20 April 2011, Mr. Mark D GELINAS was nominated by Mr. Mulham AL-JARF, a non-executive director, as his alternate and on 2 September 2011, Mr. KIM Yong Joong was nominated by Mr. MOON Duk Kyu, a non-executive director, as his alternate.

Details of the directors are disclosed under the "Biographical Details of Directors" of this Annual Report and on our website (www.chinagasholdings.com.hk). Members of the Board have a complementary range of energy, financial, operational, legal and entrepreneurial experience that ensures a balance of viewpoints in the Board. There is no financial, business, family and other relevant relationship among members of the Board.

Each of the independent non-executive directors has provided an annual confirmation of his/her independence to the Company pursuant to the requirement of the Listing Rules. The Board considers all of the independent non-executive directors to be independent.

Chairperson and Joint Managing Directors

The roles and responsibilities of the Chairperson and Joint Managing Directors are clearly separated and the positions are held by three different members of the Board.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Chairperson of the Board is Ms. WONG Sin Yue, Cynthia, an independent non-executive director, assumes the roles of members of the audit committee and nomination committees and chairmanship in the remuneration committee. Ms. Wong, in her capacity as the non-executive chairperson, assumes responsibility of the Company's overall strategic planning and for ensuring the effectiveness of the Board and, with the support of executive directors and the Company Secretary, seeking to ensure that all directors are properly briefed on issues arising at board meetings and that they receive adequate and reliable information in a timely manner.

The Joint Managing Directors are Mr. LEUNG Wing Cheong, Eric and Mr. PANG Yingxue, both are executive directors. The Managing Directors have executive responsibilities for the operations and management including its natural gas and liquefied petroleum gas businesses. Mr. LEUNG is also the Chief Financial Officer of the Company whereas Mr. PANG is the Chief Executive of Shanghai Zhongyou Energy Holdings Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, in charge of the Group's LPG business.

Clear divisions of accountability and responsibility exist and operate effectively for these positions.

Operation of the Board

All directors are kept informed on a timely basis of major development of the Group's businesses. Directors meet with other senior management and staff of the Group occasionally, have access to advice from the Company Secretary and may take independent legal or other professional advice at the Company's expense as and when it is considered necessary for the proper discharge of their duties as directors. The Company provides insurance cover and indemnities for its directors and officers.

Regular board/committee meeting schedules for each year are made available to all directors/board committee members before the end of the preceding year. Unless circumstances require otherwise, notice of meetings will be given to all directors at lease 14 days before each regular meeting, and meeting agenda of board meetings or committee meetings is generally distributed at least seven business days before the meeting date. The relevant board papers are generally distributed in writing to the directors at least three days in advance of the meetings for review by the directors. Sensitive subject matters may be discussed at the meeting without written materials being distributed in advance or at the meeting. Minutes are taken for each meeting of the board and its committees and any significant concerns raised by any director are recorded in the minutes. Directors are given an opportunity to comment on draft board minutes and final version of board minutes is placed on record within a reasonable time after the board meeting.

If a substantial shareholder or a director has a conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the Board which the Board has determined to be material, the matter will be dealt with in accordance with applicable rules and regulations and, if appropriate, an independent board committee will be set up to deal with the matter. To provide a more manageable process and better control, certain power of the Board's has been delegated to committees. There are four primary committees at present namely Executive Committee, Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee; the Company Secretary is the secretary of all the committees. Other ad-hoc committees may be formed from time to time to look into specific areas as and when the need arises.

Directors' Responsibility of the Accounts

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the accounts of the Group and ensuring that the preparation of the accounts of the Group is in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The directors shall ensure the publication of the Group's accounts in a timely manner.

The statement of the Auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the accounts of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report of this Annual Report.

Directors' Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted the model code set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules (the "Mode Code"). A copy of the Model Code is sent to each director of the Company. A reminder is also sent to all directors one month before the date of the board meetings to approve the Group's half-yearly results and two months' notice for annual results reminding them that they cannot deal in the securities of the Company until such results have been published.

The Board confirmed that throughout the financial year ended 31 March, 2012, all directors of the Company have complied with the Model Code.

Directors' interests as at 31 March, 2012 in the Shares of the Company during the financial year are shown in the Directors' Report of this Annual Report.

Attendance Rates of Individual Directors at Board Meetings

The Board meets every quarter and additional meetings would be arranged if and when necessary. Fourteen meetings were held during the financial year ended 31 March, 2012 and the Board reviewed matters including business development of the Group, the Company's annual and interim financial statements and notifiable transactions of the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The attendance record of each member of the Board during the financial year ended 31 March 2012 is set out below:

	No. of meetings	
Name of directors	attended/held	Attendance rate (%)
Executive		
LEUNG Wing Cheong, Eric (Joint Managing Director)	13/14	92.9
PANG Yingxue (Joint Managing Director)	11/14	78.6
ZHU Weiwei	14/14	100
MA Jinlong	13/14	92.9
Non-Executive		
FENG Zhuozhi	14/14	100
P K JAIN	3/14	21.4
Jo YAMAGATA	14/14	100
Mulham AL-JARF	2/14	14.3
Mark D GELINAS (Alternate to Mr. AL-JARF) (Note 1)	12/14	85.71
MOON Duk Kyu	7/14	50
KIM Yong Joong (Alternate to Mr. MOON) (Note 2)	7/7	100
Independent Non-executive		
ZHAO Yuhua	14/14	100
MAO Erwan	14/14	100
WONG Sin Yue, Cynthia	14/14	100

Notes:

1. Appointed on 20 April 2011

2. Appointed on 2 September 2011

Operational Management of the Group

The Board delegates the operational management of the Group to the Joint Managing Directors and executive directors. The executive directors maintain day-to-day contact and meet regularly face-to-face or via telephone conferences with non-board senior management both in the head office and our operating units. The Group currently has over 278 operating units located in 20 provinces/autonomous regions/directly-administrated cities in China and each operating unit is headed by a general manager who is responsible for the day-to-day performance of the operating unit.

Directors and Officers' Liabilities Insurance

The Company maintains appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal action against the Company's directors and officers when they discharge their duties. The insurance coverage is reviewed on an annual basis.

Company Secretary

The Company Secretary is responsible to the Board for ensuring that Board procedures are followed and that the activities of the Board are carried out efficiently and effectively. The Company Secretary assists the Chairperson to prepare agendas and Board papers for meetings and disseminates such documents to the directors and Board committee members in a timely manner.

The Company Secretary is responsible for ensuring that the Board is fully apprised of all legislative, regulatory and corporate governance developments when making decision. The Company Secretary is also directly responsible for the Group's compliance with the continuing obligations of the Listing Rules and Codes on Takeovers and Mergers and Share Repurchases, including publication and dissemination of annual reports and financial statements and interim reports within the period laid down in the Listing Rules, timely dissemination of announcements and information relating to the Group to the market and ensuring that proper notification is made when there are any dealings of the director in the securities of the Group. The Company Secretary also advises the directors on their obligations for disclosure of interests in securities, connected transactions and price-sensitive information and ensures that the standards and disclosures required by the Listing Rules are observed and, where required, reflected in the annual and interim reports of the Company.

With respect to the secretarial function of the Group, the Company Secretary maintains formal minutes of the Board meetings and other Board committee meetings. Whilst the Company Secretary reports to the Board through the Chairperson and the Joint Managing Directors, all members of the Board have access to the advice and service of the Company Secretary.

Board Committees

The principal committees of the Board are the Executive Committee, the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Audit Committee. The terms of reference of all the committees have been approved by the Board and details of their respective responsibilities and the works performed during the financial year were described as follows:

Executive Committee

The Executive Committee provides overall strategic direction to the management; monitors the operations of all operating units and ensures that funding is adequate for the Group's investment projects.

As set out in the terms of reference, the duties and authorities of the Executive Committee mainly include:

- (i) to review the financial information of the Company;
- to discuss and make decisions on matters relating to the management and operations of the Company;
- (iii) to assess whether the proposed transaction to be entered into is a notifiable transaction in accordance to the Listing Rules and make recommendations to the Board thereof; and
- (iv) to review and discuss any other matters, as may from time to time be delegated by the Board.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Committee met as and when required to discuss the daily operations and affairs of the Group, it reviewed and approved major investments recommended by the management. Besides, a committee comprising any two of the executive directors has been set up to approve the issue and allotment of shares under the share option scheme of the Company when exercise of share options arose and conversion rights attached to the convertible bonds.

In order to further assist the Executive Committee, sub-committees are formed for the purpose of performing detailed due diligence reviews on proposed investment projects. Members of subcommittees include executive directors and senior management members in different key operational and functional areas and they report to the Joint Managing Directors regularly.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee consists of the three independent non-executive directors and one Managing Director. The Committee would seek support from external and internal services so as to ensure that overall packages of executive directors, other directors and senior management are competitive and appropriate for the requirement of the business of the Group.

The primary responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee are, inter alia, (i) to recommend to the Board on policy and structure for remuneration of all directors and senior management and to establish a formal and transparent procedure for developing policy on such remuneration; (ii) to determine specific remuneration packages of all executive directors and senior management; (iii) to make recommendations to the Board of the remuneration of non-executive directors; (iv) to ensure appropriate disclosure in relation to remuneration issues in accordance to the Listing Rules for inclusion in annual report, financial statements and other relevant documents; and (v) to approve all services agreements made between the Company and executive directors. Directors are abstained from discussing and voting in relation to their own remuneration packages.

Remuneration packages for executive directors (except the Chairperson) consist of (i) fixed part (basic salary and benefits) and/or (ii) performance related bonus and/or (iii) share-based payments such as shares options.

For non-executive directors' fee structure, their remuneration packages consist of director's fee of HK\$240,000 per annum and committee membership fee for whether he/she is the member(s) of the board committees. At present, the chairman of the board committee would receive HK\$120,000 per annum and members of the board committee would receive HK\$60,000 per annum. The non-executive directors received no other compensation from the Group except for the fees disclosed above nor do they participate in any bonus. Non-executive director's fee is determined with reference to his/her duties and responsibilities of the Company and the prevailing market conditions and payable quarterly.

			Performance related incentive/Share-		Contribution to retirement benefits			
Name of directors	Fees/Salaries		based payments		sch	eme	Total en	noluments
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
Executive								
LEUNG Wing Cheong, Eric	2,808	648	752	525	12	3	3,572	1,176
PANG Yingxue	480	80	1,463	40	-	-	1,943	120
ZHU Weiwei	480	480	609	2,454	12	12	1,101	2,946
MA Jinlong	300	300	646	1,794	-	-	946	2,094
Non-executive								
FENG Zhuozhi	815	240	457	1,345	-	-	1,272	1,585
P K JAIN	258	-	-	-	-	-	258	-
Jo YAMAGATA	240	240	457	1,345	-	-	697	1,585
Mulham AL-JARF	240	230	-	-	-	-	240	230
Mark D GELINAS								
(Alternate to Mr. AL-JARF) (Note 1)								
MOON Duk Kyu	240	230	-	-	-	-	240	230
KIM Yong Joong								
(Alternate to Mr. MOON) (Note 2)								
Independent non-executive								
ZHAO Yuhua	480	480	457	1,345	-	-	937	1,825
MAO Erwan	480	480	457	1,345	-	-	937	1,825
WONG Sin Yue, Cynthia	480	480	457	1,345	-	-	937	1,825

Total emoluments of the directors for the financial year ended 31 March 2012 are summarized below (All figures are in HK\$):

Notes:

1. Appointed on 20 April 2011

2. Appointed on 2 September 2011

The Committee believes that efforts of all staff and directors should be rewarded with appropriate remuneration packages since a motivated workforce is a key element of the Group's performance and it recognizes that executive directors bear the most responsibility for delivering corporate strategy that underpins long-term sustainable performance. As part of the remuneration package for all staff and directors, the Company also grants share option to staff and directors under the share option scheme of the Company to ensure that an appropriate balance of reward for responsibilities, motivation, retention and share participation.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Batch	Exercise Price (HK\$)	Exercise Period
1	0.80	1 September 2004 to 8 January 2014
2a	0.71	20 March 2005 to 5 October 2014
2b	0.71	22 November 2004 to 5 October 2014 (Note 1)
3	1.50	20 October 2010 to 19 October 2015
5	2.32	19 September 2008 to 22 August 2017
7a	2.10	3 August 2009 to 2 August 2019 (Note 2)
7b	2.10	3 August 2011 to 2 August 2014
8	2.60	17 September 2012 to 16 September 2014

Notes:

 The exercise of options will be subject to the condition that the consolidated net asset value of the Group which shall be certified by the auditors appointed by the Company as at the date of exercise of the options being not less than HK\$1 billion. 2. The exercise of options will be subject to the condition that profit after taxation of the Group as stated in the latest audited report of the Company shall not less than HK\$1.5 billion.

The interests of directors who have options to subscribe for ordinary shares of the Company, together with movements during the financial year are shown in the Directors' Report section of this Annual Report:

The Human Resources Department provides administrative support and implements the approved remuneration packages and other human resources related decisions approved by the Remuneration Committee. The Committee met four times during the financial year to review and approve the remuneration packages for the executive directors and the discretionary bonus to be paid to the senior management. The attendance record of each member of the Committee in respect of the Committee meetings is set out below:

Name of Members	No. of meetings attended/held	Attendance rate(%)
WONG Sin Yue, Cynthia (Chairperson)	4/4	100
ZHAO Yuhua	4/4	100
MAO Erwan	4/4	100
PANG Yingxue	3/3	100

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee consists of five members with the three independent non-executive directors and two executive directors.

As set out in its terms of reference, the primary responsibilities of the Nomination Committee are, *inter alia*, to (i) review the structure, size and composition of the Board and make recommendations to the Board with regard to any changes that are deemed necessary; (ii) identify and nominate candidates to fill Board vacancies for the Board's approval; and (iii) review and recommend to the Board those directors who are retired but eligible and presenting themselves for re-election at the annual general meeting ("AGM").

Pursuant to the existing Bye-laws of the Company, at each AGM, one-third of the directors shall retire from the office. The retired directors should be those who have been the longest in the

office since their last re-election or appointment. New director appointed by the Board during the year shall hold office until the next following AGM and shall then be eligible for re-election at that meeting. The newly appointed director shall not be taken into account in determining the number of directors who are to retire by rotation at that AGM. All retiring directors are eligible for re-election at each AGM of the Company.

At present, both non-executive directors and independent nonexecutive directors are not appointed for a fixed term and this deviates from code provisions of the Code. All directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at AGM following their appointments and subject to rotation at least once every three years in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2012, the following directors are retiring and they, except Mr. Mulham AL-JARF, being eligible, will offer themselves, for re-election at the forthcoming AGM:

Name of Directors	Year of last re-election
MA Jinlong	2009
MOON Duk Kyu	2010
MAO Erwan	2009
Mulham AL-JARF	2010

The Committee met twice during the financial year to review and recommend to the Board those directors who are presenting themselves for election at the last AGM. The attendance record of each member of the Committee in respect of the Committee meetings is set out below:

Name of Members	No. of meetings attended/held	Attendance rate (%)
MAO Erwan (Chairman)	2/2	100
ZHAO Yuhua	2/2	100
WONG Sin Yue, Cynthia	2/2	100
LEUNG Wing Cheong, Eric	1/1	100
MA Jinlong	1/1	100

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee consists of the three independent nonexecutive directors. All members of the committee have significant relevant financial expertise and are appropriately qualified to undertake their duties as committee members.

The main responsibility of the Audit Committee is to review, with the external auditors and the management, the Company's general policies and internal financial control procedures. It also reviews half-yearly and annual results announcements as well as the financial statements of the Group before they are submitted to the Board for approval. The Audit Committee also reviews and monitors external auditors' independence and effectiveness of audit process and recommends the appointment and reappointment of the external auditors.

The work performed by the Audit Committee in the past financial year included:

- review of the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2011, and recommendation thereof to the Board for approval;
- ii. recommendation to the Board to re-appoint Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as external auditors of the Company for the financial year 2012 pending shareholders approval at the 2011 AGM;

- iii. review of the Company's interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 September 2011, and recommendation thereof to the Board for approval;
- review of the report and the management letter submitted by the external auditors for the matters arising from their audit on the Group for the year ended 31 March 2011;
- review and approval of the appointment of external consultant to carry out risk assessment and to examine the Group's internal control system and evaluate the work conducted by the external consultant;
- vi. consider the annual and interim reports of the Group's internal audit and the internal audit plan;
- vii. review of the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting and financial reporting functions and related issues; and
- viii. approval of the annual audit fee.

The committee met five times during the financial year ended 31 March 2012 and the attendance record of each of member of the Committee is set out below:

Name of Members	No. of meetings attended/held	Attendance rate(%)
ZHAO Yuhua (Chairman)	5/5	100
MAO Erwan	5/5	100
WONG Sin Yue, Cynthia	5/5	100

The Audit Committee has also reviewed the amount of remuneration paid and payable in connection with the audit services provided by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu for the last financial year.

Audit Services	Amount HK\$
Final results for the year ended 31 March 2012 (to be agreed)	6,600,000
Final results for the year ended 31 March 2011	6,200,000

Internal Control and Risk Management

The Board is responsible for maintaining and reviewing the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control, corporate governance compliance and assessment and management of risk.

In meeting its responsibility, the Board seeks to increase risk awareness across the Group's business operations and has put in place policies and procedures, including parameters of delegated authority, which provide a framework for the identification and management of risks. It also reviews and monitors the effectiveness of the systems of internal control to ensure that the policies and procedures in place are adequate. Reporting and review activities include review by the executive directors and the approval of detailed operational and financial reports, budgets and plans provided by the management of the business operations, review by the Board of actual results against budget, review by the Audit Committee of the ongoing work of the Group's internal audit and risk management functions, as well as regular business reviews by executive directors and the executive management team of each core business division.

The Board reviews regularly the corporate governance structure and practices within the Group and monitors compliance fulfilment on an ongoing basis.

The policies and procedures are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement, errors, losses or frauds and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in operational systems and achievement of the Group's objectives.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Group places great emphasis on employees' ethical standards and integrity in all respects of its operations, a set of code of conduct has been established for employees to adhere to the standards set out in there.

It is the responsibility of each director and employee to avoid situations that may lead to or involve a conflict of interest. They should make full disclosure in case any of their dealings may have a conflict of interest with the activities of the Group.

There are fraud reporting guidelines governing the handling of suspected fraud incidents reported by external parties and employees.

Directors and employees who have access to and in control of the Group's information have the responsibility to provide adequate safeguard to prevent any abuse or misuse of that information. The Group strictly prohibits the use of inside information to secure personal advantage.

During the financial year, the Board has enhanced the internal control system and risk management process in the following ways:

- in-house internal audit function has been enhanced to independently monitor the effectiveness and efficiency of the Group's internal control system;
- engaging a professional consultancy firm to carry out detailed internal control review of high-risk areas, in particular the procurement policy and procedures;

- iii. implementing remedial action to rectify the gaps identified in control reviews;
- iv. conducting risk assessment to ensure key risks facing the Group are identified and appropriate risk management measures are in place;
- v. implementing an office automation system which enables authorised users to share information across the Group and enhance internal communication; and
- vi. providing up-to-date trainings to directors and employees on regulatory and corporate ethical issues.

Way forward

As a continuous process to improve the Group's system of internal control, several initiatives are currently under consideration:

- putting in place an enterprise risk management framework to identify, assess, mitigate and monitor key business, financial, operational and compliance risks so as to enable the Group handle uncertainties and associated risks and opportunities effectively;
- ii. conduct risk assessment at operating units such that major risks are identified and managed properly; and
- iii. develop a proactive and systematic approach to identifying and managing risks with a common framework across the Group to evaluate risk severity and likelihood of occurrence.

Investors Relations and Communication with Shareholders

The Company encourages two-way communication with institutional and retail investors, as well as financial and industry analysts. A range of communication channels has been established including annual general meetings, annual and interim reports, notices, letters, announcements and circulars, news and results release conferences, the Company's website www.chinagasholdings.com.hk and meetings with investors and analysts. All shareholders have the opportunity to put questions to the Board at annual general meetings and at other times by e-mailing investor@ chinagasholdings.com.hk or writing to the Company.

Shareholders may at any time notify the Company by mail or email of any change in their choice of language (English or Chinese or both) or means of receiving (printed copies or through the Company's website) corporate communications from the Company Secretary.

In the last financial year, the Investors Relations Department conducted about 250 meetings with analysts and investors including meetings in Hong Kong and Shenzhen offices, two analyst briefings, attending nine international investors conferences, five overseas road shows. All investors and public are welcome to give their comments and make their enquiries by email at investor@chinagasholdings.com.hk. The Company engaged Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited and Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited as the Company's principal and branch share registrars in handling shares registration and related matters for shareholders. Their contact details are set out in the Corporate Information Section of this Annual Report.

Pursuant to Section 74 of the Companies Act, shareholders holding not less than one-tenth of the paid-up share capital of the Company may requisition for the convening of a special general meeting. The requisition stating the objects of the meeting should be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the registered office of the Company.

On 30 March 2012, the Board adopted a shareholder communication policy which provided a framework to promote effective communication with shareholders.

The 2011 Annual General Meeting

Shareholders' meeting provides a principal forum for dialogue with shareholders. The Board encourages shareholders to attend and welcomes their participation. The Chairpersons of the Board and of the Committees and the Auditor are normally present to answer queries raised by shareholders. Notice of the AGM, annual report and related circular are sent to shareholders at least 20 clear business days (as defined in the Listing Rules) and more than 21 clear days (as required by the Company's Bye-laws) before the meeting.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The last AGM was held on 16 August 2011. The poll voting procedure was explained fully to shareholders during the meeting. Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, the Company's branch share registrar, was appointed as scrutineer to monitor and count the poll votes cast at the meeting. The resolutions proposed at that AGM were passed by shareholders at the meeting and the percentage of votes cast in favour of each of them is set out below:

- Receiving the report of the directors and the audited accounts for the year ended 31 March 2011 (99.99%);
- Declaration of a final dividend of HK2.2 cents per share (100%);
- Re-election of Mr. LEUNG Wing Cheong, Eric (97.8%), Mr. PANG Yingxue (92.12%), Mr. P K JAIN (93.38%), Mr. Zhu Weiwei (79.53%), Mr. ZHAO Yuhua (96.98%) and Mr. Jo YAMAGATA (96.36%) as directors, and to authorise the Board to fix the directors' remuneration (98.41%);
- Re-appointing the Auditor and authorising the Board to fix their remuneration (99.99%); and

 General mandates to Directors to issue additional Shares of the Company (57.78%) and to repurchase Shares of the Company (99.99%), and extension of the general mandate to issue Shares (78.43%).

The results of the voting by poll were posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

Share Capital and Shareholders Information

The Company provides a regular update on information relating to the Company's share capital and other movements in its securities to the Stock Exchange (in both Chinese and English) within five business days next following the end of each calendar month and the same can be found in the Company's website www.chinagasholdings.com.hk.

As at 31 March 2012, the issued share capital of the Company was 4,383,055,098 shares.

Details of shareholders by location as at 31 March 2012 are as follows:

Location of Shareholders (Note 1)	Number of shares held	Percentage of the issued share capital
Hong Kong	3,575,176,095	81.57
	(Note 2)	
China	210,311,943	4.80
India	210,000,000	4.79
Oman	237,567,060	5.42
Philippines	150,000,000	3.42
Total	4,383,055,098	100.00

Notes:

- The location of shareholders is prepared according to the addresses of shareholders registered in the register of members of the Company.
- 2. These shares include 3,547,574,475 shares registered in the name of HKSCC Nominees Limited which may hold these shares on behalf of its clients in or outside of Hong Kong.

Corporate Social Responsibility

The Group recognizes the importance of corporate social responsibility and has made considerable efforts to participate in different forms of community activities. Details of these activities are set out in our Corporate Social Responsibility Report of this Annual Report.

Continuous Improvement

The Company will continue to improve the corporate governance practices in view of the regulatory requirements and in line with the international development. The Company will take further steps that can embed risk assessment and internal control further into the Group's operations, and will deal with areas for improvement which come to the Board's attention from time to time.

On behalf of the Board

LI Man Kit

Company Secretary Hong Kong, 28 June 2012

BIOGRAPHIES OF BOARD MEMBERS

Ms. WONG Sin Yue, Cynthia, aged 60, is currently the Chairperson of the Company. She was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company in October 2003. Ms. WONG is the Deputy General Manager of China Merchants Holdings (International) Company Limited and is responsible for finance. Ms. WONG holds a MBA degree. She held various senior positions at reputable international investment banks including Societe Generale, Deutsche Morgan Grenfell, Samuel Montague and Bear Stearns Asia for over 15 years during which period she had advised more than 50 companies in Greater China and Asia in their equity, equity finance or equity-related activities.

Mr. LEUNG Wing Cheong, Eric, aged 51, is currently the Joint Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company. He is responsible for the general business operations and management of the Company as well as the financial, financing, international business development and investor relations activities of the Company. Mr. Leung joined the Company in early 2005 after a 13-year career in investment banking, during which he helped numerous companies in Greater China raise debt and equity capital, especially for energy and infrastructure projects. Investment banks he has served include Lehman Brothers, Barclays Capital and Prudential Securities. His last position before he joined the Company was Managing Director and Head of Corporate Finance of UFJ Securities. Mr. Leung is a lawyer by training, and is qualified to practice law in Hong Kong, England & Wales and Australia and he holds bachelor degrees from the University of Hong Kong and University of London, and a master degree from the Chinese University of Hong Kong.

Mr. PANG Yingxue, aged 57, is currently the Joint Managing Director of the Company and Chief Executive of Shanghai Zhongyou Energy Holdings Limited (上海中油能源控股有限公司), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. Mr. Pang joined the Group in 2002 and was responsible for the management and operation of natural gas business. From 2008 onwards, Mr. Pang was in charge of the Group's LPG business. He has substantial experiences in corporate management, engineering and financial management.

Mr. ZHU Weiwei, aged 39, is a Director of the Company since September 2002. Mr. ZHU received his Master degree in Finance from Zhong-nan University of Finance & Economic. Mr. ZHU has substantial experiences in financing and project management.

Mr. MA Jinlong, aged 45, is a Director of the Company since September 2002. Mr. MA received his Degree in Economics from Hebei University and EMBA from University of International Business and Economics. He has substantial experiences in financial management. Mr. MA is the President of Beijing Zhongran Xiangke Oil Gas Technology Company Limited.

Mr. FENG Zhuozhi, aged 56, is a non-executive director of the Company since May 2005. Mr. FENG graduated from 中國人民 解放軍炮兵指揮學院 (Artillery College of the People's Liberation Army), he was the assistant supervisor of Haixia Economy and Technology Cooperation Centre under Taiwan Affairs Office of the State Council of China and the General Manager of its subsidiary. At present he is the Routine Director of China Enterprises Investment Association.

Mr. P K JAIN, aged 57, possesses over 35 years of experience in corporate finance & accounts and internal audit, out of which around 32 years of experience is in Oil & Gas sectors. He obtained his MBA (Finance) from University of Hull, UK and is a Chartered Accountant in India. He joined GAIL (India) Limited in 1986. His last position in GAIL was an Executive Director of Internal Audit and was appointed as the Director (Finance) of GAIL in March 2011.

Mr. Jo YAMAGATA, aged 58, was appointed as a non-executive director of the Company in October 2006. He received a master degree in Management from Massachusetts Institute of Technology and is specialized in international management and finance and is currently a Director of Private Sector Operations Department of Asian Development Bank. Prior joining Asian Development Bank in 1994, Mr. YAMAGATA has been working in Toshiba Corporation, Tokyo, Japan for 15 years.

Mr. Mulham Basheer Abdullah AL-JARF, aged 42, was appointed as a non-executive director of the Company in April 2010 and was a graduate of International Business & Finance from Marymount University and a registered Barrister at the Bar of England & Wales. He is currently the Deputy Chief Executive Officer of OOC. He has substantial experience in the energy sector. Mr. AL-JARF was previously Head of Project & Structured Finance at OOC, Legal Counsel at OOC, Legal Officer at Oman Gas Company S.A.O.C., and Legal Researcher at the Ministry of Oil & Gas. Prior to that he was a Business Planning Officer and then Legal Researcher at GTO (now Omantel), and also worked at INTESLAT in Washington DC.

Mr. Mark D. GELINAS (alternate to Mr. AL-JARF), aged 44, graduated from the College of the Holy Cross with a bachelor degree in economics in 1989 and obtained a Juris Doctor degree from New England School of Law in 1993. He was admitted to the bar of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in 1994. Mr. GELINAS is currently the chief legal officer and head of legal department of Oman Oil Company S.A.O.C.. He is an energy lawyer with considerable experience in coordinating and leading cross-border teams of lawyers on large-scale transactions in the energy and energy related sectors. Prior to joining Oman Oil in 2004, Mr. Gelinas worked at Clifford Chance, an international law firm, for over seven years.

Mr. MOON Duk Kyu, aged 60, was appointed as a nonexecutive director of the Company in April 2010. He graduated from Korea University and is currently the Representative Director of SK E&S, a subsidiary of SK Group which is specializing in city gas distribution, power generation and energy-related business and services. Mr. MOON joined SK Group since 1975 and has substantial experiences in international financial management. **Mr. KIM Yong Joong (alternate to Mr. Moon)**, aged 50, graduated from Korea University, Korea with a bachelor degree in laws in 1984, he joined SK Group, Korea since 1987, is currently Vice President, China business Unit of SK E&S Co. Ltd.. Mr. KIM is also the chief executive officer of China Gas – SK Energy Holdings Co. Ltd., a joint venture of the Company with the SK Group.

Mr. ZHAO Yuhua, aged 45, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company in November 2002. Mr. ZHAO graduated from Institute of International Economy, Nankai University and holds a master degree in economics. He joined J&A Securities Company in 1993, engaging in corporate financing and advisory business.

Dr. MAO Erwan, aged 49, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company in January 2003. Dr. MAO graduated from Mathematics and System Sciences, Chinese Academy of Sciences and holds a Doctor Degree. He was the Chief Economist of Da Cheng Fund Management Co. Ltd. He is currently a deputy professor of School of International Business, Beijing Foreign Studies University, a committee member of China Institute of Finance, Financial Engineering, deputy director of Financial and Securities Institute of BFSU and deputy director of Financial Quantity Analysis & Computation Committee.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012.

Principal Activities

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The activities of its associates, jointly controlled entities and principal subsidiaries are set out in notes 21, 22 and 54, respectively, to the consolidated financial statements of the Financial Report 2012.

Results and Appropriations

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2012 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income of the Financial Report 2012.

The Board recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK3.92 cents per share for the year ended 31 March 2012 (HK2.2 cents for 31 March 2011) to the holders of ordinary shares of the Company whose names appear on the Registrar of Members of the Company on 22 August 2012 subject to shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The final dividend, if approved by the shareholders, is expected to be payable on or about 28 September 2012.

Financial Summary

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five financial years is set out in the Financial Report 2012.

Investment Properties and Property, Plant and Equipment

The Group revalued all of its investment properties at the year end date. The net increase in fair value of investment properties, which has been credited to statement of comprehensive income, amounting to HK\$41,491,000. Details of these and other movements during the year in investment properties and property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in notes 18 and 19 to the consolidated financial statements of the Financial Report 2012 respectively.

Major Properties

Details of the major properties of the Group at 31 March 2012 are set out in the Financial Report 2012.

Share Capital

Details of movements during the year in the share capital of the Company are set out in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements of the Financial Report 2012.

Distributable Reserves of the Company

The Company's reserve available for distribution to shareholders as at 31 March 2012 comprised the accumulated profits of HK\$380,308,000.

Directors

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive directors

- Mr. LI Xiaoyun (removed on 26 April 2011)
- Mr. XU Ying (removed on 26 April 2011)
- Mr. LIU Minghui (removed on 26 April 2011)
- Mr. LEUNG Wing Cheong, Eric
- Mr. PANG Yingxue
- Mr. Zhu Weiwei
- Mr. MA Jinlong

Non-executive directors

Mr. FENG Zhuozhi Mr. Jo YAMAGATA Mr. P K JAIN Mr. MOON Duk Kyu Mr. KIM Yong Joong (appointed as alternate to Mr. MOON on 2 September 2011) Mr. Mulham AL-JARF Mr. Mark D. GELINAS (appointed as alternate to Mr. AL-JARF on 20 April 2011)

Independent non-executive directors

Mr. ZHAO Yuhua Dr. MAO Erwan Ms. WONG Sin Yue, Cynthia

In accordance with the provisions of the Company's Bye-laws, save as Mr. Mulham AL-JARF, who shall retire by rotation and has indicated that he will not offer himself for re-election at the Annual General Meeting, Mr. MA Jinlong, Mr. FENG Zhuozhi, Mr. MOON Duk Kyu, and Dr. MAO Erwan shall retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the Annual General Meeting.

The term of office of each non-executive or independent nonexecutive director is the period up to his/her retirement by rotation in accordance with the above clause of the Company's Byelaws.

Directors' Service Contracts

No director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

Retirement Benefits Scheme

Details of the Group's retirement benefits scheme are set out in note 49 to the consolidated financial statements set out in the Financial Report 2012.

Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests in Shares

As at 31 March 2012, the interests and short positions of the directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) which (a) were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) were required, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies contained in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules"), were as follows:

DIRECTORS' REPORT

(a) Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each of the Company (the "Shares")

Name of directors	Nature of interest	Number or attributable number of Shares held	Approximate percentage or attributable percentage of shareholdings (%)
LEUNG Wing Cheong, Eric	Personal	2,622,000	0.06
PANG Yingxue	Personal	400,000	0.009
MA Jinlong	Personal	1,062,711	0.02
WONG Sin Yue, Cynthia	Personal	1,000,000	0.02

(b) Share Options

Name of Directors	Number of options	Nature of Interest	Number of underlying shares	Approximate percentage to issued share capital (%)
LEUNG Wing Cheong, Eric	11,000,000	Beneficial	11,000,000	0.25
ZHU Weiwei	8,000,000	Beneficial	8,000,000	0.18
MA Jinlong	4,000,000	Beneficial	4,000,000	0.09
FENG Zhuozhi	3,000,000	Beneficial	3,000,000	0.07
Jo YAMAGATA	3,000,000	Beneficial	3,000,000	0.07
ZHAO Yuhua	3,000,000	Beneficial	3,000,000	0.07
MAO Erwan	3,000,000	Beneficial	3,000,000	0.07
WONG Sin Yue, Cynthia	3,000,000	Beneficial	3,000,000	0.07

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2012 none of the directors nor the chief executives of the Company had or was deemed to have any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which (a) were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO

(including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies contained in the Listing Rules.

Share Options

Particulars of the Company's share option scheme and details of movements in the share options under the share option scheme

during the year are set out in note 50 to the consolidated financial statements of the Financial Report 2012 and summarized as below:

Name	Date of grant	Exercise period	Exercise Price (HK\$)	No. of options outstanding as at	I No. of options lapsed during the financial year ended 31 March 2012 3	the financial year ended	No. of options outstanding as at 1 March 2012
Directors	-						
LEUNG Wing	20 Oct 2005	20 Oct 2010 to 19 Oct 2015	1.5	6,000,000	_	_	6,000,000
Cheong, Eric	23 Aug 2007	19 Sept 2008 to 22 Aug 2017	2.32	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000
	17 Sep 2009	17 Sept 2012 to 16 Sept 2014	2.6	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000
PANG Yingxue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ZHU Weiwei	9 Jan 2004	1 Sept 2004 to 8 Jan 2014	0.8	4,000,000	-	-	4,000,000
	3 Aug 2009	3 Aug 2011 to 2 Aug 2014	2.1	4,000,000	-	-	4,000,000
MA Jinlong	3 Aug 2009	3 Aug 2011 to 2 Aug 2014	2.1	4,000,000	-	-	4,000,000
FENG Zhuozhi	3 Aug 2009	3 Aug 2011 to 2 Aug 2014	2.1	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000
Jo YAMAGATA	3 Aug 2009	3 Aug 2011 to 2 Aug 2014	2.1	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000
P K JAIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MOON Duk Kyu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mulham AL-JARF	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ZHAO Yuhua	3 Aug 2009	3 Aug 2011 to 2 Aug 2014	2.1	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000
MAO Erwan	3 Aug 2009	3 Aug 2011 to 2 Aug 2014	2.1	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000
WONG Sin Yue, Cynthia	3 Aug 2009	3 Aug 2011 to 2 Aug 2014	2.1	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000
LIU Minghui (Note 1)	9 Jan 2004	1 Sept 2004 to 8 Jan 2014	0.8	5,000,000	-	(5,000,000) (Note 1)	-
	6 Oct 2004	22 Nov 2004 to 5 Oct 2014	0.71	130,000,000	-	(130,000,000) (Note 1)	-
	3 Aug 2009	3 Aug 2009 to 2 Aug 2019	2.1	100,000,000	-	(100,000,000) (Note 1)	-
LI Xiaoyun (Note 2)	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
XU Ying (Note 2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total				273,000,000	-	(235,000,000)	38,000,000
Ex-Director	0. 100.000.4	1 Capt 0004 to 0, lon 0014	0.0			E 000 000	E 000 000
LIU Minghui (Note 1)		1 Sept 2004 to 8 Jan 2014	0.8	-	_	5,000,000 (Note 1)	5,000,000
	6 Oct 2004	22 Nov 2004 to 5 Oct 2014	0.71	-	-	130,000,000 (Note 1)	130,000,000
	3 Aug 2009	3 Aug 2009 to 2 Aug 2019	2.1	-	-	100,000,000 (Note 1)	100,000,000
Sub-total				-	-	235,000,000	235,000,000

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Name	Date of grant	Exercise period	Exercise Price (HK\$)	No. of options outstanding as at	No. of options	the financial year ended	No. of options outstanding as at 31 March 2012
Others	9 Jan 2004	1 Sept 2004 to 8 Jan 2014	0.8	2,910,000	-	-	2,910,000
	6 Oct 2004	20 Mar 2005 to 5 Oct 2014	0.71	34,000,000	(300,000)	-	33,700,000
	20 Oct 2005	20 Oct 2010 to 19 Oct 2015	1.5	124,000,000	(5,200,000)	-	118,800,000
	27 Jan 2006	27 Jan 2011 to 26 Jan 2016	1.52	6,500,000	-	-	6,500,000
	3 Aug 2009	3 Aug 2009 to 2 Aug 2019	2.1	100,000,000	-	-	100,000,000
	3 Aug 2009	3 Aug 2012 to 2 Aug 2014	2.1	53,394,000	(6,090,000)	-	47,304,000
	17 Sep 2009	14 Oct 2009 to 16 Sept 2014	2.6	1,500,000	(500,000)	-	1,000,000
	17 Sep 2009	17 Sept 2012 to 16 Sept 2014	2.6	3,000,000	(500,000)	-	2,500,000
Sub-total				325,304,000	(12,590,000)	-	312,714,000
Total				598,304,000	(12,590,000)	-	585,714,000

Notes:

- 1. Mr. Liu was removed as director of the Company at the shareholders' meeting on 26 April 2011.
- 2. Mr. Li and Mr. Xu sought to exercise all their respective options (except those which were granted at the exercise price of HK\$2.1) on 24 March 2011. The Company has taken the view that all the relevant options (including those which were granted at the exercise price of HK\$2.1) of Mr. Li and Mr. Xu have lapsed prior to their purported exercise of options on 24 March 2011 or that Mr. Li and Mr. Xu did no validly exercise their respective options. The entitlement of Mr. Li and Mr. Xu to exercise the options is currently being litigated in Court. Mr. Li and Mr. Xu were removed as directors of the Company at the shareholders' meeting on 26 April 2011.

Save as disclosed in the above, no options were granted, exercised or cancelled during the year ended 31 March 2012.

Interests of Substantial Shareholders and Other Person in Shares and Underlying Shares of the Company

According to the register kept under Section 336 of the SFO and information received by the Company, at 31 March 2012, the shareholders (other than directors or chief executive of the Company) who had interests in the shares and underlying shares of the Company were as follows:

Name	Capacity	Total number of Shares in which interested	Approximate percentage or attributable percentage of shareholdings (%)
LIU Minghui	Beneficial owner and interest of controlled corporation	808,102,000 (Notes 1 and 4)	18.43
Joint Coast Alliance Market Development Limited	Interest of controlled corporation	419,478,000 (Note 1)	9.57
China Gas Group Limited	Beneficial owner and person acting in concert	443,940,000 (Notes 2 and 4)	10.13
CHIU Tat Jung Daniel	Interest of controlled corporation	443,940,000 (Note 3)	10.13
Fortune Max Holdings Limited	Beneficial owner and person acting in concert	443,940,000 (Notes 3 and 4)	10.13
First Level Holdings Limited	Interest of controlled corporation	443,940,000 (Note 3)	10.13

Substantial Shareholders' Long Positions in Shares of the Company

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Name	Capacity	Total number of Shares in which interested	Approximate percentage or attributable percentage of shareholdings (%)
Fortune Oil PLC	Interest of controlled corporation	443,940,000 (Note 3)	10.13
CHEY Taewon	Interest of controlled corporation	441,069,000 (Notes 5 and 6)	10.06
SK C&C Co., Ltd	Interest of controlled corporation	441,069,000 (Notes 5 and 6)	10.06
SK Holdings Co., Ltd	Interest of controlled corporation	441,069,000 (Notes 5 and 6)	10.06
SK E&S Co., Ltd	Beneficial owner and interest of controlled corporation	441,069,000 (Notes 5 and 6)	10.06
Oman Oil Company S.A.O.C.	Beneficial owner	237,567,060	5.42

Notes:

- According to forms filed by Mr Liu Minghui ("Mr Liu") and Joint Coast Alliance Market Development Limited ("Joint Coast Alliance") under Part XV of the SFO ("Part XV forms") dated 9 March 2012, as at 5 March 2012:
 - a) Mr Liu was deemed to be interested in a total of 808,102,000 Shares, comprising:
 - i) 388,624,000 Shares beneficially owned by him (of which he was interested in 235,000,000 Shares by way of derivative interests); and
 - 419,478,000 Shares beneficially owned by China Gas Group Limited ("CGGL"). CGGL is owned as to 50.00% by Joint Coast Alliance which, in turn, is wholly owned by Mr Liu; and

b) Joint Coast Alliance was deemed to be interested in the 419,478,000 Shares beneficially owned by CGGL.

 According to a Part XV form filed by CGGL dated 28 February 2012, as at 23 February 2012, CGGL was deemed to be interested in a total of 443,940,000 Shares, comprising:

- a) 419,478,000 Shares beneficially owned by CGGL; and
- b) 24,462,000 Shares in which CGGL was interested by virtue of an agreement under section 317(1)(a) of the SFO with Fortune Max Holdings Limited ("Fortune Max"). (See Note 3 below for further details about Fortune Max.)

- According to Part XV forms filed by Mr Chiu Tat Jung Daniel ("Mr Chiu"), First Level Holdings Limited ("First Level"), Fortune Oil PLC and Fortune Max dated 28 February 2012, as at 23 February 2012, each of Mr Chiu, First Level, Fortune Oil PLC and Fortune Max was deemed to be interested in a total of 443,940,000 Shares, comprising:
 - a) 419,478,000 Shares beneficially owned by CGGL. As at that date, CGGL was wholly owned by Fortune Oil PRC Holdings Limited (subsequent filings indicated that Fortune Oil PRC Holdings Limited's interest in CGGL has since decreased to 50.00%). Fortune Oil PRC Holdings Limited is wholly owned by Fortune Oil PLC. Fortune Oil PLC is owned as to 36.51% by First Level which, in turn, is owned as to 99% by Mr Chiu; and
 - b) 24,462,000 Shares beneficially owned by Fortune Max. Fortune Max is wholly owned by Mr Chiu. In addition, the Part XV form filed by Fortune Max notes that Fortune Max was interested in the 419,478,000 Shares beneficially owned by CGGL by virtue of an agreement under section 317(1)(a) of the SFO.
- 4. Subsequent to the Part XV forms referred to in notes 1, 2 and 3 above, a number of forms have been filed collectively by Mr Liu, CGGL and Fortune Max under Rule 22 of the Code on Takeovers and Mergers ("Rule 22 forms"). According to a Rule 22 form dated 2 April 2012, as at 30 March 2012:
 - a) Mr Liu held 153,624,000 Shares and share options giving the right to subscribe for 235,000,000 Shares;
 - b) CGGL held 419,478,000 Shares;
 - c) Fortune Max held 52,334,000 Shares; and
 - Mr Liu, CGGL and Fortune Max had agreed to exercise certain rights in respect of their Shares in conjunction with one another.
- According to Part XV forms filed by Mr Chey Taewon ("Mr Chey"), SK C&C Co., Ltd ("SK C&C"), SK Holdings Co., Ltd ("SK Holdings") and SK E&S Co., Ltd ("SK E&S") dated 31 January 2012, each of Mr Chey, SK C&C, SK Holdings and SK E&S is deemed to be interested in a total of 441,069,000 Shares, comprising:

- a) 368,061,000 Shares beneficially owned by SK E&S. SK E&S is owned as to 94.13% by SK Holdings. SK Holdings is owned as to 36.92% by SK C&C, Ltd which, in turn, is owned as to 40.00% by Mr Chey; and
- b) 73,008,000 Shares held by Pusan City Gas Co., Ltd. Pusan City Gas Co., Ltd is owned as to 43.99% by SK E&S.
- Subsequent to the Part XV forms referred to in note 5 above, SK E&S filed a number of Rule 22 forms. According to a Rule 22 form dated 29 February 2012, as at 28 February 2012:
 - a) SK E&S held 475,111,000 Shares; and
 - b) to the best of the knowledge of SK E&S, SK Gas Co., Ltd ("SK Gas") separately held 196,919,000 Shares. SK Gas is a subsidiary of SK Chemicals Ltd ("SK Chemicals"), a company listed on the Korean Stock Exchange. As of 31 December 2011, SK Chemicals' largest single shareholder was Mr. Chey Changwon. Apart from Mr. Chey Taewon's 3.1% interest in the preferred non-voting shares of SK Chemicals (0.4% of the total issue share capital), neither Mr. Chey Taewon nor any companies controlled by him have any interest in SK Chemicals or SK Gas nor is there any agreement or understanding, formal or informal, between (i) Mr. Chey Taewon or SK E&S and (ii) SK Chemicals, SK Gas or Mr. Chey Changwon to cooperate to obtain or consolidate control of the Shares.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2012, there was no other person (other than directors or chief executive of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Directors' Interests in Contracts of Significance

Other than those set out in note 57 to the consolidated financial statements, no contract of significances, to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

Major Customers and Suppliers

The five largest customers of the Group accounted for less than 30% of the Group's revenue. The five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for less than 30% of the Group's total purchase.

At no time during the year did any director, any associate of a director, or any shareholder, which to the knowledge of the directors owned more than 5% of the Company's share capital, have any beneficial interests in the Group's five largest suppliers.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Listed Securities

During the year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

Emolument Policy

The emolument policy of the senior management of the Group is set up by the Remuneration Committee on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence. The emoluments of the directors of the Company are decided by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Company's results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as an incentive to directors and eligible employees, details of the scheme is set out in note 50 to the consolidated financial statements of the Financial Report 2012.

Pre-emptive Rights

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to the existing shareholders.

Appointment of Independent Nonexecutive Directors

The Company has received from each of the independent nonexecutive director, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive directors are independent.

Sufficiency of Public Float

The Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year ended 31 March 2012.

Post Balance Sheet Events

Details of the significant events occurring after the balance sheet date are set out in note 53 to the consolidated financial statements of the Financial Report 2012.

Auditors

A resolution will be submitted to the annual general meeting to re-appoint, Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as auditors of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

LEUNG Wing Cheong, Eric

Joint Managing Director

Hong Kong, 28 June 2012

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Executive Directors

LEUNG Wing Cheong, Eric (*Joint Managing Director*) PANG Yingxue (*Joint Managing Director*) ZHU Weiwei MA Jinlong

Non-Executive Directors

FENG Zhuozhi Jo YAMAGATA P K JAIN MOON Duk Kyu KIM Yong Joong *(alternate to MOON Duk Kyu)* Mulham AL-JARF Mark D. GELINAS *(alternate to Mulham AL-JARF)*

Independent Non-Executive Directors

ZHAO Yuhua MAO Erwan WONG Sin Yue Cynthia *(Chairperson)*

Company Secretary

LI Man Kit

Authorised Representatives

LI Man Kit LEUNG Wing Cheong, Eric

Auditors

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Certified Public Accountants

Principal Bankers

China Development Bank Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Agricultural Bank of China Bank of China Bank of Communications China Construction Bank Hang Seng Bank Dah Sing Bank

Head Office and Principal Place of Business in Hong Kong

16th Floor AXA Centre 151 Gloucester Road Wanchai Hong Kong

Registered Office

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited Rosebank Centre 11 Bermudiana Road Pembroke HM 08 Bermuda

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited 17 Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai Hong Kong

Stock Code

384

Website

www.chinagasholdings.com.hk

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告書



TO THE MEMBERS OF CHINA GAS HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Gas Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 3 to 162, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2012, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

致中國燃氣控股有限公司列位股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師行已完成審核第3至162頁所載中國燃氣 控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集 團」)之綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零 一二年三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表、截至該日 止年度之綜合全面收入報表、綜合權益變動表及綜 合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他附註 解釋。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港 財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露規定編製真實 而公平列報的綜合財務報表,並維護董事認為屬必 要的內部監控,以確保綜合財務報表的編製不存在 因欺詐或錯誤引起的重大錯誤陳述。

核數師責任

本行的責任是根據本行的審核對綜合財務報表作出 意見,並根據百慕達公司法第90條僅向作為法人團 體的股東報告,不可用作其他用途。本行概不會就 本報告書的內容對任何其他人士負責或承擔法律責 任。本行已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準 則進行審核。這些準則要求本行遵守道德規範,並 規劃及執行審核,以合理確定此等綜合財務報表是 否不存有任何重大錯誤陳述。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告書

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2012, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

審核涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報表所載金 額及披露資料的審核憑證。所選定的程序取決於 核數師的判斷,包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜 合財務報表存有重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該等 風險時,核數師考慮與該公司編製真實而公平列報 的綜合財務報表相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審 核程序,但並非為對公司的內部控制的效能發表意 見。審核亦包括評價董事所採用的會計政策的合適 性及所作出的會計估計的合理性,以及評價綜合財 務報表的整體列報方式。

本行認為,本行所獲審核憑證充足及已適當地為本 行的審核意見提供基礎。

意見

本行認為,综合財務報表均已根據香港財務報告準 則真實及公平地反映貴集團於二零一二年三月三十 一日之財務狀況及貴集團截至該日止年度之溢利和 現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例之披露規定妥善 編製。

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong June 28, 2012 **德勤●關黃陳方會計師行** 執業會計師 香港 二零一二年六月二十八日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 综合全面收入報表

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Cost of sales	收入 銷售成本	7	18,933,565 (15,327,831)	15,861,880 (12,951,408)
Gross profit Other income Other gains and losses Selling and distribution costs Administrative expenses Finance costs Share of results of associates	毛利 其他收入 其他收益及虧損 銷售及分銷成本 行政開支 財務費用 應佔聯營公司之業績	9 10 11 21	3,605,734 384,018 132,427 (733,202) (938,922) (916,045) 86,408	2,910,472 236,937 93,230 (600,495) (923,933) (635,029) 15,856
Profit before taxation Taxation	除税前溢利 税項	12	1,620,418 (478,502)	1,097,038 (315,716)
Profit for the year	年度溢利	13	1,141,916	781,322
Other comprehensive income (Decrease) increase in fair value on available-for-sale investments Exchange differences arising on translation	其他全面收入 可供出售投資公平值 (減少)增加 換算產生之匯兑差額		(6,854) 136,640	2,678 262,444
Other comprehensive income for the year	年度其他全面收入		129,786	265,122
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收入總額		1,271,702	1,046,444
Profit for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	年度溢利歸屬: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		953,926 187,990 1,141,916	625,896 155,426 781,322
Total comprehensive income attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	全面收入總額歸屬: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		1,058,328 213,374 1,271,702	821,928 224,516 1,046,444
Earnings per share Basic	每股盈利 基本	17	HK21.76 cents 港仙	HK16.31 cents 港仙
Diluted	攤薄		HK20.55 cents 港仙	HK14.60 cents 港仙
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

At March 31, 2012 於二零一二年三月三十一日

			2012	2011
		Notes	二零一二年 HK\$'000	二零一一年 HK\$'000
	13 2 2 2 2 2	附註	千港元	千港元
		113 6-2	17070	(restated)
				(重列)
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Investment properties	投資物業	18	450,600	408,135
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	19	14,423,598	13,799,669
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項	20	1,093,945	1,128,929
Investments in associates	於聯營公司之投資	21	2,286,243	1,009,505
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	23	76,658	85,884
Goodwill	商譽	24	1,038,591	1,535,326
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	26	1,281,448	1,444,208
Deposits for acquisition of	收購物業、廠房及			
property, plant and equipment	設備按金		202,919	600,040
Amount due from an associate	應收聯營公司款項	27	141,932	163,166
Deposit for acquisition of an	收購聯營公司之按金			
associate			-	133,627
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	40	94,065	91,466
			21,089,999	20,399,955
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	28	1,743,372	1,076,525
Amounts due from customers	應收客戶之合約工程			
for contract work	款項	29	173,519	166,884
Trade and other receivables	貿易應收賬款及其他 應收賬項	30	3,169,928	2,388,040
Amounts due from associates	應收聯營公司款項	27	124,792	92,115
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項	20	33,656	34,283
Held-for-trading investments	持作買賣投資	31	10,893	11,948
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	32	710,459	1,647,444
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	32	4,817,767	5,081,589
			10,784,386	10,498,828
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易應付賬款及其他 應付賬項	33	4,659,547	4,503,034
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	34	-	32,122
Amounts due to customers	應付客戶之合約			
for contract work	工程款項	29	244,667	285,728
Taxation	税項		189,339	149,592
Amounts due to associates	應付聯營公司款項	27	2,302	13,254
Amount due to a non-controlling	應付一間附屬公司			
interest of a subsidiary	非控股權益款項	35	5,165	5,042
Bank and other borrowings –	銀行及其他借貸—			
due within one year	於一年內到期	36	8,963,385	7,312,837
			14,064,405	12,301,609
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額		(3,280,019)	(1,802,781
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		17,809,980	18,597,174

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 综合財務狀況表

At March 31, 2012 於二零一二年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (重列)
Equity Share capital Reserves	權益 股本 儲備	37	43,831 9,775,854	43,831 8,720,845
Equity attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	歸屬本公司擁有人 之權益 非控股權益		9,819,685 1,056,777	8,764,676 1,575,102
Total equity	權益總額		10,876,462	10,339,778
Non-current liabilities Bank and other borrowings – due after one year	非流動負債 銀行及其他借貸— 於一年後到期	36	6,406,777	7,720,327
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	39	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	40	526,741	537,069
			6,933,518	8,257,396
			17,809,980	18,597,174

The consolidated financial statements on pages 3 to 162 were approved 第3頁至162頁之綜合財務報表已由董事會於二零 and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on June 28, 2012 and 一二年六月二十八日批准及授權發行並由下列董事 are signed on its behalf by:

代表簽署:

LEUNG Wing Cheong, Eric 梁永昌 Joint Managing Director 聯席董事總經理

PANG Ying Xue 龐英學 Joint Managing Director 聯席董事總經理

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

		歸屬本公司難			本公司擁有人]擁有人								
		Chara		Employee share-based	Translation		Properties	Creasial	Conital	Chakuka m	Accumulated		Non-	
		Share capital	Snare c premium	compensation reserve 僱員股份	reserve	revaluation reserve 投資	revaluation reserve 物業	Special reserve	Capital reserve	Statutory / funds	Accumulated profits	Total	controlling interests 非控股	Total
		股本 HK\$000 千港元	股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	報酬儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 38) (附註38)	重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 38) (附註38)	重估儲備 HK\$`000 千港元	特別儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note i) (附註i)	資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	法定基金 HK\$'000 千港元 (note ii) (附註ii)	累計溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元	權益 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At April 1, 2010	於二零一零年四月一日	33,610	1,980,014	89,184	277,665	7,958	1,601	1,602	-	218,127	1,513,261	4,123,022	1,107,215	5,230,237
Other comprehensive income for the year	年度其他全面收入	-	-	-	193,354	2,678	-	-	-	-	-	196,032	69,090	265,122
Profit for the year	年度溢利	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	625,896	625,896	155,426	781,322
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收入總額	-	-	-	193,354	2,678	-	-	-	-	625,896	821,928	224,516	1,046,444
Recognition of equity- settled share-based payments	確認按股本結付之股份 形式付款	-	_	37,500	-	_	_	-	_	-	_	37,500	-	37,500
Transfer to accumulated profits upon cancellation of share options	於註銷購股權時撥往 累計溢利	_	_	(39,113)	_	_	_	_	_	_	39,113	_	_	_
Exercise of share options	行使購股權	1,279	128,791	(8,464)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	121,606	-	121,606
Issue of new ordinary shares	發行新普通股	7,186	3,063,337	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,070,523	-	3,070,523
Acquisitions of subsidiaries Acquisitions of additional interest of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司 收購附屬公司額外權益 (附註41(B))	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	374,757	374,757
(note 41(B)) Transfer to accumulated profits upon disposal of a jointly controlled entity	於出售共同控制實體時 撥往累計溢利	-	_	-	(3,244)	-	_	-	(43,511)	-	- 3.244	(43,511)	14,353	(29,158)
Disposal of a subsidiary (note 43(ii))	出售附屬公司(附註43(ij))	-	_	_	(*)= · · ·)	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	(3,448)	(3,448
Shares issued as consideration for acquisition of a business (note 42(B)(iv))	發行股份作為收購業務 代價(附註42(B)(M))	1,756	692,929	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	694,685	_	694,685
Capital contribution from non-controlling interests of subsidiaries	附屬公司非控股權益出資	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	2,411	2,411
Commitment to acquire a non-controlling interest (note 41(A)(iv))	收購非控股權益之責任 (附註41(A)(iv))	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(38,095)	(38,095)
Dividends paid by subsidiaries to non-controlling interests	附屬公司派付非控股 權益之股息	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	(106,607)	(106,607)
Dividends paid	已付股息	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 70.075	(61,077)	(61,077)	-	(61,077)
Transfer	轉撥	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73,375	(73,375)	-	-	-
At March 31, 2011 (restated)	於二零一一年三月三十一日(重	詞) 43,831	5,865,071	79,107	467,775	10,636	1,601	1,602	(43,511)	291,502	2,047,062	8,764,676	1,575,102	10,339,778

Attributable to owners of the Company

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

		解展本公司擁有人												
		Share capital 股本 HK\$000 千港元		Employee hare-based ompensation reserve 僱員股份 報酬儲備 HK\$000 千港元	Translation reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 38) (附註38)	Investment revaluation reserve 投資 重估儲備 HK\$000 千港元 (rote 38) (附註38)	Properties revaluation reserve 物業 重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Special reserve 特別儲備 HK\$000 千港元 (note i) (附註)	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$000 千港元	Statutory J funds 法定基金 HK\$'000 千港元 (note i) (附註i)	Accumulated profits 累計溢利 HK\$000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$000 千港元	Non- controlling interests 非控股 權益 HK\$000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$000 千港元
At April 1, 2011 (restated)	於二零一一年四月一日(重列)	43,831	5,865,071	79,107	(H1#130) 467,775	(Histoo) 10,636	1,601	(P1 all)	(43,511)	(P1 #I) 291,502	2,047,062	8,764,676	1,575,102	10,339,778
Other comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year	年度道利	-	-	-	111,256	(6,854)	,	-	-	-	- 953,926	104,402 953,926	25,384 187,990	129,786 1,141,916
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收入總額	-	-	-	111,256	(6,854)	-	-	-	-	953,926	1,058,328	213,374	1,271,702
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payments Transfer to accumulated profits upon	確認按股本結付之股份 形式付款 於註銷購股權時撥住累計溢利	-	-	19,405	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,405	-	19,405
cancellation of share options Acquisition of a subsidiary (note 42(A))	收購附屬公司(附註42(A))	-	-	(4,425)	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,425	-	4,089	4,089
Acquisitions of additional interest of subsidiaries (note 41(A)) Disposal of a subsidiary (note 43(i)) Deemed disposal of a	收碼附屬公司額外權益 (附註41(A)) 出售附屬公司(附註43(i)) 視作出售附屬公司(附註44))	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73,671 -	-	-	73,671 -	(241,134) (606)	(167,463) (606)
subsidiary (note 44) Transfer to accumulated profits upon deemed disposal of a subsidiary		-	-	-	(24,518)	-	-	-	-	-	- 24,518	-	(413,159)	(413,159)
Capital contribution from non- controlling interests of subsidiary Dividends paid by subsidiaries	附屬公司非控股權益出資	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42,215	42,215
to non-controlling interests Dividends paid Transfer	 mmmachull19/1100/#mm 之限息 目付股息 轉撥 	-	-	- -	-	-	-	- -	- -	- - 76,574	- (96,395) (76,574)	- (96,395) -	(123,104) - -	(123,104) (96,395) –
At March 31, 2012	於二零一二年三月三十一日	43,831	5,865,071	94,087	554,513	3,782	1,601	1,602	30,160	368,076	2,856,962	9,819,685	1,056,777	10,876,462

Attributable to owners of the Company

Notes:

- (i) The special reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the acquired subsidiaries and the nominal value of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition at the time of the group reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's shares in 1995.
- (ii) In accordance with statutory requirements in the People's Republic of China, other than Hong Kong (the "PRC"), subsidiaries registered in the PRC are required to transfer a certain percentage of the annual net income from accumulated profits to the statutory funds, until the statutory funds is accumulated up to 50% of its registered capital. Under normal circumstances, the statutory funds is not allowed to be distributed to the subsidiary's shareholders as dividends. The statutory funds shall only be used for making good losses, capitalisation into paid-in capital and expansion of its productions and operations.

附註:

- (i) 本集團之特別儲備乃指本公司所收購附屬公司 之股份面值與本公司股份於一九九五年上市前 集團重組期間進行收購所發行股份面值之差 額。
- (ii) 根據中華人民共和國(「中國」,不包括香港)的 法定規定,於中國註冊的附屬公司須從累計溢 利將其年度淨收入若干百分比撥往法定基金, 直至法定基金達致其註冊資本50%為止。在一 般情況下,法定基金不得分派予該附屬公司股 東作為股息。法定基金僅可用作彌補虧損、資 本化至繳入資本及擴展生產及營運。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 综合現金流量表

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

		2012	2011
		二零一二年	二零一一年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'00C 千港元
	1777 444 246 747	17870	17670
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before taxation	經營業務 除税前溢利	1,620,418	1,097,038
Adjustments for:	經以下調整:	1,020,410	1,097,030
Allowance for trade receivables	貿易應收賬款撥備	2,290	7,383
Change in fair value of investment properties	投資物業之公平值變動	(41,491)	(47,057
Change in fair value of held-for-trading investments	持作買賣投資之公平值變動	1,055	3,520
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備之折舊		
plant and equipment	<u> </u>	556,969	598,992
Release of prepaid lease payments	發還預付租賃款項	33,945	43,771
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷 出售物業、廠房及設備虧損	46,264	48,974
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment and	山 告初集、 顺房 及 設 開 創 預 及 預 付 租 賃 款 項		
prepaid lease payments	山在四屋立司北关	6,196	12,603
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary Loss on deemed disposal	出售附屬公司收益 視作出售附屬公司之虧損	(2,035)	-
of a subsidiary		60,176	-
Gain on deemed disposals of an associate	視作出售聯營公司之收益	(2,370)	-
Loss on disposal of available-for-sale investments	出售可供出售投資之虧損	(_,)	0.040
Loss on dissolution of a jointly	解散共同控制實體之虧損	-	2,042
controlled entity		-	932
Gain on disposal of an associate	出售聯營公司收益	_	(750
Interest expense	利息開支	916,045	635,029
Share of results of associates	應佔聯營公司業績	(86,408)	(15,856
Share-based payments Interest income	以股份形式付款 利息收入	19,405 (78,884)	37,500 (58,604
Change in fair value of derivative	衍生金融工具之公平值變動	(70,004)	(00,002
financial instruments	的工业融工八定公主值交到	(32,122)	46,083
Gain on redemption of	贖回可換股債券收益	(0_,)	10,000
convertible bonds		-	(1,814
Operating cash flows before	營運資金變動前之經營		
movements in working capital	業務現金流	3,019,453	2,409,783
ncrease in inventories	存貨增加	(684,837)	(419,22
ncrease in amounts due from	應收客戶之合約工程款項增加		
customers for contract work	网日本地店去卫士业本地店在送去。	(21,568)	(42,772
ncrease in trade and other receivables	貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項增加 應收職際公司執項述(())	(888,345)	(263,058
Decrease (increase) in amounts	應收聯營公司款項減少(增加)	7 202	101 061
due from associates ncrease in trade and other payables	貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項增加	7,323 540,462	(24,860 747,792
(Decrease) increase in amounts	應付客戶之合約工程款項	540,402	141,132
due to customers for contract work	(減少)增加	(26,726)	17,530
ncrease (decrease) in amounts	應付附屬公司非控股權益款項	()	
due to non-controlling interests of subsidiaries	增加(減少)	3,965	(76)
ncrease (decrease) in amounts	應付共同控制實體股東款項	0,900	(70)
due to shareholders of jointly	增加(減少)		
controlled entities		49	(5,912
Cash from operations	經營業務產生現金	1,949,776	2,418,516
PRC Enterprise Income Tax paid	已付中國企業所得税	(437,811)	(338,438
NET CASH GENERATED FROM	經營業務所得現金淨額		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		1,511,965	2,080,078

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

附註千港元千港元千港元INVESTING ACTIVITIES投資活動Interest received已收利息Repayment from associates伊勝營公司灌款Advance to associates向聯營公司作出之墊款Copport, plant and equipment已付按金Placement of pledged bank deposits解除已抵押銀行存款安排Addition of property, plant and equipment已抵押銀行存款安排Addition of property, plant and equipment○Addition of property, plant and equipment○Addition of property, plant and equipment家置投資物業Addition of property, plant and equipment家置投資物業Addition of property, plant and equipment家置投資物業Copped lease payments家置預付租賃款項Addition of property, plant and equipment家置預行租賃款項Proceeds from disposal of property,出售物業、廠房及設備Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale出售物餐公司Life mod cash equivalents acquired及現合稽項目Acquisition of businesses, net ofU银集零循項目Lise spatial of a subsidiary出售附屬公司Disposal of a subsidiary出售料圖常公司Disposal of a subsidiary出售共同控制實體: 扣除Disposal of a subsidiary出售共同控制實體: 扣除Disposal of a cash and cash所得現金取及現金等值項目equivalents received45Addition of an associates出售其同控制實體: 扣除Proceed for a cash and cash所得現金市和Disposal of a subsidiary出售共同控制實體: 扣除Disposal of a subsidiary出售時層公司Disposal of a subsidiary出售共同控制實體: 扣除Disposal of a and cash所得現金取及現金等值項目Disposal of a associatesLife共的控制管制 <th>11 年 20 元</th>	11 年 20 元
Interest received已收利息78,88458,60Repayment from associates復勝營公司提款165,69979,07Advance to associates向勝營公司作出之墊款(31,380)(163,52Deposits paid for acquisition of收購物業、廠房及設備(119,128)(410,90Placement of pledged bank depositsEL抵押銀行存款安排(495,830)(2,896,65Release of pledged bank deposits解除已抵押銀行存款安排(495,830)(2,896,65Addition of investment properties添置投貨物業-(2,22Addition of property, plant and equipment添置預付租賃款項(1,705,221)(1,780,60Addition of property, plant and equipment添置可供出售投資-(3,74Addition of property, plant and equipment添置預付租賃款項-(3,74Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment and prepaid人預付租賃款項Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale出售可供出售投資所得款項7,74Disposal of associates出售啲營公司21-12,40Disposal of associates出售聯營公司432,439(2,06Disposal of a subsidiary出售附屬公司432,439(2,06Disposal of asubsidiary出售附屬公司44(253,781)-Disposal of jointy controlled entites, net of cash and cash所得現金及現金等值項目 所得現金及現金等值項目 在duivalents received45-(12Addition of investments in associates添置於聯營公司之投資45-(12Addition of investments in associates添置於聯營公司之投資(47,61	/6
Repayment from associates獲聯營公司還款165,69979,07Advance to associates內聯營公司作出之墊款(31,380)(163,52Deposits paid for acquisition of收購物業、廠房及設備(119,128)(410,92Placement of pledged bank deposits已抵押銀行存款安排(495,630)(2.896,66Release of pledged bank deposits解除已抵押銀行存款1,436,1651,806,57Addition of investment properties添置投資物業-(2.22Addition of property, plant and equipment添置預付租賃款項(17,05,221)(1,706,60Addition of valiable-for-sale investments添置可供出售投資-(3,74Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payment及預付租賃款項-(3,74Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale出售可供出售投資所得款項-7,74Disposal of associates出售可供出售股資所得款項-12,430Disposal of associates出售聯營公司42(71,124)172,06Disposal of a subsidiary現作出售附屬公司432,439(2,05Deemed disposal of a subsidiary現作出售附屬公司44(253,781)-Disposal of a subsidiary現作出售附屬公司44(253,781)-Disposal of a subsidiary現作出售附屬公司45-(12Deemed disposal of protenties, net of cash and cash equivalents received45-(12Addition of investments二-(12-Disposal of plototy controlled entites, net of cash and cash所得現金及現金等值項目-(12Addition of investments in associates添置於聯營公司之投資	74
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lease payment所得款項58,27221,12Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale investments出售可供出售投資所得款項-7,74Disposal of associates出售聯營公司21-12,43Acquisition of businesses, net of cash and cash equivalents acquired Disposal of a subsidiary及現金等值項目42(71,124)172,06Disposal of a subsidiary出售附屬公司432,439(2,08Deemed disposal of a subsidiary視作出售附屬公司44(253,781)Disposal of jointly controlled entities, net of cash and cash equivalents received45-(12Addition of investments in associates添置於聯營公司之投資(126,073)(47,61)	
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Disposal of a subsidiary 出售附屬公司 43 2,439 (2,08) Deemed disposal of a subsidiary 視作出售附屬公司 44 (253,781) Disposal of jointly controlled entities, 出售共同控制實體・扣除 net of cash and cash 所得現金及現金等值項目 equivalents received 45 - (12 Addition of investments in associates 添置於聯營公司之投資 (126,073) (47,61)	21
Deemed disposal of a subsidiary Disposal of jointly controlled entities, net of cash and cash equivalents received視作出售附屬公司 出售共同控制實體・扣除 所得現金及現金等值項目44(253,781)44 化45 (126,073)-(12Addition of investments in associates添置於聯營公司之投資(126,073)	
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Addition of investments in associates 添置於聯營公司之投資 (126,073) (47,61	
	'
Capital injection into an associate 向聯營公司注資 (47,619)	_
Repayment from non-controlling 獲附屬公司非控股權益還款	
interests of subsidiaries 69,844 193,72	27
Advance to non-controlling 向附屬公司非控股權益	
interests of subsidiaries 作出之墊款 (10,799) (61,61) Repayment from shareholders 獲共同控制實體股東還款	14)
Repayment from shareholders 獲共同控制實體股東還款 of jointly controlled entities 28,216 22,14	15
Advance to shareholders of 向共同控制實體股東作出	тО
jointly controlled entities 之塾款 (12,862) (146,54	44)
Settlement of obligation on capital 結清共同控制實體其他股東	
injection to a jointly controlled entity 向共同控制實體注資之責任	
by other shareholder of the jointly controlled entity (23,448)	
Dividend paid by an associate 聯營公司已付股息 11,606	_
Settlement of deferred consideration 結清去年收購附屬公司之	
in respect of prior year's acquisition 遞延代價	
of subsidiaries - (78,16	31)
NET CASH USED IN 投資活動所用現金淨額	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES (3,510,87)	79)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

	Alex Al	Note 附註	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interest paid Proceeds from issue of ordinary shares Dividends paid New bank and other borrowings raised Repayments of bank and other borrowings	融資活動 已付利息 發行普通股之所得款項 已付股息 新籌得銀行及其他借貸 償還銀行及其他借貸		(902,185) – (96,395) 11,552,715 (10,912,796)	(626,880) 3,192,129 (61,077) 7,496,644 (6,804,496)
Advance from shareholders of jointly controlled entities Repayment to shareholders of jointly	共同控制實體股東貸款 向共同控制實體股東還款		6,423	7,731
controlled entities Advance from non-controlling	附屬公司非控股權益貸款		(14,174)	(9,796)
interests of subsidiaries Repayment to non-controlling interests of subsidiaries	向附屬公司非控股權益還款		36,869 (87,595)	48,215 (386,303)
Repayment to associates Acquisition of additional interests in subsidiaries	向聯營公司還款 收購附屬公司額外權益	41	(11,008)	(11,212)
Capital contribution from non-controlling interests of subsidiaries	附屬公司非控股權益出資	41	(205,558) 42,215	(22,988) 2,411
Dividend paid by subsidiaries to non-controlling interests Redemption of convertible bonds	附屬公司派付非控股權益 之股息 贖回可換股債券		(123,104) –	(106,607) (143,828)
NET CASH (USED IN) GENERATED FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動(所用)所得 現金淨額		(714,593)	2,573,943
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值項目之 (減少)增加淨額		(326,998)	1,143,142
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	年初之現金及現金等值項目		5,081,589	3,872,316
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	匯率變動之影響		63,176	66,131
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	年終之現金及現金等值項目		4,817,767	5,081,589
ANALYSIS OF THE BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值項目 結餘分析 銀行結餘及現金		4 017 707	E 001 500
Bank balances and cash			4,817,767	5,081,589

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

1. General

The Company is incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The address of its registered office and principal place of business are disclosed in the section headed "Corporate Information" of the Group's annual report.

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 54.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries is Renminbi ("RMB"). As the Company is a listed entity in Hong Kong, the directors of the Company consider that it is appropriate to present the consolidated financial statements in HK\$.

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong 2. Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied the following new and revised Standards, Amendments and Interpretations ("new and revised HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA").

Amendments to HKFRSs	Improvements to HKFRSs issued in 2010
HKAS 24 (as revised in 2009)	Related party disclosures
Amendments to HK(IFRIC) – INT 14	Prepayments of a minimum funding requirement
HK(IFRIC) – INT 19	Extinguishing financial liabilities with equity instruments

The application of the new and revised HKFRSs in the current year has had no material effect on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

1. 一般資料

本公司於百慕達註冊成立為一間獲豁免有限 公司,其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)主板上市。本公司之註冊辦事處 及主要營業地點於本集團年報「公司資料」一 節內披露。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。本公司主要附 屬公司之業務載於附註54。

綜合財務報表乃以港元(「港元」)列示,而 本公司及其附屬公司之功能貨幣則為人民幣 (「人民幣」)。由於本公司為於香港上市之實 體,故本公司董事認為以港元呈列綜合財務 報表屬恰當。

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(「香港財務報告準則」)

於本年度,本集團已採納以下由香港會計師 公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之新訂及經修 訂準則、修訂及詮釋(「新訂及經修訂香港財 務報告準則」)。

香港財務報告準則(修訂)	對於二零一零年頒佈的香
	港財務報告準則之改進
香港會計準則第24號	關連人士披露
(於二零零九年修訂)	
香港國際財務報告詮釋	最低資金規定之預付款
委員會-詮釋第14號	
之修訂	
香港國際財務報告詮釋	以權益工具清償金融負債
委員會-詮釋第19號	

於本年度採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則對本集團本年度及過往年度之表現及狀況 及/或該等綜合財務報表披露之資料並無任 何重大影響。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong 2. **Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs")**

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised Standards, Amendments or Interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective.

 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告
準則(「香港財務報告準則)(續)

本集團並無提早採納以下已頒佈但未生效之 新訂及經修訂準則、修訂或詮釋:

Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual improvement to HKFRSs 2009-2011 cycle ¹	香港財務報告準則之修訂	於二零零九年至二零一一年 期間香港財務報告準則之 年度改進1
Amendments to HKFRS 7	Disclosures – Transfers of financial assets ²	香港財務報告準則第7號 之修訂	披露一轉讓金融資產2
Amendments to HKFRS 7	Disclosures – Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities ¹	香港財務報告準則第7號 之修訂	披露一抵銷金融資產與金融 負債 ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Mandatory effective date of HKFRS 9 and transition disclosures ³	香港財務報告之則第9號 及香港財務報告準則 第7號之修訂	香港財務報告準則第9號之 強制生效日期及過渡性 披露 ³
HKFRS 9	Financial instruments ³	香港財務報告準則第9號	金融工具3
HKFRS 10	Consolidated financial statements ¹	香港財務報告準則第10號	综合財務報表1
HKFRS 11	Joint arrangements ¹	香港財務報告準則第11號	共同安排1
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of interests in other entities ¹	香港財務報告準則第12號	於其他實體權益之披露1
HKFRS 13	Fair value measurement ¹	香港財務報告準則第13號	公平值計量1
Amendments to HKAS 1	Presentation of items of other comprehensive income ⁵	香港會計準則第1號之修訂	其他全面收入項目之呈列⁵
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred tax: Recovery of underlying assets ⁴	香港會計準則第12號 之修訂	遞延税項:收回相關資產4
HKAS 19 (Revised 2011)	Employee benefits ¹	香港會計準則第19號(於 二零一一年修訂)	僱員福利1
HKAS 27 (Revised 2011)	Separate financial statements ¹	香港會計準則第27號(於 二零一一年修訂)	獨立財務報表1
HKAS 28 (Revised 2011)	Investments in associates and joint ventures ¹	香港會計準則第28號(於 二零一一年修訂)	於聯營公司及合營企業 之投資 ¹
Amendments to HKAS 32	Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities ⁶	香港會計準則第32號 之修訂	抵銷金融資產及金融負債6
HK(IFRIC) – INT 20	Stripping costs in the production phase of a surface mine ¹	香港國際財務報告詮釋 委員會一詮釋第20號	露天礦場生產階段之剝採 成本 ¹
 ² Effective for annual periods ³ Effective for annual periods 	s beginning on or after January 1, 2013. s beginning on or after July 1, 2011. s beginning on or after January 1, 2015. s beginning on or after January 1, 2012.	2 由二零一一年七月一日 3 由二零一五年一月一日	日或之後開始之年度期間生效。 日或之後開始之年度期間生效。 日或之後開始之年度期間生效。 日或之後開始之年度期間生效。

- 日或之後開始之年度期間生效。 日或之後開始之年度期間生效。
- 4 由二零一二年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。
 - 5 由二零一二年七月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。
- 6 由二零一四年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2012.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014.

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For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs")

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 amended in 2010 includes the requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 are described as follows:

HKFRS 9 requires all recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 "Financial instruments: Recognition and measurement" to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent reporting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.

The most significant effect of HKFRS 9 regarding the classification and measurement of financial liabilities relates to the presentation of changes in the fair value of a financial liability (designated as at fair value through profit or loss) attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability. Specifically, under HKFRS 9, for financial liabilities that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss, the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Previously, under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as at fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.

準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號:金融工具

香港財務報告準則第9號(於二零零九年頒佈) 引進有關金融資產分類及計量之新要求。香 港財務報告準則第9號(於二零一零年修訂) 加入對金融負債分類及計量及終止確認之規 定。

香港財務報告準則第9號之主要規定載述如 下:

香港財務報告準則第9號規定屬香港會計準則 第39號「金融工具:確認及計量|範圍內之所 有已確認金融資產其後均須按攤銷成本或公 平值計量。特別是,目的為收取合約現金流 量之業務模式內所持有,及合約現金流量僅 用以支付本金及尚未償還本金利息之債務投 資,一般於其後會計期間結算日按攤銷成本 計量。所有其他債務投資及股本投資均於其 後報告期間結算日按公平值計量。此外,根 據香港財務報告準則第9號,實體可作出不可 撤回之選擇,以於其他全面收入呈報股本投 資(並非持作買賣者)公平值之其後變動,一 般只有股息收入會於損益確認。

涉及金融負債之分類及計量之香港財務報告 準則第9號之最大影響,乃與因金融負債(指 定為按公平值計入損益者)信貸風險變動而導 致該負債公平值變動之呈報有關。特別是根 據香港財務報告準則第9號,就指定透過損 益按公平值列賬之金融負債而言,除非於其 他全面收入中呈列負債的信貸風險改變的影 響,將會於損益中產生或擴大會計錯配,負 債的信貸風險改變而引致金融負債公平值金 額的變動乃於其他全面收入中呈列。金融負 債的信貸風險引致的公平值變動其後不會重 新分類至損益。先前根據香港會計準則第39 號,指定透過損益按公平值列賬之金融負債 的公平值變動,乃全數於損益中呈列。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 **Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs")**

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

The directors of the Company anticipate that the adoption of HKFRS 9 in the future will affect the classification and measurement in respect of the Group's available-for-sale investments and other financial assets but not on the Group's financial liabilities. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of that effect until a detailed review has been completed.

New and revised standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures

In June 2011, a package of five standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures was issued, including HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11, HKFRS 12, HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011) and HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011).

Key requirements of these five standards are described below.

HKFRS 10 replaces the parts of HKAS 27 "Consolidated and separate financial statements" that deal with consolidated financial statements and HK(SIC) - INT 12 "Consolidation - Special purpose entities". HKFRS 10 includes a new definition of control that contains three elements: (a) power over an investee, (b) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and (c) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns. Extensive guidance has been added in HKFRS 10 to deal with complex scenarios.

HKFRS 11 replaces HKAS 31 "Interests in joint ventures" and HK(SIC) -INT 13 "Jointly controlled entities - Non-monetary contributions by venturers". HKFRS 11 deals with how a joint arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control should be classified. Under HKFRS 11, joint arrangements are classified as joint operations or joint ventures, depending on the rights and obligations of the parties to the arrangements.

In contrast, under HKAS 31, there are three types of joint arrangements: jointly controlled entities, jointly controlled assets and jointly controlled operations.

準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號:金融工具

本公司董事預期日後採用香港財務報告準則 第9號將影響本集團可供出售投資及其他金 融資產(並不會影響本集團之金融負債)之分 類與計量。然而,在完成詳細檢討之前,無 法就該影響提供合理估計。

有關綜合賬目、合營安排、聯營公司 及披露之新訂及經修訂準則

於二零一一年六月,頒佈了有關綜合賬目、 合營安排、聯營公司及披露之五項準則組 合,包括香港財務報告準則第10號、香港財 務報告準則第11號、香港財務報告準則第12 號、香港會計準則第27號(於二零一一年修 訂)及香港會計準則第28號(於二零一一年修 訂)。

該五項準則之主要規定概述如下。

香港財務報告準則第10號取代香港會計準則 第27號「綜合及獨立財務報表」有關綜合財務 報表之部分內容及香港註釋常務委員會一詮 釋第12號「綜合一特殊目的實體」。香港財務 報告準則第10號包含控制權之新定義,當中 包括三項要素:(a)控制投資對象之權力;(b) 從參與投資對象營運所得可變回報之風險或 權利;及(c)對投資對象行使權力以影響投資 者回報金額之能力。香港財務報告準則第10 號已就複雜情況之處理方法提供廣泛指引。

香港財務報告準則第11號取代香港會計準則 第31號「於合營企業之權益」及香港註釋常務 委員會-詮釋第13號「共同控制實體-合營 方之非貨幣出資|。香港財務報告準則第11 號處理兩名或以上人士擁有共同控制權之合 營安排之分類方法。根據香港財務報告準則 第11號, 合營安排視乎安排所涉各方之權利 及責任分為合營業務或合營企業。

相反,根據香港會計準則第31號,合營安排 分為三種類型:共同控制實體、共同控制資 產及共同控制業務。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs")

New and revised standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures

In addition, joint ventures under HKFRS 11 are required to be accounted for using the equity method of accounting, whereas jointly controlled entities under HKAS 31 can be accounted for using the equity method of accounting or proportionate accounting.

The application of HKFRS11 will result in changes in the accounting of the Group's jointly controlled entities that are currently accounted for using proportionate consolidation. Under HKFRS 11, those jointly controlled entities will be classified as a joint operations or joint venture, depending on the rights and obligations of the parties to the joint arrangement. However, the directors have not yet performed a detailed analysis of the impact of the application of these standards and hence have not yet quantified the extent of the impact.

HKFRS 12 is a disclosure standard and is applicable to entities that have interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and/or unconsolidated structured entities. In general, the disclosure requirements in HKFRS 12 are more extensive than those in the current standards.

These five standards are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. Earlier application is permitted provided that all of these five standards are applied early at the same time.

The directors of the Company anticipate that these standards will be adopted in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning April 1, 2013. The application of these five standards may have significant impact on amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements. However, the directors have not yet performed a detailed analysis of the impact of the application of these standards and hence have not yet quantified the extent of the impact.

準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

有關綜合賬目、合營安排、聯營公司 及披露之新訂及經修訂準則(續)

此外,香港財務報告準則第11號所規定之合 營企業須採用權益會計法入賬,而香港會計 準則第31號所規定之共同控制實體則可使用 權益會計法或比例會計法入賬。

應用香港財務報告準則第11號將會導致本集 **團現時以比例綜合入賬方式計量之共同控制** 實體之會計處理有所變動。根據香港財務報 告準則第11號,該等共同控制實體將會被分 類為合營業務或合營企業,視乎各方於共同 安排項下之權利及責任而定。然而,董事仍 未對採納該等準則之影響進行詳細分析,因 此未能量化該影響之範圍。

香港財務報告準則第12號為披露準則,適用 於擁有附屬公司、合營安排、聯營公司及/ 或未綜合入賬之結構實體權益之實體。整體 而言,香港財務報告準則第12號之披露規定 較現行準則所規定者更全面。

該五項準則將於二零一三年一月一日或之後 開始之年度期間生效,並容許提早採納,惟 須同時提早應用全部五項準則。

本公司董事預期,該五項準則將於本集團二 零一三年四月一日開始之年度期間之綜合財 務報表中應用。應用該五項準則可能對綜合 財務報表所呈報之金額造成重大影響。然 而,董事仍未對應用該等準則之影響進行詳 細分析,因此未能量化該影響之範圍。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

Application of New and Revised Hong Kong 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 2. Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs")

HKFRS 13 Fair value measurement

HKFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements. The Standard defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. The scope of HKFRS 13 is broad and it applies to both financial instrument items and non-financial instrument items for which other HKFRSs require or permit fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements, except in specified circumstances. In general, the disclosure requirements in HKFRS 13 are more extensive than those in the current standards. For example, quantitative and qualitative disclosures based on the three-level fair value hierarchy currently required for financial instruments only under HKFRS 7 "Financial instruments: Disclosures" will be extended by HKFRS 13 to cover all assets and liabilities within its scope.

HKFRS 13 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, with earlier application permitted.

The directors of the Company anticipate that HKFRS 13 will be adopted in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning April 1, 2013 and that the application of the new standard may affect the amounts reported in the Group's consolidated financial statements and result in more extensive disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 1 Presentation of items of other comprehensive income

The amendments to HKAS 1 retain the option to present profit or loss and other comprehensive income in either a single statement or in two separate but consecutive statements. However, the amendments to HKAS 1 require additional disclosures to be made in the other comprehensive income section such that items of other comprehensive income are grouped into two categories: (a) items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and (b) items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met. Income tax on items of other comprehensive income is required to be allocated on the same basis.

The amendments to HKAS 1 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2012. The presentation of items of other comprehensive income will be modified accordingly when the amendments are applied in the future accounting periods.

準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

香港財務報告準則第13號公平值計量

香港財務報告準則第13號建立對公平值之計 量及披露之單一指引。該準則界定公平值, 建立計量公平值之框架及規定公平值計量之 披露。香港財務報告準則第13號之範圍廣 阔,應用於其他香港財務報告準則(除特別情 況下)需要或准許使用公平值計量及披露之金 融工具及非金融工具項目。一般而言,香港 財務報告準則第13號之披露要求比現行準則 之要求更為全面。舉例來説,現時僅規限香 港財務報告準則第7號「金融工具:披露」下 之金融工具之三級公平值等級之量化及定性 披露,將因香港財務報告準則第13號而擴大 至該準則範疇內之所有資產及負債。

香港財務報告準則第13號於二零一三年一月 一日或之後開始之年度期間生效,並容許提 早採用。

本公司董事預期香港財務報告準則第13號將 於本集團於二零一三年四月一日開始之年度 期間之綜合財務報表中應用,而應用該新準 則可能對本集團綜合財務報表所呈報之金額 造成影響,並導致於綜合財務報表中作出更 全面披露。

香港會計準則第1號其他全面收入項目 呈列之修訂

香港會計準則第1號之修訂保留可於一個單 一報表內或於兩個獨立而連續之報表內呈列 損益及其他全面收入之選擇權。然而,香港 會計準則第1號之修訂規定於其他全面收入 部分作出額外披露,將其他全面收入項目分 為兩類:(a)其後將不會重新分類至損益之項 目;及(b)日後在符合特定條件時可重新分類 至損益之項目。其他全面收入項目之所得税 須根據相同基礎分配。

香港會計準則第1號之修訂於二零一二年七 月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。當於未 來會計期間應用該修訂時,其他全面收入項 目之呈列將相應地變更。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs")

Amendments to HKAS 12 Deferred tax – Recovery of underlying assets

The amendments to HKAS 12 provide an exception to the general principles in HKAS 12 that the measurement of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities should reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the entity expects to recover the carrying amount of an asset. Specifically, under the amendments, investment properties that are measured using the fair value model in accordance with HKAS 40 "Investment property" are presumed to be recovered through sale for the purposes of measuring deferred taxes, unless the presumption is rebutted in certain circumstances.

The amendments to HKAS 12 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2012. The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the amendments to HKAS 12 in future accounting periods will have no material impact on the result and the financial position of the Group.

Other than as described above, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the other new or revised Standards, Amendments or Interpretations will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for investment properties and certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies set out below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

香港會計準則第12號搋延税項一收回 相關資產之修訂

香港會計準則第12號之修訂訂明香港會計準 則第12號一般原則之例外情況,遞延税項資 產及遞延税項負債之計量應反映該實體預計 收回資產賬面值之方式而引致之税務後果。 具體而言,在該修訂下,根據香港會計準則 第40號「投資物業」以公平值模式計量之投資 物業,除非在某情況下被駁回,否則在計算

香港會計準則第12號之修訂於二零一二年一 月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。本公司 董事預期,於日後會計期間應用香港會計準 則第12號之修訂將不會對本集團之業績及財 務狀況產生重大影響。

除上文所述者外,本公司董事預期,應用其 他新訂或經修訂之準則、修訂或詮釋將不會 對綜合財務報表造成任何重大影響。

3. 重大會計政策

综合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈之 香港財務報告準則編製。此外,綜合財務報 表亦載入香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市 規則及香港公司條例所規定的適用披露資 料。

除投資物業及若干金融工具按公平值計量(見 下文會計政策的解釋)外,綜合財務報表乃按 歷史成本基準編製。歷史成本一般根據換取 貨物所付代價之公平值。

主要會計政策載列如下。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition and up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein.

Allocation of total comprehensive income to noncontrolling interests

Total comprehensive income and expense of a subsidiary is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance (effective from April 1, 2010 onwards).

3. 重大會計政策(續)

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及受本公司控制實 體(其附屬公司)之財務報表。當本公司有權 規管實體之財務及經營政策以從其業務獲取 利益時,則屬擁有控制權。

年內收購或出售之附屬公司之業績由收購生 效日期起及於截至出售生效日期止(如適用) 計入綜合全面收入報表。

如有需要,本集團會對附屬公司之財務報表 作出調整,使其會計政策與本集團其他成員 公司所採用者保持一致。

所有本集團內公司間之交易、結餘、收入及 開支已於綜合賬目時對銷。

於附屬公司之非控股權益與本集團於當中權 益分開呈列。

分配全面收入總額予非控股權益

附屬公司的全面收入及開支總額會分配予本 公司擁有人及非控股權益,即使此舉將導致 非控股權益金額為負數(自二零一零年四月一 日起生效)。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries on or after April 1, 2010

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted (the carrying amount of the net assets attributable to non-controlling interests) and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it (i) derecognises the assets (including any goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary at their carrying amounts at the date when control is lost, (ii) derecognises the carrying amount of any non-controlling interests in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost (including any components of other comprehensive income attributable to them), and (iii) recognises the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest, with any resulting difference being recognise as a gain or loss in profit or loss attributable to the Group. When assets of the subsidiary are carried at revalued amounts or fair values and the related cumulative gain or loss has been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to accumulated profits as specified by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a jointly controlled entity.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

綜合基準(續)

本集團於現有附屬公司的擁有權權益 變動

本集團於二零一零年四月一日或之後 於現有附屬公司的擁有權權益變動

本集團於附屬公司擁有權的變動並無導致本 集團對附屬公司失去控制權,會作為權益交 易入賬。本集團的權益及非控股權益的賬面 值經調整以反映彼等於附屬公司的有關權益 變動。非控股權益的經調整金額(歸屬於非控 股權益的淨資產的賬面值)與已付或已收代價 的公平值間任何差額直接於權益中確認並歸 屬於本公司的擁有人。

當本集團失去附屬公司控制權時,即(i)於失 去控制權當日按其賬面值終止確認該附屬公 司之資產(包括任何商譽)及負債;(ii)於失去 控制權當日終止確認前附屬公司任何非控股 權益之賬面值(包括歸屬於彼等的其他全面收 入任何組成部份),及())終止確認已收代價的 公平值及任何保留權益公平值的總額,產生 的差額按收益或虧損計入本集團損益。倘附 屬公司的資產按重估金額或公平值計量,且 相關累計損益已於其他全面收益表確認並於 權益累計,則之前於其他全面收益表確認並 於權益累計的金額猶如本公司已直接出售有 關資產(即按適用的香港財務報告準則重新分 類至損益或直接轉撥至累計溢利)入賬。根據 香港會計準則第39號「金融工具:確認及計 量」,於失去控制權當日在前附屬公司保留的 任何投資公平值視為初步確認公平值或(如適 用)聯營公司或共同控制實體投資的初步確認 成本,以供日後入賬處理。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries (Continued)

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries prior to April 1, 2010

Increases in interests in existing subsidiaries were treated in the same manner as the acquisition of subsidiaries, with goodwill or a bargain purchase gain being recognised where appropriate. For decreases in interests in subsidiaries, regardless of whether the disposals would result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries, the difference between the consideration received and the adjustment to the noncontrolling interests (the carrying amount of the net assets attributable to non-controlling interest) was recognised in profit or loss.

Business combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 "Income taxes" and HKAS 19 "Employee benefits" respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into a replace sharebased payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 "Share-based payment" at the acquisition date (see accounting policy below); and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 "Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations" are measured in accordance with that Standard.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

綜合基準(續)

本集團於現有附屬公司的擁有權權益 變動(續)

本集團於二零一零年四月一日之前於 現有附屬公司的擁有權權益變動

現有附屬公司權益的增加按與收購附屬公司 相同的方式處理,於適用時確認商譽或議價 購買收益。就附屬公司權益的減少而言,不 論出售是否會導致本集團失去對附屬公司的 控制權,已收代價與非控股權益調整(歸屬於 非控股權益的淨資產的賬面值)之間的差額於 損益確認。

業務合併

收購業務採用收購法入賬。業務合併的收購 代價按公平值計量,而計算方法為本集團所 轉讓的資產、本集團向被收購方前股東產生 的負債及本集團於交換被收購方控制權發行 的股權總額。有關收購的費用通常於產生時 確認於損益中。

於收購日期,所收購的可識別資產及所承擔 的負債乃於收購日期按公平值確認,惟以下 情況除外:

- 遞延税項資產或負債及僱員福利安排 所產生的負債或資產分別按香港會計 準則第12號「所得税」及香港會計準則 第19號「僱員福利」確認及計量;
- 與被收購方以股份支付的交易有關或以本集團以股份支付的交易取代被收購方以股份支付的交易有關的負債或權益工具,乃於收購日期(見下文會計政策)按香港財務報告準則第2號「以股份支付的付款」計量;及
- 根據香港財務報告準則第5號「持作出 售的非流動資產及已終止經營業務」分 類為持作出售的資產(或出售組別)根 據該準則計量。

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3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Business combinations (Continued)

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at their fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another Standard.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incompleted by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised as of that date.

3. 重大會計政策(續) 業務合併(續)

商譽是以所轉撥的代價、非控股權益於被收 購方中所佔金額及本集團以往持有的被收購 方股權的公平值(如有)的總和,減所收購的 可識別資產及所承擔的負債於收購日期的淨 值後,所超出的差額計值。倘經過重新評估 後,所收購的可識別資產淨值與所承擔負債 於收購日期的淨額高於轉撥的代價,非控股 權益於被收購方中所佔金額以及本集團以往 持有的被收購方股權的公平值(如有)的總 和,則差額即時於損益內確認為議價收購收 益。

屬現時擁有的權益且於清盤時讓持有人有權 按比例分佔實體淨資產的非控股權益,可初 步按公平值或非控股權益應佔被收購方可識 別資產淨值的已確認金額比例計量。計量基 準視乎每項交易而作出選擇。其他種類的非 控股權益乃按其公平值或(倘適用)按其他準 則規定的基準計量。

倘業務合併的初步會計處理於合併發生的報告期間結算日尚未完成,則本集團報告未完成會計處理的項目暫定數額。該等暫定數額 會於計量期間(見上文)予以調整,或確認額 外資產或負債,以反映於收購日期已存在而 據所知可能影響該日已確認款額的事實與情況所取得的新資訊。

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3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of a business or a jointly controlled entity (which is accounted for using proportionate consolidation) is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any, and is presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

商譽

收購業務或共同控制實體(以比例綜合法入 賬)產生之商譽按成本減累計減值虧損(如有) 於綜合財務狀況表個別列賬。

就減值測試而言, 商譽分派到預期從合併之 協同效應中獲利之各個賺取現金單位或賺取 現金組別。

獲分派商譽之賺取現金單位按年或當有跡象 顯示單位可能出現減值時更加頻繁進行減值 測試。於某個報告期間因收購產生的商譽, 其所屬的賺取現金單位會於該報告期間完結 前測試減值。倘賺取現金單位之可收回金額 少於單位之賬面值,則首先將減值虧損分 派,扣減首先分派到該單位的任何商譽的賬 面值,而其後則按單位內各資產的賬面值按 比例分配至單位的其他資產。商譽之減值虧 損均直接於綜合全面收入報表中的損益賬確 認。就商譽確認之減值虧損不會於其後期間 撥回。

出售相關現金產生單位時,商譽的應佔金額 會於出售時計入損益之釐定。

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3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, investments in associates are initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates. When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that associate.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of an associate recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment.

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets" as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount, any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

3. 重大會計政策(*續*)

於聯營公司之投資

聯營公司為本集團擁有重大影響力而並非附 屬公司或合營公司權益的實體。重大影響力 指參與被投資方的財務及經營決策但並非控 制或共同控制該等政策的權力。

聯營公司的業績、資產及負債乃以權益會計 法於該等綜合財務報表列賬。根據權益法, 於聯營公司的投資初步按成本於綜合財務狀 況表確認,並於其後作出調整以確認本集團 分佔該聯營公司之損益及其他全面收入。當 本集團應佔某聯營公司的虧損相等於或超出 其於該聯營公司的權益(其包括任何長期權 益,而該長期權益實質上構成本集團於該聯 營公司的投資淨額一部份),則本集團不再確 認其應佔的進一步虧損。額外虧損之確認 限於本集團已產生法定或擬定責任或代該聯 營公司支付款項。

收購成本超出本集團分佔一間聯營公司於收 購日期確認之可識別資產、負債及或然負債 的公平淨值的任何差額確認為商譽,並計入 該投資之賬面值。

本集團應佔可識別資產、負債及或然負債的 公平淨值超出收購成本的差額(重估後)即時 於損益確認。

應用香港會計準則第39號之規定,以釐定是 否需要就本集團於聯營公司之投資確認任何 減值虧損。如有必要,該項投資之全部賬面 值(包括商譽)會根據香港會計準則第36號 「資產減值」作為單獨資產進行減值測試,方 法是比較其可收回金額(即使用價值與公平值 減出售成本之較高者)與賬面值。任何已確 認之減值虧損構成該項投資之賬面值的一部 份,有關減值虧損之任何撥回乃根據香港會 計準則第36號確認,惟以該項投資之可收回 金額其後增加為限。

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3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) Investments in associates (Continued)

Upon disposal of an associate that results in the Group losing significant influence over that associate, any retained investment is measured at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition as a financial asset in accordance with HKAS 39. The difference between the previous carrying amount of the associate attributable to the retained interest and its fair value is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when it loses significant influence over that associate.

When a group entity transacts with its associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

Investments in jointly controlled entities

Joint venture arrangements that involve the establishment of a separate entity in which venturers have joint control over the economic activity of the entity are referred to as jointly controlled entities.

The Group recognises its interests in jointly controlled entities using proportionate consolidation. The Group's share of each of the assets, liabilities, income and expenses of the jointly controlled entities are combined with the Group's similar line items, line by line, in the consolidated financial statements.

Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of the Group's interest in jointly controlled entities is accounted for in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for goodwill arising on the acquisition on a business or jointly controlled entities (see the accounting policy above).

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of a jointly controlled entity recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

於聯營公司之投資(續)

倘出售聯營公司會導致本集團失去對該聯營 公司的重大影響力,則任何保留投資會按當 日之公平值計量,並以其根據香港會計準則 第39號初步確認為金融資產之公平值作其公 平值。先前已保留權益應佔聯營公司賬面 與其公平值之間之差額,乃於釐定出售該 關營公司之收益或虧損時計入。此外,本集團 將先前於其他全面收入就該聯營公司確認之 所有金額入賬,基準與倘該聯營公司直接出 售相關資產或負債時所規定之基準相同。因 此,倘該聯營公司先前於其他全面收入確認 之收益或虧損將於出售相關資產或負債時營 知分類至損益,則當本集團將收益或虧損由 權益重新分類至損益(作為重新分類調整)。

倘一集團實體與其聯營公司交易,則與該聯 營公司交易所產生之損益僅會在於聯營公司 之權益與本集團無關的情況下,才會在本集 團綜合財務報表確認。

於共同控制實體之投資

共同控制實體指合營安排涉及成立一間獨立 實體,而合營伙伴對該實體之經濟活動具有 共同控制權。

本集團採用比例綜合法確認於共同控制實體 的權益。本集團將分佔共同控制實體的各項 資產、負債、收益及開支,按本集團類似的 項目於綜合財務報表內逐行合併。

收購本集團於共同控制實體之權益所產生之 任何商譽乃根據本集團之會計政策作為收購 業務或共同控制實體所產生之商譽列賬(見上 文會計政策)。

收購成本超出本集團分佔一間共同控制實體 於收購日期確認之可識別資產、負債及或然 負債的公平淨值的任何差額確認為商譽,並 計入該投資之賬面值。

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3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) Investments in jointly controlled entities (Continued)

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When a group entity transacts with its jointly controlled entity, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the jointly controlled entity are recognised in the Group' consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the jointly controlled entity that are not related to the Group.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and title has passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from sales of natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas ("LPG"), coke and gas appliances are recognised when the gas or goods are delivered and title has passed.

Rental income under operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant leases.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

於共同控制實體之投資(續)

本集團所攤佔可識別資產、負債及或然負債 公平淨值高出收購成本的任何數額將於重估 後隨即於損益確認。

倘一集團實體與其共同控制實體交易,則與 該共同控制實體交易所產生之損益僅會在於 共同控制實體之權益與本集團無關的情況下 才會在本集團綜合財務報表確認。

收入確認

收入按已收或應收代價之公平值計算,並指 於一般業務過程中就已售貨品及已提供服務 應收之金額,扣除折扣及銷售相關税項。

於交付商品及所有權轉移時,當符合所有以 下條件時,應確認銷售商品的收入:

- 本集團已將商品所有權的重大風險和 報酬轉移給買方;
- 本集團既無保留通常與所有權相關的 繼續管理權,並無對已售出商品實施 實際控制;
- 收入的金額能夠可靠地計量;
- 與交易相關的經濟利益可能流入本集 團;及
- 與交易相關的已發生或將發生的成本 能夠可靠計量。

天然氣、液化石油氣、燃煤及燃氣器具之銷 售收入於燃氣或貨物送抵且物權轉移時確 認。

經營租約之租金收入乃按有關租約之年期以 直線基準加以確認。

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3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably).

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including land (classified as finance leases) and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods and services, or for administrative purposes, (other than construction in progress and described below) are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Costs include professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

當經濟利益可能流入本集團且收入的金額能 可靠計量時,應確認金融資產的利息收入。 金融資產之利息收入乃按未償還本金之金額 並按適用實際利率(乃將估計未來現金收入於 金融資產之預期年期完全貼現至該資產初步 確認時賬面淨值之利率)以時間比例基準累 計。

投資之股息收入於股東收取股息之權利獲確 立時加以確認(前提為經濟利益可能流入本集 團且收入的金額能可靠計量)。

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備包括持作生產或供應貨品 及服務或行政用途之土地(分類為融資租約) 及樓宇(不包括下述在建工程),其按成本減 其後累計折舊及累計減值虧損(如有)於綜合 財務狀況表內入賬。

物業、廠房及設備(不包括在建工程)確認的 折舊乃按成本值減其剩餘價值在估計可使用 年期按直線法撇銷。估計可使用年期、剩餘 價值及折舊法會在各報告期末檢討,而任何 估計變動之影響按前瞻基準入賬。

作生產、供應或行政用途之在建物業乃按成 本減任何已確認之減值虧損入賬。成本包括 專業費用,以及就合資格資產而言,根據本 集團之會計政策資本化之借貸成本。當有關 物業竣工及可作擬定用途時,撥入物業、廠 房及設備之適當類別。此等資產按與其他物 業資產之相同基準,當資產可作擬定用途時 開始計算折舊。

物業、廠房及設備項目在出售或預期繼續使 用該資產不會帶來未來經濟利益時終止確 認。出售或棄用物業、廠房及設備項目之任 何盈虧,按出售所得款項與資產賬面值間之 差額計算並於損益中確認。

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3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Building under development for future owneroccupied purpose

When buildings are in the course of development for production or for administrative purposes, the amortisation of prepaid lease payments provided during the construction period is included as part of costs of buildings under construction. Buildings under construction are carried at cost, less any identified impairment losses. Depreciation of buildings commences when they are available for use (i.e. when they are in the location and condition necessary for them to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management).

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation. Investment properties include land held for undetermined future use, which is regarded as held for capital appreciation purpose.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at their fair values. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

重大會計政策(續) 物業、廠房及設備(續) 用作未來業主自用之發展中樓宇

當樓宇正在發展作生產或行政用途,於興建 期就預付租賃款項攤銷撥備計入在建樓宇之 部分成本。在建樓宇按成本值減任何已識別 減值虧損列賬。當樓宇於可供使用(即其地點 及狀況已符合管理層預期的營運要求)時開始 計算折舊。

投資物業

投資物業為持作賺取租金或資本增值之物 業。投資物業包括未決定未來用途之土地, 該等土地被視為持作資本增值用途。

於初步確認時,投資物業按成本(包括任何直 接應佔費用)計量。於初步確認後,投資物業 按公平值計量。因投資物業之公平值變動而 產生之盈虧於變動產生期間計入損益。

投資物業乃於出售後或在投資物業永久不再 使用或預期出售該物業不會產生未來經濟利 益時取消確認。於取消確認該物業時產生的 任何盈虧(以出售所得款項淨額與該資產的賬 面值的差額計算)乃計入終止確認該項目的期 間的損益。

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3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) Intangible assets

Research and development expenditure

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

An internally-generated intangible asset arising from development activities (or from the development phase of an internal project) is recognised if, and only if, all of the following have been demonstrated:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell
 it;
- the ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

The amount initially recognised for internally-generated intangible asset is the sum of the expenditure incurred from the date when the intangible asset first meets the recognition criteria listed above. Where no internally-generated intangible asset can be recognised, development expenditure is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, internallygenerated intangible asset is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses (if any), on the same basis as intangible assets acquired separately.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

無形資產

研發費用

研究活動費用於產生期間確認為開支。

由開發活動(或由某內部項目的開發階段)內 部產生的無形資產,僅會在下述所有條件獲 證明時確認:

- 完成無形資產並使其可供使用或出售 的技術可行性;
- 有意完成並使用或出售無形資產;
- 有能力使用或出售無形資產;
- 無形資產產生潛在的未來經濟利益的 方法;
- 備有足夠的技術、財政及其他資源以
 完成開發項目並使用或出售無形資產;
 及
- 有能力可靠地計量無形資產在其開發 階段應佔的費用。

內部產生之無形資產初步確認時的金額為有 關無形資產首次符合上述所列確認條件當日 起所產生的費用總額。倘並無內部產生之無 形資產可予確認,則開發費用會在其產生期 間在損益中扣除。於初步確認後,內部產生 之無形資產乃按另行收購之無形資產之相同 基準,以成本減累計攤銷及累計減值虧損(如 有)計量。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Intangible assets (Continued)

Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets which are acquired in a business combination are recognised separately from goodwill and are initially recognised at their fair values at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is provided on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured at the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in profit or loss in the period when the asset is derecgonised.

Construction contracts

Where the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the end of the reporting period, measured based on the proportion that contract costs incurred for work performed to date relative to the estimated total contract costs, except where this would not be representative of the stage of completion. Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that the amount can be measured reliably and its receipt is considered probable.

Where the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable will be recoverable. Contract costs are recognised as expense in the period in which they are incurred.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

無形資產(續)

其他無形資產

業務合併中所收購之其他無形資產與商譽分 開確認,並按彼等於收購日期之公平值(有關 公平值被視為彼等之成本)初步確認。

於初步確認後,有限定可用年期之無形資產 乃按成本減累計攤銷及任何累計減值虧損列 賬。有限定可用年期之無形資產按彼等之估 計可使用年期以直線法予以攤銷。

取消確認一項無形資產產生的盈虧乃按出售 所得款項淨額與該資產的賬面值的差額計 算,並於終止確認該資產期間於損益中確 認。

建造合同

倘建造合同之結果得以可靠估計,收入及成 本會參考於報告期末合約活動完成階段來確 認,有關完成階段乃按至今已履行工程產生 的合約成本佔估計總合約成本的比例而計 算,惟倘若未能反映完成階段則除外。合約 工程、索償及獎金的變動乃僅當能夠可靠計 量有關金額及認為有可能收回時予以計入。

倘建造合同之結果未能可靠衡量,合同收入 以大有可能收回之合同成本確認。合同成本 將於彼等產生之期間作開支確認。

倘合同成本總額可能超逾合同收入總額時, 預期虧損將立即作開支確認。

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3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) Construction contracts (Continued)

Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is shown as amounts due from customers for contract work. For contracts where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is shown as amounts due to customers for contract work. Amounts received before the related work is performed are included in the consolidated statement of financial position, as a liability, as advances received. Amounts billed for work performed but not yet paid by the customer are included in the consolidated statement of financial position under trade and other receivables.

Inventories

Inventories, including construction materials, gas appliances and gas for sales, LPG, coke, consumables and spare parts, are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating lease is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straightline basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

建造合同(續)

倘直至當日所產生之合同成本加已確認溢利 減已確認虧損超逾按進度開發賬單之數額, 多出之數額會被視為應收客戶合約工程款 項。倘合約按進度開發賬單之數額超逾直至 當日所產生之合同成本加已確認溢利減已確 認虧損,多出之數額會列作應付客戶合約工 程款項。於進行有關工作前已收取之款項於 綜合財務狀況表計作負債,列作已收墊款。 若已進行工程並開出賬單但客戶尚未付款, 有關金額乃列作綜合財務狀況表中的貿易應 收賬款及其他應收賬項。

存貨

存貨,包括建築物料,銷售之燃氣器具及燃 氣、液化石油氣、燃煤、消耗品及備件乃按 成本及可變現淨值兩者中較低者入賬。成本 按加權平均成本法計算。可變現淨值指存貨 的估計銷售價格減完成時的一切估計成本及 必須銷售成本。

租賃

當租賃條款將所有權之絕大部份風險及回報 轉讓至承租人,則該等租約均被列為融資租 約。所有其他租約乃列作經營租約。

本集團作為出租人

經營租約租金收入乃於損益按有關租約之年 期以直線法確認。在磋商及安排經營租約時 產生之初期直接成本,乃加入租約資產之賬 面值並於租約年期以直線法確認為開支。

本集團作為承租人

經營租約付款於租約期間按直線法確認為開 支,惟另有系統化基準可更有效反映耗用該 租賃資產所產生經濟利益之時間模式除外。

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3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) Leasehold land and building

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease. Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of the lease.

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "prepaid lease payments" in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease term on a straightline basis, except for those that are classified and accounted for as investment properties under the fair value model. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease and accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in other comprehensive income, in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

租賃土地及樓宇

倘租約包括土地及樓宇部分,則本集團根據 評估各部分擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報是 否已轉讓予本集團,評估各部分之融資或經 營租約分類,除非土地及樓宇均明顯為經營 租約,則本集團會將整份租賃列作一項經營 租約。具體而言,最低租金(包括任何一次過 預付款項)乃按租約開始時租賃土地部分及樓 宇部分租賃權益之相對公平值比例分配至土 地及樓宇部分。

倘能可靠分配租約付款,則計入經營租約之 租賃土地權益於綜合財務狀況表內呈列為「預 付租賃款項」並按直線法於租期內攤銷,惟分 類作投資物業並按公平值模式入賬者除外。 倘不能可靠分配租約付款至土地及樓宇部 分,則整份租賃一般分類為融資租約,並計 入物業、廠房及設備。

外幣

在編製各個別集團公司的財務報表時,以該 公司的功能貨幣以外的貨幣(外幣)計價之交 易按交易日期之匯率以其功能貨幣(即公司經 營業務所處主要經濟環境的貨幣)列賬。在報 告期末,以外幣為單位之貨幣項目均按該日 之匯率再換算。按公平值列賬以外幣計值的 非貨幣項目按釐定公平值當日通行匯率重新 換算。按歷史成本計算以外幣計值的非貨幣 項目不予重新換算。

由於結算貨幣項目及重新換算貨幣項目而產 生的匯兑差額,會在其產生的期間在損益確 認。重新換算按公平值列值的非貨幣項目所 產生的匯兑差額計入期間之損益,但重新換 算損益直接在其他全面收入中確認的非貨幣 項目所產生的匯兑差額除外,在該情況下, 匯兑差額亦直接在其他全面收入中確認。

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3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Foreign currencies (Continued)

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollar) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, under the heading of translation reserve (attributable to non-controlling interest as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint control over a jointly controlled entity that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss. In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are reattributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates or jointly controlled entities that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation before January 1, 2005 is treated as non-monetary foreign currency items of the acquirer and reported using the historical cost prevailing at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation on or after January 1, 2005 are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and retranslated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in equity under the heading of translation reserve.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

於編製綜合財務報表時,本集團實體之資產 及負債按報告期末之匯率換算為本集團的呈 報貨幣(即港元),而其收入及支出則按年內 之平均匯率換算,除非匯率在期間內大幅波 動,在該情況下,則使用交易日期的匯率。 所產生之匯兑差額(如有),將於其他全面收 入確認,並累計至權益內匯兑儲備項下(歸屬 於非控股權益,倘適用)。

於出售海外業務(即出售本集團於海外業務之 全部權益、涉及失去對包含海外業務之附屬 公司控制權之出售、涉及失去對包含海外業 務之共同控制實體共同控制權之出售,或涉 及失去對包含海外業務之聯營公司之重大影 響力之出售)時,於本公司擁有人應佔業務之 權益累計之所有匯兑差額重新分類至損益。 此外,倘部分出售附屬公司並未導致本集團 失去對該附屬公司之控制權,則按比例將累 計匯兑差額重新撥歸至非控股權益,且不會 於損益確認。就所有其他部分出售(即部分出 售聯營公司或共同控制實體而並未導致本集 團失去重大影響力或共同控制權)而言,則按 比例將累計匯兑差額重新分類至損益。

於二零零五年一月一日前於收購海外業務所 產生之已收購可識別資產商譽及公平值調整 視為收購方之非貨幣外幣項目,並於收購日 期按當時歷史成本呈報。

於二零零五年一月一日後收購海外業務所產 生之已收購可識別資產商譽及公平值調整視 作該海外業務的資產及負債,並按各報告期 末的匯率重新換算。產生之匯兑差額於換算 儲備項下確認為權益。

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3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) Retirement benefit costs

Payments to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF Scheme") and state-managed retirement benefit schemes are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in jointly controlled entities, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

退休福利成本

向強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)及國家 管理退休福利計劃所作供款於僱員已提供服 務而有權獲得供款時確認為開支。

税項

所得税開支指現時應付税項及遞延税項。

現時應付税項乃按本年度應課税溢利計算。 應課税溢利與綜合全面收入報表中所報溢利 不同,乃由於前者不包括在其他年度應課税 或可扣税收入或開支,並且不包括從未課税 及扣税之項目。本集團即期税項負債以報告 期末已制訂或實際採用的税率計算。

遞延税項乃按綜合財務報表資產及負債賬面 值及計算應課税溢利相應税基之暫時差額而 確認。遞延税項負債通常會就所有應課税暫 時差額確認。遞延税項資產在可能出現可利 用暫時差額扣税之應課税溢利時通常會就所 有可扣税暫時差額確認。若於一項交易中, 因商譽或因業務合併以外原因初步確認其他 資產及負債而引致之暫時差額既不影響應課 税務溢利、亦不影響會計溢利,則不會確認 該等資產及負債。

遞延税項負債乃就與附屬公司及聯營公司之 投資及於共同控制實體之權益相關之應課税 暫時差額確認,惟本集團可控制暫時差額之 撥回及暫時差額於可見未來將不會撥回除 外。因與該等投資及權益相關的可扣減暫時 差額產生的遞延税項資產,僅於極有可能有 足夠應課税溢利可得益於使用暫時差額,且 預期有關暫時差額於可見將來可以撥回時確 認。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) Taxation (Continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction on production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項資產之賬面值於報告期末作檢討, 並於不再可能有足夠應課税溢利恢復全部或 部分資產價值時作調減。

遞延税項資產及負債按清償負債或變現資產 期內預期採用的税率計算,有關税率按報告 期末已頒佈或實際採用的税率(及税法)釐 定。

即期税項及遞延税項於損益確認,惟倘與在 其他全面收入或直接於權益確認的項目有關 除外,在該情況下,即期税項及遞延税項亦 分別於其他全面收入或直接於權益確認。倘 即期税項或遞延税項產生自業務合併的初步 會計處理,則税項影響計入該業務合併的會 計處理內。

借貸成本

收購、興建或生產合資格資產(即必須經過長時間方可作擬定用途或可供銷售之資產)應佔 的直接借款成本,將計入該等資產的成本, 直至有關資產已實際上可作擬定用途或銷售 時為止。特定借貸在用作合資格資產開支前 作暫時投資所賺取之投資收入乃從合資格資 本化之借貸成本中扣除。

所有其他借貸成本於產生期間在損益確認。

金融工具

當集團公司成為工具合約條款的一方時,會 在綜合財務狀況表確認金融資產及金融負 債。

金融資產和金融負債在初步確認時以公平值 計量。於購置或發行金融資產及金融負債(按 公平值計入損益之金融資產及金融負債除外) 直接應佔的交易費用在初步確認時計入或扣 自各金融資產或金融負債(視何者適用而定) 的公平值。購置按公平值計入損益之金融資 產或金融負債的直接相關交易費用即時在損 益確認。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified into one of the three categories, including financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as FVTPL, of which interest income included in net gains or losses.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of the Group comprise held for trading financial assets. A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future; or
- it is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value arising from remeasurement recognised directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial assets.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產

本集團之金融資產分別列入按公平值計入損 益之金融資產、貸款和應收款項,及可供出 售金融資產三項其中一項。分類乃依賴金融 資產之性質及目的,並於初步確認時釐定。 所有以一般方式買賣之金融資產均按買賣日 期基準確認及終止確認。以一般方式買賣金 融資產是指須於市場規管或慣例所設定時限 內交付之金融資產買賣。

實際利率法

實際利率法為計算金融資產攤銷成本及分配 於有關期間之利息收入之方法。實際利率乃 按金融資產之預計年期或適用的較短期間內 於初步確認時準確折現估計未來現金收入(包 括構成實際利率不可或缺部分之一切已付或 已收費用、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)至其 賬面淨值之利率。

就並非分類為按公平值計入損益之金融資產 之債務工具而言,利息收入乃按實際利率基 準確認。分類為按公平值計入損益之金融資 產之債務工具之利息收入乃計入盈虧淨額。

按公平值計入損益之金融資產

本集團按公平值計入損益之金融資產包括持 作買賣之金融資產。倘屬下列各項,金融資 產乃分類為持作買賣:

- 主要作為近期內出售用途而購入;或
- 金融資產為本集團共同管理之金融工 具確定組合之一部分及其具短期獲利 實際模式;或
- 金融資產為衍生產品而非指定及用作 對沖工具。

按公平值計入損益之金融資產以公平值計 量,而因重新計量而產生的公平值變動於產 生期內直接於損益確認。於損益確認之盈虧 淨額不包括任何股息或金融資產之利息。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Financial assets (Continued) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables including trade and other receivables, amounts due from associates, pledged bank deposits and bank balances are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy on impairment loss on financial assets below).

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated or not classified as (a) loan and receivable, (b) held to maturity investments or (c) financial assets at FVTPL.

Available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. Changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in investment revaluation reserve, until the financial asset is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, at which time, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss (see accounting policy on impairment loss on financial assets below).

For available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments, they are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of the reporting period (see accounting policy on impairment loss on financial assets below).

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項指並非於活躍市場報價而具 有固定或可確定付款之非衍生金融資產。於 初步確認後,貸款及應收款項(包括貿易應收 賬款及其他應收賬項、應收聯營公司款項、 已抵押銀行存款以及銀行結餘)乃利用實際利 息法按攤銷成本扣除任何已確定減值虧損列 賬(請參閱下文有關金融資產減值虧損之會計 政策)。

可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產乃被劃定為此類別或並無 歸入為以下各項之任何其他類別的非衍生工 具:(a)貸款及應收款項:(b)持有至到期投資; 或(c)按公平值計入損益之金融資產。

於報告期末,可供出售金融資產均以公平值 計量。公平值變動在其他全面收入中確認, 並累計至投資重估儲備,直至金融資產出售 或確定為減值為止,屆時,先前在投資重估 儲備中積累的累計盈虧會重新分類至損益(見 下文有關金融資產減值虧損之會計政策)。

就於活躍市場並無市價報價及其公平值無法 可靠計算之可供出售之股本投資,以及與該 等無報價股本工具有關並須以交付該等工具 結算之衍生工具而言,該等可供出售之股本 投資及衍生工具於報告期末按成本值減任何 已確定減值虧損計算(請參閱下文有關金融資 產減值虧損之會計政策)。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued) Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of the reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For an available-for sale equity investment, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of that investment below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment.

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default and delinquency in interest and principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments and observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值

金融資產(分類為按公平值計入損益之金融資 產除外)會於報告期末評估減值跡象。倘有客 觀憑證顯示因於初步確認金融資產後發生之 一項或多項事件而令金融資產之估計未來現 金流受到影響,則金融資產會予以減值。

就可供出售股本投資而言,該投資之公平值 大幅或長期低於其成本可被視為減值之客觀 證據。

就所有其他金融資產而言,減值之客觀證據 包括:

- 發行人或交易對手出現重大財政困難; 或
- 違反合約,例如違約及逾期尚未償還 利息及本金;或
- 借款人有可能面臨破產或財務重組; 或
- 因財政困難,金融資產失去活躍市場。

就若干金融資產分類(如貿易應收賬款)而 言,被評估為不會個別減值之資產其後會按 整體基準進行減值評估。應收款項組合減值 之客觀證據可包括本集團收回款項之過往經 驗,以及與拖欠應收款項有關之國家或地區 經濟狀況明顯轉變。

就按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產而言,減值虧 損金額按資產賬面值與根據金融資產原實際 利率貼現之估計未來現金流現值間之差額確 認。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When the trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period in which the impairment takes place.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Impairment losses on available-for-sale equity investments will not be reversed in profit or loss in subsequent periods. Any increase in fair value subsequent to impairment loss is recognised directly in other comprehensive income and accumulated in investment revaluation reserve.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

就按成本列賬之金融資產而言,減值虧損金 額按資產賬面值與同類金融資產按當前市場 回報率貼現之估計未來現金流現值間之差額 計量。該減值虧損不會於隨後期間撥回。

就所有金融資產而言,金融資產之賬面值會 直接扣減有關減值虧損,惟貿易應收賬款除 外,其賬面值會透過撥備賬作出扣減。撥備 賬內之賬面值變動會於損益確認。當貿易應 收賬款被視為不可收回時,其將於撥備賬內 撇銷。其後收回之前已撇銷的款項均計入損 益。

倘一項可供出售金融資產被視為減值時,先 前於其他全面收入確認之累計盈虧於減值發 生期間重新分類至損益。

就按已攤銷成本值列賬之金融資產而言,如 在隨後之期間減值虧損金額減少,而有關減 少在客觀上與確認減值虧損後發生之事件有 關,則先前已確認之減值虧損將透過損益賬 予以撥回,惟該資產於減值被撥回當日之賬 面值,不得超過無確認減值下之已攤銷成 本。

可供出售股本投資之減值虧損不會於往後期 間在損益撥回。減值虧損後公平值之增加會 直接於其他全面收入確認,並於投資重估儲 備累計。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premium or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at FVTPL represent financial liabilities held for trading, which comprise derivatives that are not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

At the end of the reporting period subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value arising on remeasurement recognised directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具

集團公司發行的金融負債和股本工具根據所 訂立的合約安排的實質內容以及金融負債和 股本工具的定義而歸類為金融負債或股本。

股本工具

股本工具指能證明擁有本集團資產在減除其 所有負債後的剩餘權益的任何合約。本集團 發行之股本工具按實得款項(扣除直接發行成 本)確認。

實際利率法

實際利率法為計算金融負債攤銷成本及分配 於有關期間利息開支之方法。實際利率乃按 金融負債之預計年期或適用的較短期間內於 初步確認時準確折現估計未來現金收入(包括 構成實際利率不可或缺部分之一切已付或已 收費用、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)至其賬 面淨值之利率。

利息開支按實際利率基準確認。

按公平值計入損益之金融負債

按公平值計入損益之金融負債指持作買賣之 金融負債,包括非指定及作為對沖工具之衍 生工具。

於初步確認後之報告期末,按公平值計入損 益之金融負債以公平值計量,而重新計量產 生的公平值變動則直接於產生期間於損益確 認。
For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

Convertible bonds that contain liability component and conversion/redemption option derivatives

Convertible bonds issued by the Group that contain both the liability and conversion/redemption option components are classified separately into respective items on initial recognition. Conversion option that will be settled other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is a conversion option derivative. The redemption option derivatives represent the redemption at the option of the bond holders before the maturity date. At the date of issue, both the liability and conversion/redemption option components are recognised at fair value.

In subsequent periods, the liability component of the convertible bonds is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The conversion/redemption option derivative is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible bonds are allocated to the liability and conversion/redemption option components in proportion to their relative fair values. Transaction costs relating to the conversion/redemption option derivatives are charged to profit and loss immediately. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortised over the period of the convertible bonds using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities including trade and other payables, amounts due to associates and a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary and bank and other borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Obligation to acquire non-controlling interests

A forward contract which contains an obligation to acquire non-controlling interest of a subsidiary is initially recognised at the present value of the contracted amount (consideration payable) with a corresponding debit to equity (non-controlling interests) and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

包含負債及換股/贖回選擇權衍生工 具部份之可換股債券

可換股債券由本集團發行,當中包括負債及 換股/贖回選擇權部份,於初步確認時獨立 分類為不同項目。換股選擇權不會以定額現 金或其他金融資產交換本公司本身固定數目 之股本工具而結算,乃為換股選擇權衍生工 具。贖回選擇權衍生工具指債券持有人於到 期日前選擇贖回。於發行當日,負債及換股 /贖回選擇權衍生工具之部份均按公平值確 認。

於往後期間,可換股債券之負債部份以實際 利率法按攤銷成本列賬。換股/贖回選擇權 衍生工具則按公平值計量,其公平值之變動 於損益確認。

與發行可換股債券有關之交易成本,按相對 公平值比例分配至負債及換股/贖回選擇權 之部份。與換股/贖回選擇權衍生工具有關 之交易成本直接於損益扣除。有關負債部份 之交易成本計入負債部份之賬面值,以實際 利率法於可換股債券期間攤銷。

其他金融負債

其他金融負債包括貿易應付賬款及其他應付 賬項、應付聯營公司及一家附屬公司非控股 權益款項及銀行及其他借貸,乃其後運用實 際利率法以攤銷成本計量。

收購非控股權益的責任

遠期合約載有收購附屬公司非控股權益的責任,初步按合約金額(應付代價)的現值確認,並從權益(非控股權益)作出相應扣減, 其後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計算。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of the reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

Embedded derivatives

Derivatives embedded in non-derivative host contracts are treated as separate derivatives when their risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contracts, and the host contracts are not measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Where the Group redeems a convertible bond before its maturity, the consideration paid is allocated to the liability and derivative components of the convertible bond at their respective fair values at the time of redemption. To the extent that the amount of the consideration allocated to the liability component is less than the carrying amount of the liability component at the time of redemption, a gain is recognised in profit or loss.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

衍生金融工具

衍生金融工具初步按訂立衍生工具合約日期 的公平值入賬,其後於報告期末重新計算至 其公平值。所得盈虧即時於損益確認,惟衍 生工具指定及作為對沖工具除外,在此情 況下,於損益確認之時間視乎對沖關係之性 質。

附帶衍生工具

當附帶於非衍生主合同之衍生工具之風險及 特質與主合同者並無密切關係,且主合同並 非按公平值計量及其公平值變動並非於損益 確認時,該等衍生工具作獨立衍生工具處 理。

終止確認

僅當從資產收取現金流之合約權利屆滿時, 或金融資產已轉讓而本集團實質上已將與資 產有關的所有權的所有風險和報酬轉移至其 他實體時,本集團方會終止確認金融資產。

一旦全面終止確認金融資產,資產的賬面值 與收到的代價及應收款項與已在其他全面收 入中確認並在權益中積累的累計盈虧之總和 的差額會在損益確認。

當有關合約中規定的義務解除、取消或到期 時,金融負債將終止確認。終止確認的金融 負債的賬面值與已付及應付代價間的差額會 在損益確認。

倘本集團於到期前贖回可換股債券時,所付 代價乃按贖回時可換股債券之負債及衍生工 具部分各自之公平值撥入負債及衍生工具部 分。若撥入負債部分之代價金額少於負債部 分於贖回時之賬面值,則於損益確認盈利。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Equity settled share-based payment transactions

Share options granted to employees of the Company vested on or after April 1, 2005

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity (employee share-based compensation reserve).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates during the vesting period, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to employee share-based compensation reserve.

At the time when the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in employee share-based compensation reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in employee share-based compensation reserve will be transferred to accumulated profits.

Share options granted to employees of the Company and vested before April 1, 2005

The financial impact of the share options granted and fully vested before April 1, 2005 is not recorded in the consolidated financial statements until such time as the options are exercised, and no charge is recognised in profit or loss in respect of the value of options granted. Upon the exercise of the share options, the resulting shares issued are recorded as additional share capital at the nominal value of the shares, and the excess of the exercise price per share over the nominal value of the shares is recorded as share premium. Options which lapse or are cancelled prior to their exercise date are deleted from the register of outstanding options.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

以股本結算及以股份形式付款之交易 授予本公司僱員於二零零五年四月一 日或之後歸屬之購股權

經參考所授購股權於授出日期之公平值釐定 之已收服務公平值,乃於歸屬期間按直線法 列支,權益(僱員股份報酬儲備)則會相應增 加。

於報告期末,本集團會修訂其對預期最終歸 屬之購股權數目的估計。於歸屬期修訂原始 估計之影響(如有)會在損益確認(以使累計開 支反映修訂後之估計),而僱員股份報酬儲備 將相應予以調整。

當購股權獲行使時,早前於僱員股份報酬儲 備確認之數額將轉撥至股份溢價。倘購股權 於歸屬日期後被收回或於屆滿日期尚未行 使,早前於僱員股份報酬儲備確認之數額將 轉撥至累計溢利。

授予本公司僱員於二零零五年四月一 日前歸屬的購股權

已於二零零五年四月一日前授出及悉數歸屬 之購股權財務影響於購股權行使時方會計入 綜合財務報表,故並無就授出之購股權價值 於損益確認調減。於購股權行使時,因而產 生之已發行股份乃按股份面值記錄為額外股 本,而每股行使價超出股份面值之部分乃記 錄為股份溢價。行使日期前失效或註銷之購 股權乃自未行使購股權登記冊中剔除。

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3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as a deduction from the carrying amount of the relevant asset in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

Impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill (see the accounting policy in respect of goodwill above)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

3. 重大會計政策(*續*)

政府補助金

政府補助金在可合理保證本集團將遵守彼等 所附帶之條件並獲得有關補助金前不作確 認。

政府補助金乃就本集團確認的有關開支(預期 補助金可予抵銷成本開支)期間按系統化的基 準於損益賬中確認。具體而言,主要條件為 本集團須購買、興建或以其他方法獲得非流 動資產的政府補助金於綜合財務狀況表以有 關資產賬面值的扣減確認,並於有關資產的 可使用年期內撥入損益。

政府補助金是作為支出或已發生的虧損補 償、或以給予本集團即時財務支援為目的, 且並無未來相關成本,則在其成為應收的期 間內於損益確認。

有形資產及無形資產(商譽除外)之減 值虧損(請參閱上文有關商譽之會計政 策)

於報告期末,本集團均審閱有形及無形資產 之賬面值,以釐定是否有資產減值虧損之跡 象。倘出現任何有關跡象,將估計資產的可 收回金額以釐定減值虧損(如有)的程度。當 無法估計一項個別資產之可收回金額時,本 集團估計資產所屬之現金產生單位之可收回 金額。如分配的合理及一致基準可識別,則 公司資產亦被分配至個別現金產生單位,或 於其他情況下彼等被分配至現金產生單位的 最小組合,而該現金產生單位的合理及一致 分配基準可識別。

可收回金額為減除銷售成本後之公平值與其 使用價值兩者之較高者。在評估使用價值 時,估計未來現金流量乃使用除税前貼現率 貼現至其現值,該貼現率能反映當前市場所 評估之貨幣時間值及資產特定風險(就此而 言,未來現金流量估計尚未作出調整)。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill (see the accounting policy in respect of goodwill above) (Continued)

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

4. Restatements

During the year ended March 31, 2011, the Group acquired business through purchase of subsidiaries of which the fair values of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired were determined provisionally. During the year, the Group made certain fair value adjustments, with reference to the valuation reports, to the carrying amounts of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the subsidiaries acquired as a result of completing the initial accounting. The adjustments to the fair values at the acquisition date of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities were made as if initial accounting had been completed on the acquisition date. 3. 重大會計政策(續)

有形資產及無形資產(商譽除外)之減 值虧損(請參閱上文有關商譽之會計政 策)(續)

倘資產之可收回金額估計少於賬面值,則資 產之賬面值調低至可收回金額。減值虧損即 時確認為開支。

倘減值虧損其後撥回,則資產之賬面值調升 至可收回金額之經修訂估計值。惟該增加之 賬面值不可超過倘該資產於過往年度無減值 虧損時釐定之賬面值。減值虧損之撥回即時 確認為收入。

4. 重列

截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度,本集 團透過收購附屬公司收購業務,而當中所購 之可識別資產、負債及或然負債之公平值乃 臨時釐定。年內,本集團參考估值報告、於 初始會計完成後所收購業務可識別資產及負 債之賬面值,作出若干公平值調整。就於收 購日期可識別資產、負債以及或然負債之公 平值的調整乃猶如初始會計於收購日期經已 完成作出。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

4. Restatements (Continued)

4. 重列(續)

The cumulative effects of the above restatements on the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2011 are summarised below:

上述重列對於二零一一年三月三十一日之綜 合財務狀況表之累積影響概列如下:

			Subsequent fair value adjustments on acquisition of businesses	
			through	As at
			purchase of	March
		March 31, 2011	subsidiaries (note 42 (B)) 透過收購附 屬公司收購	31, 2011
		於二零一一年	業務之隨後	於二零一一年
		三月三十一日	公平值調整 (附註42(B))	三月三十一日
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		(originally stated) (按原列)		(restated) (重列)
Goodwill	商譽	1,565,604	(30,278)	1,535,326
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	1,401,675	42,533	1,444,208
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(526,436)	(10,633)	(537,069)
Other assets and liabilities	其他資產及負債	7,897,313	-	7,897,313
Net assets	淨資產	10,338,156	1,622	10,339,778
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	1,573,480	1,622	1,575,102
Other reserves items	其他儲備項目	8,764,676	-	8,764,676
		10,338,156	1,622	10,339,778

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5. Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Impairment of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value. When the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. As at March 31, 2012, the carrying amount of goodwill was HK\$1,038,591,000 (2011: HK\$1,535,326,000) with no impairment loss recognised. Details of the recoverable amount calculation disclosed in note 25.

Impairment of intangible assets

At the end of the reporting period, management assessed the recoverability of its intangible assets arising from the acquisitions of businesses/assets, in which the carrying amount at March 31, 2012 was HK\$1,281,448,000 (2011: HK\$1,444,208,000). The business of the cash generating unit continues to progress in a satisfactory manner. Detailed valuation analysis has been carried out and management is confident that the carrying amount of the asset will be recovered in full. This situation will be closely monitored. Any change in the business environment may lead to the change of expected future cashflows in the future. If the future recoverable amounts fall below the carrying amounts, additional impairment is required.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account the estimated residual value. The Group assesses annually the residual value and the useful life of the property, plant and equipment and if the expectation differs from the original estimates, such differences from the original estimates will impact the depreciation charges in the year in which the estimates change.

5. 估計不明朗因素之主要來源

以下為涉及日後之主要假設及於報告期末估 計不明朗因素之其他主要來源(彼等均擁有導 致下個財政年度之資產及負債之賬面值出現 大幅調整之重大風險)。

商譽減值

釐定商譽是否出現減值須估計商譽所分配至 現金產生單位之使用價值。計算使用價值 時,本集團須估計現金產生單位預期未來產 生之現金流量,以及選擇合適之貼現率以計 算現值。當實際未來現金流量少於預期時, 則會產生重大減值虧損。於二零一二年三月 三十一日,商譽之賬面值為1,038,591,000港 元(二零一一年:1,535,326,000港元),且並 無確認減值虧損。計算可收回金額之詳情載 於附註25。

無形資產減值

於報告期末,管理層評估收購業務/資產 產生之無形資產之可收回程度,該等無形 資產於二零一二年三月三十一日之賬面 值為1,281,448,000港元(二零一一年: 1,444,208,000港元)。有關現金產生單位業 務繼續有滿意之進展。詳細估值分析已經進 行,而管理層有信心資產之賬面值可得以全 數收回。有關情況將受密切監控。業務環境 之任何變動可導致將來之估計未來現金流變 動。倘未來可收回金額低於賬面值,則須作 出額外減值。

物業、廠房及設備之折舊

物業、廠房及設備之折舊乃於其估計可用年 期內按直線法基準折舊,並經計及估計剩餘 價值。本集團會按年評估物業、廠房及設備 之剩餘價值及可用年期,而倘預期數字有別 於原有估計,則與原有估計之差異將對估計 變更之年內之折舊撥備構成影響。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

5. Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty **5.** 估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續) (Continued)

Deferred taxation

As at March 31, 2012, the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$2,822,417,000 (2011: HK\$2,180,660,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset in relation to these unused tax losses approximately to HK\$2,748,194,000 (2011: HK\$2,109,107,000) has been recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position. In cases where there are future profits generated to utilise the tax losses, a material deferred tax assets may arise, which would be recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the period in which the estimated future profits are expected.

Revenue recognition of gas connection contract

Construction revenue from gas connection contracts is recognised on the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the proportion of the contract costs incurred for the work performed to date over the estimated total contract costs. Accordingly, any changes to the estimated total contract cost may have material impact on the contract revenue recognised in each accounting period over the contract term.

6. Financial Instruments

Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged throughout the year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debts, which include the amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary, bank and other borrowings and convertible bonds disclosed in notes 35, 36 and 39 respectively, and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital disclosed in note 37, reserves and accumulated profits as disclosed in consolidated statements of changes in equity.

The management reviews the capital structure by considering the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the management, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

遞延税項

於二零一二年三月三十一日,本集團 可供對銷未來溢利之未使用税項虧損 為2,822,417,000港元(二零一一年: 2,180,660,000港元)。本集團並無於綜 合財務狀況表內確認關於未使用税項虧 損約2,748,194,000港元(二零一一年: 2,109,107,000港元)之遞延税項資產。倘日 後產生溢利以使用税項虧損,則可能引致重 大遞延税項資產,而該等遞延税項資產將於 預計收取估計未來溢利之期間內在綜合全面 收入報表確認。

燃氣接駁合約之收入確認

燃氣接駁合約之工程收入乃按完成百分比方 法確認,並參考就迄今完成之工程產生之合 約成本佔估計總合約成本之比例而計量。因 此,估計總合約成本之任何變動均可能對合 約期內各個會計期間所確認之合約收入構成 重大影響。

6. 金融工具

資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本,以確保本集團旗下實體 將可繼續以持續經營基準經營,同時透過優 化債務及股本平衡擴大股東回報。年內,本 集團之整體策略維持不變。

本集團之資本結構包括債務(其包括分別於附 註35、36及39披露之應付附屬公司非控股權 益之款項、銀行及其他借貸及可換股債券)及 本公司擁有人應佔權益(由分別於附註37披 露之已發行股本以及綜合權益變動表披露之 儲備及累計溢利組成)。

管理層藉審議資本成本及與各類別資本有關 之風險檢討資本結構。基於管理層之建議, 本集團將透過派付股息、發行新股及發行新 債或贖回現有債務平衡其整體資本結構。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

6. 金融工具(續)

Categories of financial instruments

金融工具類別

		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets	金融資產		
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	76,658	85,884
Held-for-trading investments	持作買賣投資	10,893	11,948
Loans and receivables	貸款及應收款項		
(including cash and	(包括現金及現金		
cash equivalents)	等值項目)	7,556,761	8,385,823
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Amortised cost	攤銷成本	18,426,254	18,116,997
FVTPL- Derivative financial	按公平值計入損益-		
liabilities	衍生金融負債	-	32,122

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include available-for-sale investments, held-for-trading investments, amounts due from/to associates, trade and other receivables, derivative financial instruments, trade and other payables, amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary, bank and other borrowings, pledged bank deposits and bank balances. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Market risks

Currency risk

The Group collects most of its revenue in RMB and most of the expenditures as well as capital expenditures are also denominated in RMB. However, the Group has certain bank balances, amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary and bank and other borrowings that are not denominated in functional currency of the respective group entities. The appreciation or devaluation of RMB against foreign currencies may have positive or negative impact on the results of operations of the Group.

財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括可供出售投資、 持作買賣投資、應收/應付聯營公司款項、 貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項、衍生金融工 具、貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項、應付 附屬公司非控股權益之款項、銀行及其他借 貸、已抵押銀行存款以及銀行結餘。該等金 融工具詳情於各相關附註披露。下文載列與 該等金融工具有關之風險及有關如何降低該 等風險之政策。管理層管理及監控該等風 險,以確保及時和有效地採取適當之措施。

市場風險

貨幣風險

本集團大部份收益均以人民幣收取,而大部 份開支及資本開支亦均以人民幣計值。不 過,本集團亦有若干銀行結餘、應付附屬公 司非控股權益款項及銀行及其他借貸並非以 各相關集團實體的功能貨幣計值。人民幣對 外幣升值或貶值可能會對本集團之經營業績 構成正面或負面影響。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risks (Continued)

Currency risk (Continued)

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy but the directors monitor foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise. As at end of the reporting period, the carrying amounts of the Group's monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currency are as follows:

金融工具(續) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

貨幣風險(續)

本集團目前並無外幣對沖政策,但董事負責 監察外匯風險,如有需要,會考慮對沖重大 外匯風險。於報告期末,本集團以外幣計值 之貨幣資產及負債之賬面值如下:

			Assets Liabilities 資產 負債		
		2012 二零一二年	2011 年	2012 二零一二年	2011 零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000 千港元
United States Dollars ("USD") HK\$ Japanese Yen ("JPY")	美元(「美元」) 港元 日圓(「日圓」)	1,651,010 18,936 –	2,012,124 25,215 -	4,121,951 - 444,725	4,797,837 - 232,982

The carrying amounts of inter-company balances of certain group entities which were denominated in foreign currency are as follows: 以外幣計值之若干集團實體之公司間結餘賬 面值如下:

Liabilities 1 1 2012 2011 二零一二年 二零一一年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 1</td

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risks (Continued) Currency risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% (2011: 5%) increase and decrease in RMB against respective foreign currencies. 5% (2011: 5%) is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currencies denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 5% (2011: 5%) change in foreign currencies rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in post-tax profit where RMB strengthen 5% (2011: 5%) against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the result for the year and the balance below would be negative.

金融工具(續) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

貨幣風險(續)

敏感度分析

下表詳述本集團就人民幣兑各外幣升值及貶 值5%(二零一一年:5%)之敏感度。5%(二零 一一年:5%)為向主要管理人員內部呈報外 幣風險之敏感度比率,並代表管理層就外匯 合理可能變動進行之評估。敏感度分析僅包 括發行在外之外幣計值貨幣項目,並就外幣 匯率之5%(二零一一年:5%)變動於報告期 末調整其換算。下表所示之正數指出倘人民 幣兑有關貨幣升值5%(二零一一年:5%)時, 除税後溢利會有所上升。倘人民幣兑有關貨 幣貶值5%(二零一一年:5%)時,將對年度 業績構成相同但反向之影響,且下述結餘將 為負數。

		(Decrease) increase
		in post-tax profit
		for the year
		年度除税後溢利(減少)增加
		2012 2011 二零一二年 二零一一年
		HK\$'000HK\$'000千港元千港元
USD impact	美元影響	94,005 107,079
HK\$ impact	港元影響	(710) (946)
JPY impact	日圓影響	16,677 8,737
		109,972 114,870

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risks (Continued)

Interest rate risk

The Group manages its interest rate exposure based on interest rate level as well as potential impact on the Group's financial position arising from volatility. Interest rate swap is the hedging instrument most commonly used by the Group to manage interest rate exposure.

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary, fixed-rate bank and other borrowings and the convertible bonds issued by the Group (see notes 35, 36 and 39 for details of these borrowings and convertible bonds respectively). The Group aims at keeping borrowings at variable rates. In order to achieve this result, the Group entered into interest rate swaps to hedge against its exposures to changes in fair values of the borrowings during the year ended March 31, 2011. These hedging activities did not qualify for hedge accounting. The changes in fair value of the interest rate swaps were recognised in the profit and loss as they arise. The Group did not have any interest rate swaps at March 31, 2012.

The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank balances and floating-rate bank and other borrowings (see notes 32 and 36 for details of bank balances and these borrowings respectively). It is the Group's policy to keep its borrowings at floating rate of interests so as to minimise the fair value interest rate risk.

金融工具(續) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

利率風險

本集團根據利率水平及波幅對本集團財務狀 況所構成之潛在影響管理其利率風險。利率 掉期為本集團最常採用之對沖工具,以管理 利率風險。

本集團面臨與應付附屬公司非控股權益之款 項、定息銀行及其他借貸以及本集團發行之 可換股債券(有關該等借貸及可換股債券之詳 情分別見附註35、36及39)有關之公平值利 率風險。本集團旨在維持貸款以浮息計算。 為達致該結果,本集團於截至二零一一年三 月三十一日止年度訂立利率掉期以對沖借貸 公平值變動之風險。該等對沖活動並不符合 對沖會計法。利率掉期之公平值變動於產生 時在損益確認。本集團於二零一二年三月三 十一日並無任何利率掉期。

本集團亦面臨涉及浮息銀行結餘及浮息銀行 及其他借貸(該等銀行結餘及借貸詳情見附註 32及36)之現金流量利率風險。本集團之政 策乃將借貸維持在浮動利率以盡量降低公平 值利率風險。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risks (Continued) Interest rate risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis has been determined based on the exposure to interest rate risk for both floating-rate bank and other borrowings and interest rate swaps, together with the interest capitalised to construction in progress at the end of the reporting period. Floatingrate bank balances have not been included in the sensitivity analysis as the management considers that the interest rate would not fluctuate significantly in the near future and therefore the financial impact to the group is not significant. A change of 100 basis points (2011: 100 basis points) was applied to the yield curves and interest rate on both floating-rate bank and other borrowings and interest rate swap, together with the interest capitalised to construction in progress. The applied change is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates. If the interest rate of variable rate bank and other borrowings and interest rate swaps, together with the interest capitalised to construction in progress had been 100 basis points (2011: 100 basis points) higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's post-tax profit for the year, after taking amount of interest capitalised and fair value changes on the interest rate swap, would decrease/increase by HK\$80,513,000 (2011: HK\$62,086,000).

Equity price risk

The Group's available-for-sale investments and held-for-trading investments are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. Therefore, the Group is exposed to equity price risk. The management manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk profiles.

金融工具(續) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

利率風險(續)

敏感度分析

敏感度分析乃根據浮息銀行及其他借貸及利 率掉期之利率風險,連同於報告期末已撥充 在建工程資本之利息釐定。由於管理層認為 於可見將來利率不會大幅波動,對本集團的 財務影響不大,故並無將浮息銀行結餘計入 敏感性分析中。已就浮息銀行及其他借貸及 利率掉期之收益曲線及利率(連同撥充在建工 程資本之利息)使用100個基點(二零一一年: 100個基點)為變動單位。於內部向主要管 理人員呈報利率風險時會使用適用變動,其 代表管理層對利率之合理可能變動之評估。 倘浮息銀行及其他借貸及利率掉期之利率, 連同已撥充在建工程資本之利息上升/下跌 100個基點(二零一一年:100個基點),而所 有其他變數維持不變,則本集團之年度除税 後溢利於計及資本化之利息及利率調期公平 值變動後將減少/增加80,513,000港元(二 零一一年:62.086.000港元)。

股本價格風險

本集團之可供出售投資及持作買賣投資按其 於報告期末之公平值計量。因此,本集團須 承受股本價格風險。管理層已維持不同風險 程度之投資組合以管控此方面之風險。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risks (Continued) Equity price risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to equity price risks of listed equity instrument at the reporting date. A 10% (2011: 10%) change is used when reporting equity price risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in equity price.

For the year ended March 31, 2012, if the market bid prices of the listed investments had been 10% (2011: 10%) higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's post-tax profit for the year would increase/decrease by HK\$910,000 (2011: HK\$998,000) and the Group's investment revaluation reserve will increase/decrease by HK\$905,000 (2011: HK\$1,591,000) respectively. This is mainly attributable to the changes in fair values of the listed held-for-trading investments and available-for-sale investments respectively.

Credit risk

As at March 31, 2012, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties or debtors provided by the Group is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that followup action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at each half-reporting end date and end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments is limited because the counterparties are reputable banks in the PRC and banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international creditrating agencies.

金融工具(續) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續) 股本價格風險(續) 敏感度分析

下文之敏感度分析乃根據上市股本工具於呈 報日期須承受之股本價格風險而釐定。於內 部向主要管理人員呈報股本價格風險時會使 用10%(二零一一年:10%)為變動單位,其 代表管理層對股本價格之合理可能變動之評 估。

於截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度, 倘上市投資之市場買價上升/下跌10%(二 零一一年:10%),而所有其他變數維持不 變,則本集團之年度除税後溢利將增加/ 減少910,000港元(二零一一年:998,000港 元),而本集團之投資重估儲備將增加/減 少905,000港元(二零一一年:1,591,000港 元)。此主要由於上市持作買賣投資及可供出 售投資之公平值分別變動所致。

信貸風險

於二零一二年三月三十一日,本集團所面臨 將導致財務損失的最大信貸風險乃因對手方 未能履行義務或本集團因提供於綜合財務狀 況表所列之已確認金融資產相關賬面值而產 生之債項。

為盡量減低信貸風險,本集團之管理層已指 派隊伍負責釐定信貸額度、信貸審批及其他 監察程序,以確保就追討逾期債項採取跟進 行動。此外,本集團於報告中期末及報告期 末審閱各項貿易債項之可收回金額,以確保 就未能收回之金額作出足夠減值虧損。就此 而言,本公司董事認為本集團之信貸風險已 大幅減低。

由於對手方均為中國信譽良好之銀行及獲得 國際信貸評級組織評定為屬高信貸評級之銀 行,因此流動資金及衍生金融工具之信貸風 險有限。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risks (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

At the end of the reporting period, other than concentration of credit risk on amounts due from a single associate of HK\$201,224,000 (2011: HK\$234,933,000). The associate operates in the sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction in the PRC and no default payment history was noted. In order to minimise the credit risk on amount due from an associate, the directors of the Company closely monitors the subsequent settlement and does not grant long credit period to the counterparty. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significant reduced. The Group does not have any other significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a number of sub-contractors, commercial and household customers.

The policy of allowances for doubtful debts of the Group is based on the evaluation of collectability and aging analysis of accounts and on management's estimate. In determining whether impairment is required, the Group takes into consideration of aging status and likelihood of collection. Specific allowance is only made for receivables that are unlikely to be collected and is recognised on the difference between the estimated future cash flows expected to receive discounted using the original effective interest rate and the carrying value. If the financial conditions of customers of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowance may be required.

Liquidity risk

The Group has net current liabilities of HK\$3,280,019,000 as at March 31, 2012 (2011: HK\$1,802,781,000). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis because the directors believe that the Group has sufficient funds to finance its current working capital requirements taking into account of the cash flows from operations and assuming the continuing ability to utilise the available long-term bank loans facilities. As at March 31, 2012, the Group had available unutilised long-term bank loans facilities of HK\$34,275,305,000 (2011: HK\$35,707,479,000). Details of the Group's bank and other borrowings at March 31, 2012 are set out in note 36.

金融工具(續) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

信貸風險(續)

於報告期末,除應收一間聯營公司款項 201,224,000港元(二零一一年:234,933,000 港元)之集中信貸風險外,本集團並無任何其 他重大集中之信貸風險,風險分佈於多名分 銷商、商業及家庭客戶。聯營公司在中國經 營天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設,過往並無欠 款記錄。為盡量減低應收聯營公司款項之信 貸風險,本公司董事密切監控其後之結付, 且並無向對手方授予長期信貸期。就此而 言,本公司董事認為本集團之信貸風險已大 幅減低。

本集團就呆賬撥備之政策乃根據賬款之可收 回性及賬齡分析評估以及管理層估計釐定。 於釐定是否須作出減值時,本集團考慮賬齡 狀況及可收回性。僅會就不大可能收回之應 收款項作出特別撥備,並按使用原實際利率 貼現之將予收取估計未來現金流與賬面值 間之差額確認。倘本集團客戶之財務狀況轉 差,致使彼等之還款能力減弱,則可能須作 出額外撥備。

流動資金風險

於二零一二年三月三十一日,本集團之流動 負債淨額為3,280,019,000港元(二零一一 年:1,802,781,000港元)。綜合財務報表乃 按持續經營基準編製,原因是董事在考慮到 經營所得現金流及假設可繼續運用備用長期 銀行貸款融資後認為,本集團有足夠資金應 付其目前營運資金所需。於二零一二年三月 三十一日,本集團未動用之可得長期銀行貸 款融資為34,275,305,000港元(二零一一年: 35,707,479,000港元)。本集團於二零一二 年三月三十一日之銀行及其他借貸詳情載於 附註36。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risks (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition to issuance of new shares and convertible bonds, the Group also relies on bank and other borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. The management monitors the utilisation of bank and other borrowings.

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. Specifically, bank loans with a repayment on demand clause are included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities are based on the agreed repayment dates.

The tables include both interest and principal gross cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curve at the end of the reporting period.

金融工具(續) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

流動資金風險(續)

於管理流動資金風險時,本集團將現金及現 金等值項目監控及維持在管理層視為足夠撥 付本集團營運所需及減低現金流波動影響之 水平。除發行新股及可換股債券外,本集 團亦倚賴銀行及其他借貸為主要流動資金來 源。管理層監控銀行及其他借貸之運用。

下表詳述本集團就其非衍生金融負債之餘下 訂約到期情況。有關列表按本集團可要求付 款之最早日期的金融負債未貼現現金流列 示。具體而言,附有按要求償還條款之銀行 貸款計入最早時間段,不論銀行是否有可能 選擇行使其權利。其他非衍生金融負債之到 期日乃根據協定償還期釐定。

表中包括利息及本金現金流量總額。倘按浮 動利率計息,未貼現金額按報告期末的利率 曲線計算。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risks (Continued) Liquidity risk (Continued) 6. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

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市場風險(續) 流動資金風險(續)

		Weighted average contractual interest rate 加權平均 合約利率 %	Payable on demand 須應要求 償還 HK\$*000 千港元	Less than 1 month 少於一個月 HK\$*000 千港元	Between 1 to 3 months 一個月至 三個月 HK\$*000 千港元	Between 3 months to 1 year 三個月至 一年 HK\$°000 千港元	Between 1 to 5 years 一年至五年 HK\$*000 千港元		Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現 現金流總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Carrying amount at the end of reporting period 於報告期末 之賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
At March 31, 2012	於二零一二年三月三十一日									
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生金融負債 ^{97日 在住旺赴卫商任西地}			150.000					0.010.750	0.040.750
Trade and bill payables	貿易應付賬款及應付票據	-	-	452,099	1,344,889	443,770	-	-	2,240,758	2,240,758
Other payables and accrued charges	其他應付賬項及應計費用	-	-	507,523	136,281	60,788	-	-	704,592	704,592
Amounts due to non-controlling interests	應付附屬公司非控									
of subsidiaries	股權益之款項	-	95,639	-	-	-	-	-	95,639	95,639
Amounts due to shareholders of jointly	應付共同控制實體股東									
controlled entities	之款項	-	9,938	-	-	-	-	-	9,938	9,938
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸									
- fixed rate	一定息	6.35%	-	-	-	4,626,353	522,266	871,034	6,019,653	5,660,229
- floating rate	一浮息	8.35%	-	1,218	26,574	4,998,473	4,016,692	2,895,325	11,938,282	9,709,933
Amount due to a non-controlling interest	應付一間附屬公司									
of a subsidiary	非控股權益之款項	2%	-	-	-	5,268	-	-	5,268	5,165
			105,577	960,840	1,507,744	10,134,652	4,538,958	3,766,359	21,014,130	18,426,254
At March 31, 2011	於二零一一年三月三十一日									
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生金融負債									
Trade and bill payables	貿易應付賬款及應付票據	-	-	442,913	1,317,562	434,753	-	-	2,195,228	2,195,228
Other payables and accrued charges	其他應付賬項及應計費用	-	-	513,565	153,073	68,278	-	-	734,916	734,916
Amounts due to non-controlling interests	應付附屬公司非控股									
of subsidiaries	權益之款項	-	69,705	-	-	-	-	-	69,705	69,705
Amounts due to shareholders of jointly	應付共同控制實體									
controlled entities	股東之款項	-	17,399	-	-	-	-	-	17,399	17,399
Obligation on capital injection to Fujian	中民中燃(定義見附註54)									
Anran (as defined in note 22) by Zhongmin	向福建安然(定義見附註2	2)								
Zhongran (as defined in note 54)	注資的責任	-	-	-	23,448	-	-	-	23,448	23,448
Obligation on acquisition of additional	收購附屬公司額外權益之									
interest in a subsidiary (note 33)	責任(附註33)	-	-	-	-	38,095	-	-	38,095	38,095
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸									
- fixed rate	一定息	6.77%	-	-	-	292,673	4,465,615	1,193,394	5,951,682	5,574,302
101001010		0.450/	50 500	1 000	10.400	3,765,685	4,214,053	3,844,707	11.00/.600	9,458,862
- floating rate	- 浮息	8.15%	59,523	1,222	19,433	0,100,000	4,214,000	0,044,101	11,904,623	0,400,00Z
	-浮息 應付一間附屬公司	8.15%	59,523	1,222	19,433	0,700,000	4,214,000	0,044,707	11,904,023	3,400,002
- floating rate		8.15% 2%	- 59,523	-	19,433	5,143	4,214,000		5,143	5,042

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risks (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

As at March 31, 2011, bank loans with a repayment on demand clause were included in the "payable on demand" time band in the above maturity analysis. As at March 31, 2011, the aggregate undiscounted principal amounts of these bank loans amounted to HK\$59,523,000. Taking into account the Group's financial position, the directors did not believe that it was probable that the banks will exercise their discretionary rights to demand immediate repayment. The directors believed that such bank loans will be repaid under category between 1 to 5 years in the liquidity table after the reporting date in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements. At that time, the aggregate principal and interest cash outflows will amount to HK\$70,586,000.

The amounts included above for variable rate bank borrowings are subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ to those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

Fair value

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- the fair values of financial assets with standard terms and conditions and traded in active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices; and
- the fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding derivative instruments) are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis; and
- the fair values of interest rate range accrual swaps as set out in note 34, are calculated using discounted cash flow analysis based on the application yield curve derived from quoted interest rates and quoted spot and forward foreign exchange rates. For an option-based derivative embedded in convertible bonds, the fair value is estimated using option pricing model.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the financial statements approximate to their fair values. 金融工具(續)
 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續) 流動資金風險(續)

於二零一一年三月三十一日,附有按要求還 款條款之銀行貸款在上述到期日分析計入「須 應要求償還」之時間段內。於二零一一年三 月三十一日,該等銀行貸款之未貼現本金額 合共59,523,000港元。計及本集團之財務狀 況後,董事相信銀行行使酌情權要求即時還 款之可能性不大。董事相信,有關流動資金 列表內一年至五年類別項下之銀行貸款將於 報告日期後根據貸款協議所載預定償還日期 償還。屆時,本金總額及利息現金流出將為 70,586,000港元。

倘浮動利率的變動有別於報告期末所釐定的 估計利率,則以上就浮息銀行借貸計及的金 額或會改變。

公平值

金融資產及金融負債之公平值的釐定方法如下:

- 對有標準條款及條件及有活躍市場之
 金融資產,其公平值乃參考已公布之
 市場所報買賣價釐定;及
- 其他金融資產及金融負債(不包括衍生 工具)之公平值乃根據公認之定價模式 而釐定,並根據現金流量貼現分析;
 及
- 誠如附註34所載,利率範圍累計掉期 之公平值乃採用貼現現金流量分析計 算,而貼現現金流量分析乃根據所報 利率及所報現貨及遠期匯率所得之應 用收益曲線計算。附帶於可換股債券 之期權衍生工具之公平值則採用期權 定價模式進行估計。

本公司董事認為於財務報表按攤銷成本入賬 之金融資產及金融負債之賬面值與其公平值 相若。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

Fair value (Continued)

Fair value measurements recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

6. 金融工具(續)

公平值(續)

於綜合財務狀況表確認的公平值計量

下表提供初步以公平值確認後計量的金融工 具分析,其按可觀察公平值程度分為一至三 級。

- 第一級公平值計量乃自相同資產或負 債於活躍市場所報未調整價格得出。
- 第二級公平值計量乃除第一級計入的 報價外,自資產或負債可直接(即價 格)或間接(自價格衍生)觀察輸入數據 得出。
- 第三級公平值計量乃計入並非根據可 觀察市場數據(無法觀察輸入數據)的 資產或負債的估值方法得出。

			2012 二零一二年	
		Level 1	Level 2	Total
		第一級	第二級	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益的金融資產			
Derivative financial asset	衍生金融資產			
Held-for-trading investments	持作買賣投資	10,893	-	10,893
Available-for-sale financial	可供出售金融資產			
assets				
Listed equity securities	上市股本證券	9,054	-	9,054
Unlisted club debentures	非上市會所債券	-	5,153	5,153
Total	總計	19,947	5,153	25,100

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

6. Financial Instruments (Continued)

6. 金融工具(續)

Fair value (Continued)

公	平	值	(續)	

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			2011 二零一一年	
		Level 1	Level 2	Total
		第一級	第二級	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益的金融資產			
Derivative financial asset	衍生金融資產			
Held-for-trading investments	持作買賣投資	11,948	_	11,948
Available-for-sale financial	可供出售金融資產			
assets				
Listed equity securities	上市股本證券	15,908	_	15,908
Unlisted club debentures	非上市會所債券	_	5,047	5,047
Financial liabilities at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益的金融負債			
Derivative financial liability	衍生金融負債			
Interest rate range accrual	利率範圍累計掉期			
swaps		_	(32,122)	(32,122)
Total	總計	27,856	(27,075)	781
		,	() /	-

There were no transfer between Level 1 and 2 in the current year and prior year.

7. Revenue

Revenue mainly represents the net amounts received and receivable for sales of piped gas, LPG and coke and gas appliances and construction contract revenue from gas connection contracts by the Group for the year and is analysed as follows: 於本年度及上年度,第一級與第二級之間並 無轉移。

7. 收入

收入主要指年內本集團銷售管道燃氣、液化 石油氣及燃煤及氣體設備以及來自燃氣接駁 合約之工程合約收入之已收及應收款項淨 額,分析如下:

		2012	2011
		二零一二年	二零一一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Sales of piped gas	管道燃氣銷售	7,662,537	6,359,041
Gas connection income	燃氣接駁收入	2,803,721	2,346,388
Sales of LPG	液化石油氣銷售	7,992,816	6,654,797
Sales of coke and gas appliances	燃煤及氣體設備銷售	456,694	485,131
Rental income	租金收入	17,797	16,523
		18,933,565	15,861,880

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

8. Segment Information

Information reported to the Group's chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), being the managing directors of the Group, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of goods or services rendered which is also consistent with the basis of organisation of the Group, except for Zhongyu Gas Holdings Limited ("Zhongyu Gas"), a subsidiary where the Group had acquired 56.33% equity interest in it during the year ended March 31, 2011. The Group considered Zhongyu Gas was a single operating segment as CODM reviewed the total revenue and overall result of Zhongyu Gas during the year ended March 31, 2011.

On April 18, 2011, Zhongyu Gas ceased to be a subsidiary of the Group and become an associate as a result of share placing by Zhongyu Gas as detailed in note 44. The Group's effective interest in Zhongyu Gas was reduced from approximately 56.33% to approximately 46.96%. Since then, the CODM reviewed the results of Zhongyu Gas being shared by the Group under equity method of accounting and Zhongyu Gas continues to be a single operating segment.

The Group's reportable and operating segments under HKFRS 8 are as follows:

- (i) Sales of piped gas;
- (ii) Gas connection;
- (iii) Sales of LPG;
- (iv) Sales of coke and gas appliances; and
- (v) Zhongyu Gas

Information regarding the above segments is presented below.

8. 分類資料

向本集團主要營運決策者(「主要營運決策 者」)(即本集團董事總經理)呈報以便進行資 源分配及分類表現評估之資料側重於提供產 品或服務之類型,其亦與本集團之組織基礎 相吻合,惟附屬公司中裕燃氣控股有限公司 (「中裕燃氣」,本集團於截至二零一一年三月 三十一日止年度收購其56.33%股權)除外。 截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度,主要 營運決策者僅檢討中裕燃氣之總收益及整體 業績,本集團決定視中裕燃氣為單一經營分 類。

於二零一一年四月十八日,中裕燃氣股份配 售事項(詳情見附註44)導致中裕燃氣不再為 本集團附屬公司而成為本集團聯營公司。本 集團於中裕燃氣的實際持股量由約56.33%降 至約46.96%。以後,主要營運決策者審閱依 據權益會計法計算本集團應佔中裕燃氣之業 績,且中裕燃氣繼續為單一經營分類。

根據香港財務報告準則第8號,本集團之呈報 及經營分類如下:

- (i) 管道燃氣銷售;
- (ii) 燃氣接駁;
- (iii) 液化石油氣銷售;
- (iv) 燃煤及氣體設備銷售;及
- (v) 中裕燃氣

有關以上分類的資料載列如下。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

8. Segment Information (Continued)

Segment revenues and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable and operating segment.

For the year ended March 31, 2012

8. 分類資料(續)

分類收益及業績

本集團按呈報及經營分類劃分之收益及業績 分析如下:

截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

		Sales of piped gas 管道燃氣 銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	Gas connection 燃氣接駁 HK\$'000 千港元	Sales of LPG 液化石油氣 銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	Sales of coke and gas appliances 燃煤及氣體 設備銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	Zhongyu Gas 中裕燃氣 HK\$'000 千港元	Segment Total 分類總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment revenue from external customers	來自外界客戶之 分類收益	7,662,537	2,803,721	7,992,816	456,694	-	18,915,768
Segment profit (loss)	分類溢利(虧損)	1,033,390	1,403,733	80,749	(34,052)	53,018	2,536,838
Revenue arising from property investment Change in fair value of	物業投資收益 投資物業公平值變動						17,797
investment properties							41,491
Interest and other gains	利息及其他收益						79,253
Unallocated corporate expenses	未分配公司開支 財務費用						(148,657)
Finance costs Change in fair value of financial	金融工具公平值						(916,045)
instruments	變動						32,122
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary Loss on deemed disposal of	出售附屬公司之收益 視作出售附屬公司						2,035
a subsidiary	之虧損						(60,176)
Gain on deemed disposals of an associate	視作出售聯營公司 之收益						2,370
Share of results of unlisted	應佔非上市聯營						2,010
associates	公司之業績						33,390
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利						1,620,418
							HK\$'000 千港元
Reconciliation of revenue	收益對賬						
Total revenue for operating segments	營運分類總收益						18,915,768
Rental income	租金收入						17,797
Group's consolidated revenue	集團綜合收益						18,933,565

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

8. Segment Information (Continued)

Segment revenues and results (Continued) For the year ended March 31, 2011

8. 分類資料(續)

分類收益及業績(續)

截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度

					Sales of coke		
		Sales of piped gas 管道燃氣	Gas connection	Sales of LPG 液化石油氣	and gas appliances 燃煤及氣體	Zhongyu gas	Segment Total
		銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	燃氣接駁 HK\$'000 千港元	銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	設備銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	中裕燃氣 HK\$'000 千港元	分類總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment revenue from external customers	來自外界客戶之分類收	益 5,582,934	2,086,497	6,654,797	485,131	1,035,998	15,845,357
Segment profit (loss)	分類溢利(虧損)	692,146	1,046,494	(22,435)	2,638	92,410	1,811,253
Revenue arising from property investment Interest and other gains Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs Change in fair value of investment	物業投資收益 利息及其他收益 未分配公司開支 財務費用 投資物業公平值變動						16,523 57,493 (189,742) (614,391)
properties							47,057
Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments Loss on dissolution of a jointly controlled	衍生金融工具 公平值變動 解散共同控制實體						(44,790)
entity Gain on disposal of an associate	之虧損 出售聯營公司之收益 山生可供出生い??						(932) 753
Loss on disposal of available-for-sale investments Share of results of unlisted associates	出售可供出售投資 之虧損 應佔非上市聯營公司						(2,042)
	之業績						15,856
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利					_	1,097,038
							HK\$'000 千港元
Reconciliation of revenue Total revenue for operating segments Rental income	收益對賬 營運分類總收益 租金收入						15,845,357 16,523
Group's consolidated revenue	集團綜合收益					_	15,861,880
						_	

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

8. Segment Information (Continued)

Segment revenues and results (Continued)

All of the segment revenue reported above is from external customers and no inter-segment sales are noted for current and prior years.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. Except for segment profit of Zhongyu Gas, segment profit (loss) for remaining reportable segments represents the profit earned by or loss from each segment without allocation of bank interest income, property rental income, exchange gain, central administration cost, change in fair value of investment properties and derivative financial instruments, loss on dissolution of a jointly controlled entity, gain on disposal of an associate, loss on disposal of available-for-sale investments, gain on disposal of a subsidiary, loss on deemed disposal of a subsidiary, gain on deemed disposals of an associate, share of results of unlisted associates and finance costs. The segment profit of Zhongyu Gas represents the share of results (2011: the profit before taxation) of Zhongyu Gas. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and performance assessment.

8. 分類資料(續)

分類收益及業績(續)

以上呈報之全部分類收益均來自外界客戶, 本年度及過往年度概無分類間銷售紀錄。

營運分類的會計政策與附註3所述的本集團 會計政策相同。除中裕燃氣分類溢利外,餘 下呈報分類的分類溢利(虧損)指各分類的 溢利或虧損,並無計及銀行利息收入分配、 物業租金收入、匯兑收益、中央行政成本、 投資物業及衍生金融工具之公平值變動、解 散共同控制實體之虧損、出售聯營公司之收 益、出售可供出售投資之虧損、出售附屬公 司之收益、視作出售附屬公司之虧損、視作 出售聯營公司之收益、應佔非上市聯營公司 之業績及財務費用。中裕燃氣分類溢利指應 佔中裕燃氣之業績(二零一一年:除税前溢 利)。此乃就資源分配及表現評估而言向主要 營運決策者匯報的計量方法。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

8. Segment Information (Continued)

Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's segment assets and segment liabilities that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker:

At March 31, 2012

8. 分類資料(續)

以下為本集團由主要營運決策者定期檢討的 分類資產及分類負債分析:

於二零一二年三月三十一日

		Sales of piped gas 管道燃氣 銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	Gas connection 燃氣接駁 HK\$'000 千港元	Sales of LPG 液化石油氣 銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	of coke and gas appliances 燃煤及氣體 設備銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	Zhongyu gas 中裕燃氣 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 分類總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets Segment assets	資產 分類資產	16,263,994	1,606,501	4,580,168	366,087	943,369	23,760,119
Segment assets Investment properties Property, plant and equipment (for corporate) Prepaid lease payments (for corporate) Investments in associates Available-for-sale investments Deferred tax assets Held-for-trading investments Other receivables (for corporate) Pledged bank deposits Bank balances and cash Consolidated total assets	分類員產 投資物業 物業、廠房及設備 (公司) 預付租賃款項(公司) 於聯營公司之投資 可低延税項資產 持作實投資 其他應收稅項費投資 其他應收行存款 銀行結餘及現金 綜合資產總額 負債	10,203,994	1,000,001	4,000,100	300,087	943,309	23,760,119 450,600 174,584 34,062 1,342,874 76,658 94,065 10,893 402,304 710,459 4,817,767 31,874,385
Segment liabilities Other payables (for corporate) Taxation Bank and other borrowings Amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary Deferred tax liabilities	分類負債 其他應付賬項(公司) 税項 銀行及其他借貸 應付附屬公司 非控股權益款項 遞延税項負債	771,144	2,629,470	761,802	191,183	-	4,353,599 552,917 189,339 15,370,162 5,165 526,741

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

8. Segment Information (Continued)

Segment assets and liabilities (Continued) At March 31, 2011

8. 分類資料(續)

分類資產及負債(續)

於二零一一年三月三十一日

			Sales		
			of coke		
Sales of	Gas	Sales of	and gas	Zhongyu	
piped gas	connection	LPG	appliances	gas	Total
管道燃氣		液化石油氣	燃煤及氣體		
銷售	燃氣接駁	銷售	設備銷售	中裕燃氣	分類總額
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
					(Restated)
					(重列)

ASSETS	資產						
Segment assets	分類資產	15,012,856	1,238,994	3,533,330	299,042	2,236,507	22,320,729
Investment properties	投資物業						401,890
Property, plant and equipment (for corporate)	物業、廠房及設備(公司)						175,788
Prepaid lease payments (for corporate)	預付租賃款項(公司)						34,349
Investments in associates	於聯營公司之投資						1,009,505
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資						82,930
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產						91,466
Held-for-trading investments	持作買賣投資						11,948
Other receivables (for corporate)	其他應收賬項(公司)						308,904
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款						1,633,466
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金					_	4,827,808
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總額					_	30,898,783
LIABILITIES	負債						
Segment liabilities	分類負債	549,785	2,228,266	698,570	112,788	1,198,521	4,787,930
Other payables (for corporate)	其他應付賬項(公司)						715,058
Taxation	税項						136,781
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸						14,361,182
Amount due to a non-controlling	應付附屬公司						
interest of a subsidiary	非控股權益款項						5,042
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債						520,890
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具					_	32,122
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額						20,559,005

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

8. Segment Information (Continued)

Segment assets and liabilities (Continued)

For the purposes of monitoring segment performances and allocating resources between segments:

- All assets, except for the investments in associates for Zhongyu Gas (2011: assets of Zhongyu Gas), are allocated to operating segments other than investments in associates, available-forsale investments, property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payments for corporate use, deferred tax assets, held-fortrading investments, pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash of the Group, and corporate assets of the Group. Segment assets of Zhongyu Gas represents the total assets of Zhongyu Gas.
- All liabilities, except for the liabilities of Zhongyu Gas, are allocated to operating segments other than derivative financial instruments, taxation, bank and other borrowings, amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary and deferred tax liabilities of the Group, and corporate liabilities of the Group. Segment liabilities of Zhongyu Gas represents the total liabilities of Zhongyu Gas.

分類資料(續) 分類資產及負債(續)

就監察分類表現及於分類間分配資源而言:

- 除為中裕燃氣所作出於聯營公司之投資(二零一一年:中裕燃氣資產)外,所有資產均分配至於聯營公司之投資、可供出售投資、公司用途之物業、廠房及設備及預付租賃款項、遞延税項資產、持作買賣投資、已抵押銀行存款及銀行結餘及本集團現金以外的營運分類。中裕燃氣分類資產指中裕燃氣的資產總額。
- 除中裕燃氣負債外,所有負債均分 配至衍生金融工具、税項、銀行及其 他借貸、應付附屬公司非控股權益款 項、本集團遞延税項負債及本集團公 司負債以外的營運分類。中裕燃氣分 類負債指中裕燃氣的負債總額。

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8. Segment Information (Continued) 8. 分類資料(續)

Other segment information

其他分類資料

		Sales of piped gas	Gas	Sales of LPG	Sales of coke and gas appliances	Zhongyu Gas	Segment total	Jnallocated C	consolidated
		P.P 0		液化	燃煤及氣體				
		管道燃氣銷售	燃氣接駁	石油氣銷售	設備銷售	中裕燃氣	分類總額	未分配	綜合
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets:	包括在計算分類損益或 分類資產的金額:								
2012	二零一二年								
Additions of prepaid lease payments		63,257	_	14,973	_	_	78,230	_	78,230
Additions to goodwill	商譽添置	-	_	43,323	_	_	43,323	_	43,323
Additions to property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備添置	1.973.603	_	138,106	-	_	2,111,709	4.199	2,115,908
Loss on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及								, .,
plant and equipment	設備的虧損	4,945	-	2,701	-	-	7,646	-	7,646
Gain on disposal of prepaid lease payments	出售預付租賃款項的收益	(1,450)	-	-	-	-	(1,450)	-	(1,450)
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	46,264	-	-	-	-	46,264	-	46,264
Release of prepaid lease payment	發還預付租賃款項	20,391	-	13,554	-	-	33,945		33,945
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	424,607	-	127,423	-	-	552,030	4,939	556,969
Allowance for trade receivables	貿易應收賬款撥備	-	2,290	-	-	-	2,290	-	2,290
Share of results of associates	應佔聯營公司業績	-	-	-	-	53,018	53,018	33,390	86,408
Investments in associates	於聯營公司之投資	-	-	-	-	943,369	943,369	1,342,874	2,286,243
2011 (restated)	二零一一年(重列)								
Additions of prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項添置	92,784	-	3,969	-	122,182	218,935	-	218,935
Additions to goodwill	商譽添置	22,744	-	-	-	558,018	580,762	-	580,762
Additions to intangible assets	無形資產添置	102,751	-	-	-	89,316	192,067	-	192,067
Additions to property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備添置	1,414,347	-	224,311	-	266,325	1,904,983	4,019	1,909,002
Loss (gain) on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及								
plant and equipment	設備的虧損(收益)	9,643	-	(1,274)	-	1,011	9,380	(117)	9,263
Loss on disposal of prepaid lease payments	出售預付租賃款項的虧損	-	-	3,267	-	73	3,340	-	3,340
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	46,623	-	-	-	2,351	48,974	-	48,974
Release of prepaid lease payment	發還預付租賃款項	26,980	-	13,273	-	2,669	42,922	849	43,771
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	390,807	-	176,219	-	28,636	595,662	3,330	598,992
Allowance for trade receivables	貿易應收賬款撥備	-	7,383	-	-	-	7,383	-	7,383
Share of results of associates	應佔聯營公司業績 於聯營公司之投資	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,856	15,856

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

8. Segment Information (Continued) Geographical information

The Group's operations are mainly located in the PRC.

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's revenue by location of external customers:

8. 分類資料(續)

地區資料

本集團的業務主要位於中國。

下表提供本集團按外界客戶所在地劃分的收入分析:

		2012	2011
		二零一二年	二零一一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Hong Kong	香港	960	960
PRC	中國	18,932,605	15,860,920
		18,933,565	15,861,880

None of the customers contributed over 10% of total revenue of the Group.

The following is the information about non-current assets other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets by the geographical area in which the assets are located: 以下為按資產所在地劃分的非流動資產(金融 工具及遞延税項資產除外)的資料:

概無客戶佔本集團總收益10%以上。

		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)
Hong Kong PRC	香港中國	146,300 20,631,044	143,804 19,915,635
		20,777,344	20,059,439

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9. Other Income

9. 其他收入

		二零一二 HK\$*(
Interest income	利息收入	78,8	884 58,604
Subsidies from PRC governmental authorities:	中國政府機關之補貼:		
 compensation for loss incurred in coal gas 	一煤氣業務引致的 虧損的賠償(附註a)		
operation (note a) – subsidy for replacement of pipelines for natural	-置換天然氣供應管道 之補貼(附註b)	14,	757 11,371
gas supply (note b)		66,2	223 44,143
– tax refund (note c) Repair and maintenance	一退税(附註c) 維修及保養服務費	5,	743 1,231
services fee		21,	109 19,607
Other services income Income from gas storage	其他服務收入 儲氣罐收入	50,0	668 34,760
containers Income from leasing	出租設備收入	39,	515 4,002
of equipments		28,9	955 25,275
Transportation income	運輸收入	26,9	986 6,441
Others	其他	51,	178 31,503
		384,	018 236,937

Notes:

- (a) Pursuant to notice of compensation dated August 28, 2007 issued by the relevant government authority in the PRC, 撫順中 燃城市發展有限公司 ("撫順中燃"), a subsidiary of the Company, received a compensation from the government authority to subsidise for the increase in cost of sales of natural gas by reference to monthly purchase volume by 撫順中燃 for both years.
- For the year ended March 31, 2012, 撫順中燃 received a subsidy (b) of HK\$33,524,000 (2011: HK\$12,254,000) from 撫順市財政局 for the cost incurred for connection contracts relating to pipeline network for customers in new urban areas and replacement of old pipeline network of the natural gas users in Fushun city. All the required work has been completed by 撫順中燃. All the costs incurred were recognised as cost of sales in profit or loss during the year. In addition, 淮南中燃城市發展有限公司("淮南中燃"), a subsidiary of the Company, received subsidies of HK\$19,908,000 for the year (2011: HK\$20,818,000) from 淮南市財政局 for its additional costs incurred in certain gas connection contracts in which the connection fee is fixed by the relevant government authority in the PRC and 庄河中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司, a subsidiary of the Company, received the subsidies of HK\$12,791,000 for the year (2011: HK\$11,071,000) from the relevant government authority for the cost incurred in certain gas connection contracts.
- (c) The PRC government authorities have granted a tax incentive to certain subsidiaries in the PRC by way of tax refund for natural gas business operated in the PRC.

附註:

- (a) 根據中國有關政府機關於二零零七年八月二十八日發出的補償通知書,本公司附屬公司撫順中燃城市發展有限公司 (「撫順中燃」)有權從政府機關獲得賠償,以補貼天然氣銷售成本增加(參考撫順中燃於該兩個年度之每月購買量)。
- 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年 (b) 度, 撫順中燃從撫順市財政局獲取的 補貼33,524,000港元(二零一一年: 12,254,000港元),以資助撫順市新市 區用戶管道網有關之接駁合約及天然氣 用戶的舊管道網置換產生的成本。撫順 中燃已完成所有規定工序。所有成本已 於本年度之損益中確認為銷售成本。另 外,本公司附屬公司淮南中燃城市發展 有限公司(「淮南中燃」)從淮南市財政局 獲得補貼19,908,000港元(二零一一年: 20,818,000港元),以補貼若干接駁燃氣 合約(當中的接駁費乃由中國有關政府機 關釐定)所產生之額外成本。本公司附屬 公司庄河中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司從 有關政府機關獲取補貼12,791,000港元 (二零一一年:11,071,000港元),以資 助若干接駁燃氣合約所產生的成本。
- (c) 中國政府機關已授出一項稅務獎勵予若 干中國附屬公司,即退回在中國經營天 然氣業務之税項。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

10. Other Gains and Losses

10. 其他收益及虧損

and the second second	Alter and a second s	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other gains and losses comprise:	其他收益及虧損包括:		
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary (note 43(i))	出售附屬公司的收益(附註43(i)) 視作出售附屬公司的虧損(附計44)	2,035	-
Loss on deemed disposal of a subsidiary (note 44) Gain on deemed disposals of	祝作山告附屬公司的虛損(附註44) 視作出售聯營公司的收益(附註21(a))	(60,176)	_
an associate (note 21(a)) Loss on disposal of available-for-sale investments	出售可供出售投資的虧損	2,370	- (2,042)
Loss on dissolution of a jointly controlled entity (note 45) Gain on disposal of an associate	解散共同控制實體的虧損(附註45) 出售聯營公司的收益	-	(932) 753
Allowance for trade receivables (note 30)	貿易應收賬款撥備(附註30)	(2,290)	(7,383)
Change in fair value of investment properties Change in fair value of	投資物業的公平值變動 持作買賣投資的公平值變動	41,491	47,057
held-for-trading investments Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments (note 34)	衍生金融工具的公平值變動(附註34)	(1,055) 32,122	(3,520)
Gain on redemption of Zhongyu Gas Bond	贖回中裕燃氣債券(於附註39界定)的收益	02,122	
(as defined in note 39) Exchange gain	匯兑收益	- 117,930	1,814 103,566
		132,427	93,230

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

11. Finance Costs

11. 財務費用

		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on:	以下項目之利息:		
Bank loans and other borrowings wholly	須於五年內全數償還之 銀行貸款及其他借貸		
repayable within five years		607,492	253,259
Bank loans and other borrowings not wholly	毋須於五年內全數償還之 銀行貸款及其他借貸		
repayable within five years		294,958	340,897
Convertible bonds (note 39)	可換股債券(附註39)	-	3,045
		902,450	597,201
Net interest expense on	利率掉期之淨利息開支		101.001
interest rate swaps	燃六方冲工印次大力利自	81,213	101,664
Interest capitalised to construction in progress	撥充在建工程資本之利息	(67,618)	(63,836)
		916,045	635,029

Borrowing costs capitalised during the year arose on the general borrowing pool and are calculated by applying a capitalisation rate of 5.89% (2011: 5.87%) per annum to expenditure on qualifying assets.

本年度內已撥充資本之借貸成本乃產生自一 般性借貸組合,按用於合資格資產的開支之 5.89%(二零一一年:5.87%)的年度資本化率 計算。

12. Taxation

12. 税項

		二零一: HK\$'	
PRC Enterprise Income Tax Deferred taxation (note 40)	中國企業所得税 遞延税項(附註40)	-	322,951 322,951 (7,235)
		478,	3,502 315,716

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

12. Taxation (Continued)

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the consolidated financial statements as the Group had no assessable profit derived in Hong Kong for both years.

Taxation arising in the PRC is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions except for the tax preference defined as per below.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC, certain PRC subsidiaries of the Company are exempted from PRC Enterprise Income Tax for the first two years commencing from their first profitmaking year of operation and thereafter, these PRC entities will be entitled to a 50% relief from PRC Enterprise Income Tax for the following three years ("Tax preference"). The Tax preference arrangement of the aforesaid PRC subsidiaries have been/will be expired from 2012 to 2013. The reduced tax rate for the relief period is 12.5% for both years. The charge of PRC Enterprise Income Tax for the years has been provided for after taking these Tax preference into account.

The taxation for the year can be reconciled to the (loss) profit before taxation per the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

12. 税項(續)

由於本集團於該兩個年度無於香港產生應課 税溢利,故並未於綜合財務報表就香港利得 税作出撥備。

除下述税務優惠外,中國税項乃按有關地區 之適用税率計算。

根據中國有關法律及法規,本公司若干中國 附屬公司於首次獲得盈利年度後首兩年內獲 豁免繳納中國企業所得税,其後之三年內, 該等中國實體將獲寬減50%之中國企業所得 税(「税務優惠」)。以上所述中國附屬公司 的税務優惠安排已/將於二零一二年至二 零一三年屆滿。該兩個年度的寬減税率為 12.5%。經考慮税務優惠後,已就該等年度 之中國企業所得税作出撥備。

年度税項與綜合全面收入報表所示除税前(虧 損)溢利之對賬如下:

		Hong Kong 香港			PRC 中國		tal 計
		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
(Loss) profit before taxation	除税前(虧損)溢利	(142,881)	(322,515)	1,763,299	1,419,553	1,620,418	1,097,038
Tax at the domestic income tax rate	按本地所得税率 計算之税項 應佔聯營公司業績之	(23,575)	(53,215)	440,825	354,887	417,250	301,672
Tax effect of expenses not	成口聯 當 公 印 未頑之 税項影響 就税項而言不可扣減	-	_	(21,602)	(3,964)	(21,602)	(3,964)
deductible for tax purpose Tax effect of income not taxable	之開支之税項影響 就税項而言毋須課税	16,602	31,222	11,566	12,244	28,168	43,466
for tax purpose Tax effect of estimated tax losses	之收入之税項影響 並無確認之估計税項	(8,177)	(1,412)	(24,580)	(14,186)	(32,757)	(15,598)
not recognised Tax effect of income tax at	虧損之税項影響 按優惠税率計算所得	15,150	23,405	136,817	83,864	151,967	107,269
concessionary rate	税之税項影響	-	-	(64,524)	(117,129)	(64,524)	(117,129)
Taxation	税項	-	-	478,502	315,716	478,502	315,716

Note: The applicable tax rate for Hong Kong and PRC are 16.5% (2011: 16.5%) and 25% (2011: 25%) respectively.

附註: 香港及中國之適用税率分別為16.5%(二 零一一年:16.5%)及25%(二零一一年: 25%)。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

13. Profit for the Year

13. 年度溢利

		2012	2011
		二零一二年	二零一一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging (crediting):	年度溢利已扣除(計入)下列各項:		
Auditor's remuneration Depreciation of property,	核數師酬金 物業、廠房及設備之折舊	6,500	6,000
plant and equipment		556,969	598,992
Release of prepaid lease payments Amortisation of intangible assets	發還預付租賃款項 包括於銷售成本內之無形資產攤銷	33,945	43,771
included in cost of sales Minimum lease payments for	經營租約之最低租金:	46,264	48,974
operating leases in respect of: – rented premises	一租賃物業	66,075	40,061
– equipments	-設備	55,119	32,627
	ᆘᅀᄥᆃᅠᅙᇊᇧᄱᄮᆠᇔᇃ	121,194	72,688
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損	7,646	9,263
(Gain) loss on disposal of prepaid lease payments Research and development cost	出售預付租賃款項的(收益)虧損 研發成本(包括在行政開支內)	(1,450)	3,340
(included in administrative expenses)	听發成平(包括在1)政用又内)		8,642
Share of tax of associates (included in share of results of	應佔聯營公司税項 (包括在應佔聯營公司業績內)		0,042
associates) Staff costs;	員工成本:	31,404	5,015
Directors' emoluments (note 14) Salaries and allowances	董事酬金(附註14) 其他僱員之薪酬及津貼	13,689	36,404
of other staff Contributions to retirement benefit	為其他僱員向退休福利計劃供款	700,197	537,676
scheme contributions of other staff		132,267	95,067
Less: amount capitalised in construction in progress	減:撥充在建工程資本之金額	(43,210)	(28,264)
		802,943	640,883
Cost of inventories recognised as expenses in respect of:	就以下項目已確認為開支之存貨成本:	002,040	0-0,000
Sales of piped gas	管道燃氣銷售		
Sales of LPG	液化石油氣銷售	6,000,173	4,977,184
Contract costs recognised as expense in respect of gas	就燃氣接駁工程合約確認為開支 之合約成本	7,204,037	6,089,737
connection construction contracts		919,476	688,341
Sales of coke and gas appliances	燃煤及氣體設備銷售	475,382	465,848
Pontal incomo from investment	山 恣枷丵吝开う和今世 λ	14,599,068	12,221,110
Rental income from investment properties less outgoings of HK\$3,361,000	投資物業產生之租金收入 減支銷3,361,000港元 (二零一一年:2,314,000港元)		
(2011: HK\$2,314,000)	(~ ~ I · 2,014,000/E/D/	(14,436)	(14,209)

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

14. Emoluments of Directors

Directors

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the 15 (2011: 18) directors were as follow:

2012

二零一二年

14. 董事酬金

董事

之酬金如下:

已付或應付各15名(二零一一年:18名)董事

Contributions

					Contributions	
			Salaries		to retirement	
		Directors'	and other	Share-based	benefits	Total
		fees	benefits	payments	scheme	emoluments
		* * 가 ^	薪金及	以股份	退休福利	副人体弦
		董事袍金	其他福利	形式付款	計劃供款	酬金總額
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		17070	17070	17070	17070	17070
Independent non-executive chairperson	獨立非執行主席					
Ms. Wong Sin Yue, Cynthia	黃倩如女士	480		457		937
Executive directors	執行董事					
Mr. Leung Wing Cheong, Eric	梁永昌先生	-	2,808	752	12	3,572
Mr. Pang Ying Xue	龐英學先生		1,943	-	-	1,943
Mr. Zhu Wei Wei	朱偉偉先生		480	609	12	1,101
Mr. Ma Jin Long	馬金龍先生	300	646	609	-	1,555
Mr. Li Xiao Yun (Note i)	李小雲先生(附註i)	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Xu Ying (Note i)	徐鷹先生(附註i)	-			-	-
Mr. Liu Ming Hui (Note i)	劉明輝先生(附註i)	-	-			-
Non-executive directors	非執行董事					
Mr. Feng Zhuo Zhi	馮卓志先生	240	575	457	-	1,272
Mr. Jo Yamagata	山縣丞先生	240		457	-	697
Mr. Premesh Kumar Jain	Premesh Kumar Jain先生	258		-	-	258
Mr. Moon Duk Kyu	文德圭先生	240	-	-	-	240
Mr. Kim Yong Joong (Note ii)	金容仲先生(附註ii)	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Mulham Basheer Abdullah Al-Jarf	Mulham Basheer Abdullah Al-Jarf先生	240		-	-	240
Mr. Mark Douglas Gelinas (Note iii)	Mark Douglas Gelinas先生(附註iii)	-	-	-	-	-
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Zhao Yu Hua	趙玉華先生	480		457	-	937
Dr. Mao Er Wan	毛二萬博士	480	-	457	-	937
		2,958	6,452	4,255	24	13,689

Notes:

Removed on April 26, 2011 (i)

- Appointed as alternate to Mr. Moon Duk Kyu on September 2, (ii) 2011
- Appointed as alternate to Mr. Mulham Basheer Abdullah Al-Jarf on (iii) April 20, 2011

附註:

- 於二零一一年四月二十六日被罷免 (i)
- 於二零一一年九月二日獲委任為文德圭先 (ii) 生的替任董事
- 於二零一一年四月二十日獲委任為 (iii) Mulham Basheer Abdullah Al-Jarf先生的 替任董事

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

14. Emoluments of Directors (Continued)

14. 董事酬金(續)

2011 二零一一年

Salaries related to retrement Directors' and other incentre payments Share-based benefits message message message message message message message message <tdm< th=""><th>—————————————————————————————————————</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></tdm<>	—————————————————————————————————————							
fees benefits payments payments scheme em 難事砲金 其他福利 掛鉤蜈金 形式付款 計劃供款 HKS000 HKS000 HKS000 HKS000 HKS000 File元 File元 File元 File元 File元 Independent non-executive chaiperson 獨立非執行主席 - - 1,345 - Executive directors 執行董事 - - 1,345 - Executive directors 執行董事 - - 1,345 - Mr. Leung Wing Cheong, Eric (Note iii) 梁永昌先生(附註iii) - 80 40 - - Mr. Zhu Wei Wei 朱偉偉先生 - 480 660 1.794 12 Mr. Li Vao Yun (Note vii) 季小葉先生(附註ivi) - 7.200 - - 12 Mr. Eug Zhuo Zhi 小蜂素先生(附註ivi) - 7.200 - 12 Mr. Li Vao Yun (Note vii) 登明暉先生(附註vi) - 7.200 - 12 Nr. Jorangata 山藤丞先生(附註vi)			fees 董事袍金 HK\$'000	and other benefits 薪金及 其他福利 HK\$'000	incentive payments 業績 掛鈎獎金 HK\$'000	payments 以股份 形式付款 HK\$'000	benefits scheme 退休福利 計劃供款 HK\$'000	Total emoluments 酬金總額 HK\$°000 千港元
HK\$000 HK\$000								
Ms. Wong Sin Yue, Cynthia 黄倩如女士 480 - - 1,345 - Executive directors 執行董事 ************************************								
Executive directors 執行董事 Mr. Leung Wing Cheong, Eric (Note iii) 梁永昌先生(附註iii) - 648 324 201 3 Mr. Pang Ying Xue (Note iv) 廠英學先生(附註vi) - 660 1.794 - Mr. Zhu Wei Wei 朱偉偉先生 - 480 660 1.794 - Mr. Li Xiao Yun (Note vii) 夢小雲先生(附註vii) 3.000 - - 1.794 - Mr. Li Xiao Yun (Note vii) 夢小雲先生(附註vii) 3.000 - - 1.2 Mr. Liu Ming Hui (Note vii) 奈偉先生(附註vii) - 7.200 - - 12 Non-executive directors 非執行董事 - - 1.345 - 12 Non-executive directors 非執行董事 - - 1.345 - - Mr. Forg Zhuo Zhi 馮卓志先生(附註vi) 230 - - - - Mr. Human Basheer Multam Basheer Abdullah - - - - - Mr. Moon Duk Kyu (Note i) A-Jarft.生(附註vi) 230								
Mr. Leung Wing Cheorg, Eric (Note ii) 梁永昌先生(附註ii) - 648 324 201 3 Mr. Pang Ying Xue (Note iv) 龐英學先生(附註v) - 80 40 - - Mr. Zhu Wei Wei 朱偉偉先生 - 480 660 1.734 12 Mr. Ma Jin Long 馬金龍先生 300 - - 1.794 - Mr. Li Xiao Yun (Note vii) 李小雲先生(附註vii) 3,000 - - 1.794 - Mr. Li Xiao Yun (Note vii) 徐康先生(附註vii) - 7,200 - - 12 Mr. Liu Xing (Note vii) 劉明輝先生(附註vii) - 7,200 - - 12 Non-executive directors 非執行董事 - - 1,345 - Mr. Forg Zhuo Zhi 馮卓志先生 240 - - 1,345 - Mr. Forg Zhuo Zhi 馮卓志先生(附註vii) 230 - - - - Mr. Premesh Kumar Jain (Note vi) Yt@ththylib 230 - - - - Mr. Muham Basheer Muham Basheer Abdullah - - - -	Ms. Wong Sin Yue, Cynthia	黃倩如女士	480	-	-	1,345	-	1,825
Mr. Parg Ying Xue (Note iv) 龐英學先生(附註v) - 80 40 - - Mr. Zhu Wei Wei 朱偉偉先生 - 480 660 1,794 12 Mr. Ma Jin Long 馬金龍先生 300 - - 1,794 - Mr. Li Xao Yun (Note vii) 李小雲先生(附註vii) 3,000 - - 2,208 - Mr. Li Xao Yun (Note vii) 徐鹰先生(附註vii) - 7,200 - - 12 Mr. Xu Ying (Note vii) 徐鹰先生(附註vii) - 7,200 - - 12 Mr. Liu Ming Hui (Note vii) 劉明輝先生(附註vii) - 7,200 - - 12 Non-executive directors 非執行董事 - - 1,345 - Mr. Fong Zhuo Zhi 馬卓志先生 240 - - 1,345 - Mr. Fong Zhuo Zhi 馬卓志先生(附註i) 230 - - - - Mr. Moon Duk Kyu (Note i) 文徳圭先生(附註i) 230 - - - - Mr. Muham Basheer Mulham Basheer Abdullah Al-Jarf 先生(附註i) 230 - - - Mr. Rackets William Hugh (Note ii) Rackets William Hugh fk± (- - 48 - Mr. Ri	Executive directors	執行董事						
Mr. Zhu Wei Wei 朱偉偉先生 - 480 660 1,794 12 Mr. Ma Jin Long 馬金龍先生 300 - - 1,794 - Mr. Li Xiao Yun (Note vii) 李小雲先生(附註vii) 3,000 - - 2,208 - Mr. Li Xiao Yun (Note vii) 徐鷹先生(附註vii) - 7,200 - - 12 Mr. Liu Ming Hui (Note vii) 御明輝先生(附註vii) - 7,200 - - 12 Non-executive directors 非執行董事 - - 7,200 - - 12 Non-executive directors 非執行董事 - - 7,200 - - 12 Non-executive directors 非執行董事 - - - 1,345 - Mr. Fong Zhuo Zhi 馬拿志先生 240 - - 1,345 - Mr. Fong Zhuo Zhi - Ferensesh Kumar Jain (Note vi) Premesh Kumar Jain先生 - - - - Mr. Muham Basheer Mulham Basheer Abdullah - - - - - Mr. Rackets William Hugh (Note ii) <t< td=""><td>Mr. Leung Wing Cheong, Eric (Note iii)</td><td>梁永昌先生(附註iii)</td><td>-</td><td>648</td><td>324</td><td>201</td><td>3</td><td>1,176</td></t<>	Mr. Leung Wing Cheong, Eric (Note iii)	梁永昌先生(附註iii)	-	648	324	201	3	1,176
Mr. Ma Jin Long 馬金龍先生 300 - - 1,794 - Mr. Li Xiao Yun (Note vii) 李小雲先生(附註vii) 3,000 - - 2,208 - Mr. Xu Ying (Note vii) 徐庸先生(附註vii) - 7,200 - - 12 Mr. Liu Ming Hui (Note vii) 劉明輝先生(附註vii) - 7,200 - - 12 Non-executive directors 非執行董事 - - 7,200 - - 12 Non-executive directors 非執行董事 - - - - 12 Non-executive directors 非執行董事 - - - 12 Non-executive directors 非執行董事 - - 1,345 - Mr. Feng Zhuo Zhi 馮卓志先生(附註vi) - - - 1,345 - Mr. Feng Zhuo Zhi 『meesh Kumar Jain先生 240 - - 1,345 - Mr. Premesh Kumar Jain (Note vi) Premesh Kumar Jain先生 230 - - - - Mr. Moon Duk Kyu (Note i) Au-Jar/先生(I附註vi) 230 - - - <td>Mr. Pang Ying Xue (Note iv)</td> <td>龐英學先生(附註iv)</td> <td>-</td> <td>80</td> <td>40</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>120</td>	Mr. Pang Ying Xue (Note iv)	龐英學先生(附註iv)	-	80	40	-	-	120
Mr. Li Xiao Yun (Note vii) 李小雲先生(附註vii) 3,000 - - 2,208 - Mr. Xu Ying (Note vii) 徐騫先生(附註vii) - 7,200 - - 12 Mr. Liu Ming Hui (Note vii) 劉明輝先生(附註vii) - 7,200 - - 12 Non-executive directors 非執行董事 - 7,200 - - 12 Non-executive directors 非執行董事 - - 1,345 - Mr. Feng Zhuo Zhi 馮卓志先生 240 - - 1,345 - Mr. Jo Yamagata 山縣丞先生 240 - - 1,345 - Mr. Premesh Kumar Jain (Note vi) Premesh Kumar Jain先生 (MiÈvi) - - - - Mr. Moon Duk Kyu (Note i) 文徳圭先生(附註i) 230 - - - - Mr. Muham Basheer Mulnam Basheer Abdullah Al-Jar先生(附註i) 230 - - - Mr. Rackets William Hugh (Note ii) Rackets William Hugh先生(YhÈv) - - 1,231 - Mr. Ri.K. Goel (Note v) R.K. Goel先生(YhÈv) - -	Mr. Zhu Wei Wei	朱偉偉先生	-	480	660	1,794	12	2,946
Mr. Xu Ying (Note vii) 徐鹰先生(附註vii) - 7,200 - - 12 Mr. Liu Ming Hui (Note vii) 劉明輝先生(附註vii) - 7,200 - - 12 Non-executive directors 非執行董事 - 7,200 - - 12 Non-executive directors 非執行董事 - - 1,345 - Mr. Feng Zhuo Zhi 馮卓志先生 240 - - 1,345 - Mr. Jo Yamagata 山縣丞先生 240 - - 1,345 - Mr. Premesh Kumar Jain (Note vi) Premesh Kumar Jain先生 - - - - Mr. Moon Duk Kyu (Note i) 文徳圭先生(附註i) 230 - - - - Mr. Mulham Basheer Mulham Basheer Abdullah - - - - - Mr. Rackets William Hugh (Note ii) Al-Jarf先生(附註i) 230 - - - - Mr. Rackets William Hugh (Note vi) R.K. Goel先生(附註v) - - 48 - Mr. Rick Goel (Note v) R.K. Goel先生(附註v) - - 48 - <td>Mr. Ma Jin Long</td> <td>馬金龍先生</td> <td>300</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>1,794</td> <td>-</td> <td>2,094</td>	Mr. Ma Jin Long	馬金龍先生	300	-	-	1,794	-	2,094
Mr. Liu Ming Hui (Note vii) 劉明輝先生(附註vii) - 7,200 - - 12 Non-executive directors 非執行董事 - - 1,345 - Mr. Feng Zhuo Zhi 馮卓志先生 240 - - 1,345 - Mr. Jo Yamagata 山縣丞先生 240 - - 1,345 - Mr. Jo Yamagata 山縣丞先生 240 - - 1,345 - Mr. Premesh Kumar Jain (Note vi) Premesh Kumar Jain先生 - - - - Mr. Moon Duk Kyu (Note i) 文徳圭先生(附註i) 230 - - - - Mr. Muham Basheer Mulham Basheer Abdullah - - - - - Mr. Rackets William Hugh (Note ii) Al-Jarf先生(附註i) 230 - - - - Mr. Rackets William Hugh (Note ii) Rackets William Hugh先生(附註i) 230 - - - - Mr. Rackets William Hugh (Note ii) Rackets William Hugh先生(T附註ii) - - - - - Mr. Kim Joong Ho (Note vi) R.K. Goel先生(T附註ii) 4 <t< td=""><td>Mr. Li Xiao Yun (Note vii)</td><td>李小雲先生(附註vii)</td><td>3,000</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>2,208</td><td>-</td><td>5,208</td></t<>	Mr. Li Xiao Yun (Note vii)	李小雲先生(附註vii)	3,000	-	-	2,208	-	5,208
Mr. Liu Ming Hui (Note vii) 劉明輝先生(附註vii) - 7,200 - - 12 Non-executive directors 非執行董事 - - 1,345 - Mr. Feng Zhuo Zhi 馮卓志先生 240 - - 1,345 - Mr. Jo Yamagata 山縣丞先生 240 - - 1,345 - Mr. Jo Yamagata 山縣丞先生 240 - - 1,345 - Mr. Premesh Kumar Jain (Note vi) Premesh Kumar Jain先生 - - - - Mr. Moon Duk Kyu (Note i) 文徳圭先生(附註i) 230 - - - - Mr. Muham Basheer Mulham Basheer Abdullah - - - - - Mr. Rackets William Hugh (Note ii) Al-Jarf先生(附註i) 230 - - - - Mr. Rackets William Hugh (Note ii) Rackets William Hugh先生(附註i) 230 - - - - Mr. Rackets William Hugh (Note ii) Rackets William Hugh先生(T附註ii) - - - - - Mr. Kim Joong Ho (Note vi) R.K. Goel先生(T附註ii) 4 <t< td=""><td>Mr. Xu Ying (Note vii)</td><td>徐鷹先生(附註vii)</td><td>-</td><td>7,200</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>12</td><td>7,212</td></t<>	Mr. Xu Ying (Note vii)	徐鷹先生(附註vii)	-	7,200	-	-	12	7,212
Mr. Feng Zhuo Zhi 馮卓志先生 240 - - 1,345 - Mr. Jo Yamagata 山縣丞先生 240 - - 1,345 - Mr. Premesh Kumar Jain (Note vi) Premesh Kumar Jain先生 (- - - 1,345 - Mr. Premesh Kumar Jain (Note vi) Premesh Kumar Jain先生 - - - - - Mr. Moon Duk Kyu (Note i) 文徳圭先生(附註i) 230 - - - - Mr. Mulham Basheer Mulham Basheer Abdullah - - - - - Mr. Rackets William Hugh (Note ii) Rackets William Hugh先生(230 - - - - Mr. Rackets William Hugh (Note ii) Rackets William Hugh先生(- - - - - Mr. R.K. Goel (Note v) R.K. Goel先生(附註i) - - - 48 - Mr. Kim Joong Ho (Note ii) 金重皓先生(附註ii) 4 - - 48 - Independent non-executive directors 獨立非執行董事 - - 1,345 - Mr. Zhao Yu Hua 超玉華先生 <td></td> <td>劉明輝先生(附註vii)</td> <td>-</td> <td>7,200</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>12</td> <td>7,212</td>		劉明輝先生(附註vii)	-	7,200	-	-	12	7,212
Mr. Jo Yanagata山縣丞先生2401,345-Mr. Premesh Kumar Jain (Note vi)Premesh Kumar Jain先生 (附註vi)Mr. Moon Duk Kyu (Note i)文德圭先生(附註i)230Mr. Mulham BasheerMulham Basheer Abdullah Abdullah Al-Jarf (Note i)Al-Jarf先生(附註i)230Mr. Rackets William Hugh (Note ii)Al-Jarf先生(附註i)230Mr. Rackets William Hugh (Note ii)Rackets William Hugh先生 (附註ii)48-Mr. R.K. Goel (Note v)R.K. Goel先生(附註v)48-Mr. Kim Joong Ho (Note ii)金重皓先生(附註ii)448-Independent non-executive directors Mr. Zhao Yu Hua趙玉華先生4801,345-Dr. Mao Er Wan毛二萬博士4801,345-	Non-executive directors	非執行董事						
Mr. Jo Yamagata山縣丞先生2401,345-Mr. Premesh Kumar Jain (Note vi)Premesh Kumar Jain先生 (附註vi)Mr. Moon Duk Kyu (Note i)文德圭先生(附註i)230Mr. Mulham BasheerMulham Basheer Abdullah Abdullah Al-Jarf (Note ii)Al-Jarf先生(附註i)230Mr. Rackets William Hugh (Note ii)Rackets William Hugh先生 (附註ii)48-Mr. R.K. Goel (Note v)R.K. Goel先生(附註v)48-Mr. Kim Joong Ho (Note ii)金重皓先生(附註ii)448-Independent non-executive directors Dr. Mao Er Wan邁立非執行董事 4801,345-Mr. Zhao Yu Hua道玉華先生 4801,345-	Mr. Feng Zhuo Zhi	馮卓志先生	240	-	-	1,345	-	1,585
(附註vi)Mr. Moon Duk Kyu (Note i)文德圭先生(附註i)230Mr. Mulham BasheerMulham Basheer AbdullahAbdullah Al-Jarf (Note i)Al-Jarf先生(附註i)230Mr. Rackets William Hugh (Note ii)Rackets William Hugh先生 (附註ii)48-Mr. R.K. Goel (Note v)R.K. Goel先生(附註v)1,231-Mr. Kim Joong Ho (Note ii)金重皓先生(附註ii)448-Independent non-executive directors獨立非執行董事 王九ao Yu Hua趙玉華先生4801,345-Dr. Mao Er Wan毛二萬博士4801,345-	•	山縣丞先生	240	-	-	1,345	-	1,585
Mr. Moon Duk Kyu (Note i) 文德圭先生(附註i) 230 -	Mr. Premesh Kumar Jain (Note vi)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Mr. Mulham Basheer Mulham Basheer Abdullah Abdullah Al-Jarf (Note i) Al-Jarf先生(附註i) 230 - - - - Mr. Rackets William Hugh (Note ii) Rackets William Hugh先生 (附註ii) - - - - - - Mr. R.K. Goel (Note v) R.K. Goel先生(附註v) - - - 48 - Mr. Kim Joong Ho (Note ii) 金重皓先生(附註v) - - 48 - Independent non-executive directors 獨立非執行董事 - - 1,345 - Mr. Zhao Yu Hua 趙玉華先生 480 - - 1,345 -				-	-	-	-	-
Abdullah Al-Jarf (Note i) Al-Jarf先生(附註i) 230 - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>230</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>230</td>			230	-	-	-	-	230
Mr. Rackets William Hugh (Note ii) Rackets William Hugh先生 (附註ii) - - - 48 - Mr. R.K. Goel (Note v) R.K. Goel先生(附註v) - - 1,231 - Mr. Kim Joong Ho (Note ii) 金重皓先生(附註ii) 4 - - 48 - Independent non-executive directors 獨立非執行董事 - - 1,345 - Mr. Zhao Yu Hua 趙玉華先生 480 - - 1,345 - Dr. Mao Er Wan 毛二萬博士 480 - - 1,345 -			000					000
(附註ii) - - - 48 - Mr. R.K. Goel (Note v) R.K. Goel先生(附註v) - - - 1,231 - Mr. Kim Joong Ho (Note ii) 金重皓先生(附註ii) 4 - - 48 - Independent non-executive directors 獨立非執行董事 - - 1,345 - Mr. Zhao Yu Hua 趙玉華先生 480 - - 1,345 - Dr. Mao Er Wan 毛二萬博士 480 - - 1,345 -	· · · ·		230	-	-	-	-	230
Mr. R.K. Goel (Note v) R.K. Goel先生(附註v) - - - 1,231 - Mr. Kim Joong Ho (Note ii) 金重皓先生(附註ii) 4 - - 48 - Independent non-executive directors 獨立非執行董事 - - 1,345 - Mr. Zhao Yu Hua 趙玉華先生 480 - - 1,345 - Dr. Mao Er Wan 毛二萬博士 480 - - 1,345 -	IVIR. Rackets William Hugh (Note II)	÷				10		10
Mr. Kim Joong Ho (Note ii) 金重皓先生(附註ii) 4 - - 48 - Independent non-executive directors 獨立非執行董事 - - 1,345 - Mr. Zhao Yu Hua 趙玉華先生 480 - - 1,345 - Dr. Mao Er Wan 毛二萬博士 480 - - 1,345 -				-	-		-	48
Independent non-executive directors 獨立非執行董事 Mr. Zhao Yu Hua 趙玉華先生 480 1,345 - Dr. Mao Er Wan 毛二萬博士 480 1,345 -				-	-	,	-	1,231
Mr. Zhao Yu Hua 趙玉華先生 480 - - 1,345 - Dr. Mao Er Wan 毛二萬博士 480 - - 1,345 -	Mr. Kim Joong Ho (Note ii)	金重晧先生(附註1)	4	-	-	48	-	52
Dr. Mao Er Wan 毛二萬博士 480 - - 1,345 -								
				-	-	,	-	1,825
	Dr. Mao Er Wan	毛二萬博士	480	-	-	1,345	_	1,825
5,684 15,608 1,024 14,049 39			5,684	15,608	1,024	14,049	39	36,404

Notes:

(i) Appointed on April 13, 2010

- (ii) Resigned on April 13, 2010
- (iii) Appointed on December 23, 2010
- (iv) Appointed on January 28, 2011
- (v) Resigned on February 28, 2011
- (vi) Appointed on February 28, 2011
- (vii) Removed on April 26, 2011

附註:

- (i) 於二零一零年四月十三日獲委任
- (ii) 於二零一零年四月十三日辭任
- (iii) 於二零一零年十二月二十三日獲委任
- (iv) 於二零一一年一月二十八日獲委任
- (v) 於二零一一年二月二十八日辭任
- (vi) 於二零一一年二月二十八日獲委任
- (vii) 於二零一一年四月二十六日被罷免
For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

15. Emoluments of Employees

15. 僱員酬金

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, three (2011: three) were directors of the Company whose emoluments are included in note 14. The emoluments of the remaining two (2011: two) individuals including one individual before the appointment as director during the year were as follows:

本集團最高薪之五名個人中,三名(二零一一年:三名)為本公司董事,有關酬金載於附註 14。其餘兩名(二零一一年:兩名)人士(其 中一名獲委任為董事前)之年度酬金如下:

		2012	2011
		二零一二年	二零一一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Salaries and other benefits	薪金及其他福利	3,244	8,616
Retirement benefit scheme	退休福利計劃供款		
contributions		24	21
Share-based payments	以股份形式付款	564	718
		3,832	9,355

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

彼等之酬金範圍如下:

		2012	2011
		二零一二年	二零一一年
		No. of	No. of
		employee	employee
		僱員人數	僱員人數
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	1	_
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	1	-
HK\$4,000,001 to HK\$4,500,000	4,000,001港元至4,500,000港元	-	1
HK\$5,000,001 to HK\$5,500,000	5,000,001港元至5,500,000港元	-	1

No emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join the Group or as a compensation for loss of office for both years.

於該兩個年度本集團概無向董事支付任何酬 金作為加入本集團之獎金或離職賠償。

No directors waived any emoluments during both years.

概無董事於該兩個年度內放棄任何酬金。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

16. Dividends

16. 股息

		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Final dividend paid in respect of financial year ended	已付截至二零一一年三月三十一日 止財政年度 有职2,000进一(二零一一年:		
March 31, 2011 of HK\$0.022 (2011: HK\$0.017 in respect of	每股0.022港元(二零一一年: 已付截至二零一零年三月三十一日止		
financial year ended March 31, 2010) per share	財政年度每股0.017港元) 之末期股息	96,395	61,077

A final dividend of HK\$0.0392 in respect of the year ended March 31, 2012 (2011: final dividend of HK\$0.022 in respect of the year ended March 31, 2011) per share amounting to HK\$171,816,000 has been proposed by the directors and is subject to approval by the shareholders in the forthcoming annual general meeting.

董事建議派發截至二零一二年三月三十一 日止年度每股0.0392港元(二零一一年: 截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度每股 0.022港元之末期股息)之末期股息,共 171,816,000港元,惟須經股東於應屆股東 週年大會批准方可作實。

17. Earnings Per Share

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

17. 每股盈利

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄盈利乃按 下列資料計算:

		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Earnings for the purposes of basic and diluted earnings per share, being profit for the year attributable to	計算每股基本及攤薄 盈利之盈利(即本公司擁有人 應佔年度溢利)		
owners of the Company		953,926	625,896

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

17. Earnings Per Share (Continued)

17. 每股盈利(續)

and the second second		2012 二零一二年 '000 千股	2011 二零一一年 '000 千股
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose	計算每股基本盈利之 普通股加權平均數		
of basic earnings per share Adjustment for effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares:	普通股潛在攤薄之影響調整:	4,383,055	3,837,014
Share options	購股權	258,977	449,193
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose	計算每股攤薄盈利之 普通股加權平均數		
of diluted earnings per share		4,642,032	4,286,207

The diluted earnings per share for the year ended March 31, 2011 had not assumed the conversion of convertible bonds issued by Zhongyu Gas as it would increase the earnings per share, after taking into account of the effect of effective interest, change in fair value of redemption option derivative components and gain on redemption of the convertible bonds net of related tax expenses, if any. 截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度之每股 攤薄盈利並未假設中裕燃氣所發行之可換股 債券獲轉換,乃由於經計及實際利率之影 響、贖回購股權衍生部分之公平值變動及贖 回可換股債券之收益減相關税務開支(如有) 後可導致每股盈利增加。

18. Investment Properties

18. 投資物業

		HK\$'000 千港元
At April 1, 2010	於二零一零年四月一日	343,158
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	10,082
Additions	添置	2,220
Acquired on acquisition of	收購業務時所得	
a business (note 42(B)(iv))	(附註42(B)(iv))	5,618
Change in fair value	公平值變動	47,057
At March 31, 2011	於二零一一年三月三十一日	408,135
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	7,219
Deemed disposal of a	視作出售附屬公司	
subsidiary (note 44)	(附註44)	(6,245)
Change in fair value	公平值變動	41,491
At March 31, 2012	於二零一二年三月三十一日	450,600

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

18. Investment Properties (Continued)

18. 投資物業(續)

The Group's investment properties are analysed as follows:

本集團之投資物業分析如下:

		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Properties held under medium term leases;	按中期租約持有之物業		
in Hong Kongin the PRC	- 位於香港 - 位於中國	108,550 342,050	105,880 302,255
		450,600	408,135

The fair value of the Group's investment properties in Hong Kong at March 31, 2012 has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out as at that date by LCH (Asia-Pacific) Surveyors Limited. The resulting surplus of HK\$2,670,000 (2011: HK\$27,460,000) was included in consolidated statement of comprehensive income. The valuation was arrived at by reference to comparable market transactions for similar properties.

The fair value of the Group's investment properties in the PRC has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out at these dates by CB Richard Ellis Limited. The resulting surplus of HK\$38,821,000 (2011: HK\$19,597,000) was credited to consolidated statement of comprehensive income. The valuation was arrived at by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties in the same locations and conditions.

All of the Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties. 本集團位於香港之投資物業於二零一二年 三月三十一日之公平值乃根據利駿行測量 師有限公司於該日進行之估值得出。由此 產生之2,670,000港元盈餘(二零一一年: 27,460,000港元)已列入綜合全面收入報 表。估值乃參考類似物業之可比市場交易得 出。

本集團位於中國之投資物業之公平值乃根據 世邦魏理仕有限公司於該等日期進行之估值 得出。由此產生之38,821,000港元盈餘(二 零一一年:19,597,000港元)已列入綜合全 面收入報表。估值乃參考類似物業於相同地 理位置及條件下之市場交易價格而得出。

本集團全部根據經營租約持有以賺取租金或 作為資本增值之物業權益乃以公平值模式測 量及歸類並入賬記作投資物業。

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19. Property, Plant and Equipment 19. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold			Machinery	Furniture	Motor		
		land and buildings Pipeline 租賃土地		Construction	ion and	and and			
			Pipelines	in progress	equipment 機器及	fixtures 傢俬及	vehicles	Vessels	Tota
		及樓宇	管道	在建工程	設備	固定裝置	汽車	船舶	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
COST	成本								
At April 1, 2010	於二零一零年四月一日	1,485,153	6,143,692	2,365,238	1,741,789	133,849	227,164	127.775	12,224,660
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	51,351	261,090	86,372	78,984	5,675	10,957	8,410	502,839
Additions	添置	111,237	138,541	1,335,782	80,951	35,916	85,257	121,318	1,909,002
Acquired on acquisition of businesses	收購業務所得	79,448	539,959	267,891	69,195	4,043	31,258	-	991,794
Disposal for the year	年內出售	(6,558)	(11,917)		(41,411)	(5,112)	(17,837)	-	(82,835
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售附屬公司	-	(1,362)	-	_	-	_	-	(1,362
Disposal of a jointly controlled entity	出售共同控制實體	-	-	(371)	(599)	(350)	(1,383)	-	(2,703
Reclassification	重新分類	290,073	1,044,367	(1,733,450)	399,010	-	-	-	-
At March 31, 2011	於二零一一年三月三十一日	2,010,704	8,114,370	2,321,462	2,327,919	174,021	335,416	257,503	15,541,395
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	37,201	179,085	51,035	55,274	4,114	7,271	6,935	340,915
Additions	添置	56,064	406,492	1,462,520	102,315	36,207	52,310	-	2,115,908
Acquired on acquisition of a business	收購業務所得	7,437	919	-	5,881	728	-	-	14,965
Disposal for the year	年內出售	(3,336)	(59,089)	-	(3,248)	(3,593)	(8,833)	(59,951)	(138,050
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售附屬公司	(3,740)	-	-	-	(162)	(121)	-	(4,023
Deemed disposal of a subsidiary	視作出售附屬公司	(96,376)	(637,168)	(342,040)	(104,150)	(4,342)	(35,502)	-	(1,219,578
Reclassification	重新分類	76,466	618,667	(775,967)	80,636	198	-	-	-
At March 31, 2012	於二零一二年三月三十一日	2,084,420	8,623,276	2,717,010	2,464,627	207,171	350,541	204,487	16,651,532
DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT	折舊及減值								
At April 1, 2010	於二零一零年四月一日	96,557	575,223	-	276,647	46,146	124,934	20,348	1,139,855
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	4,758	28,747	-	14,492	2,017	5,140	1,246	56,400
Provided for the year	年內撥備	75,464	280,480	-	178,975	16,015	26,228	21,830	598,992
Eliminated on disposals	出售後撇除	(1,389)	(774)	-	(34,759)	(1,313)	(13,394)	-	(51,629
Eliminated on disposal of a jointly controlled entity	出售共同控制實體後撇除	-	-	-	(144)	(1,261)	(487)	-	(1,892
At March 31, 2011	於二零一一年三月三十一日	175,390	883,676	-	435,211	61,604	142,421	43,424	1,741,726
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	3,433	20,693	-	9,532	1,499	3,331	1,060	39,548
Provided for the year	年內撥備	66,854	265,161	-	153,351	22,949	24,946	23,708	556,969
Eliminated on disposals	出售後撇除	(2,375)	(16,546)	-	(1,549)	(3,094)	(1,480)	(52,261)	(77,305
Eliminated on disposal of a subsidiary	出售附屬公司後撇除	(1,242)	-	-	-	(121)	(56)	-	(1,419
Eliminated on deemed disposal of a subsidiary	視作出售附屬公司後撇除	(3,703)	(15,376)	-	(7,758)	(714)	(4,034)	-	(31,585
At March 31, 2012	於二零一二年三月三十一日	238,357	1,137,608	-	588,787	82,123	165,128	15,931	2,227,934
CARRYING VALUES	賬面值								
At March 31, 2012	於二零一二年三月三十一日	1,846,063	7,485,668	2,717,010	1,875,840	125,048	185,413	188,556	14,423,598
At March 31, 2011	於二零一一年三月三十一日	1,835,314	7,230,694	2,321,462	1,892,708	112,417	192,995	214,079	13,799,669

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19. Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

19. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

本集團之輸氣管道位於中國。

程)乃按直線法則依下列年率折舊:

上述物業、廠房及設備項目(不包括在建工

The carrying value of land and buildings of the Group shown above is situated on land with the following lease terms:

本集團位於上述土地之租賃土地及樓宇之賬 面值及有關租期如下:

		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
In Hong Kong Long lease In PRC	於香港 長期租約 於中國	27,660	27,962
Long lease Medium term lease	長期租約 中期租約	454,600 1,363,803	451,838 1,355,514
		1,846,063	1,835,314

The pipelines of the Group are located in the PRC.

The above items of property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold land and buildings	Over the shorter of the remaining terms of the leases or 50 years	租賃土地及樓宇	租約餘下年期或50年 較短者
Pipelines	Over the shorter of 30 years or the operation period of the relevant company	管道	30年或有關公司之 經營年期較短者
Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Motor vehicles Vessels	 5% – 10% 15% – 50% 25% 7% (new vessels acquired from suppliers) or 34% (acquired from second hand market) 	機器及設備 傢俬及固定裝置 汽車 船舶	5% - 10% 15% - 50% 25% 7%(從供應商購入之 新船舶)或 34%(從二手市場購入)

At March 31, 2012, interest capitalised in construction in progress amounted to HK\$67,618,000 (2011: HK\$63,836,000).

At March 31, 2012, the Group is in the process of obtaining title deeds from relevant government authorities for its land and buildings in the PRC amounting to HK\$111,238,000 (2011: HK\$137,687,000). In the opinion of the directors, the Group is not required to incur additional cost in obtaining the title deeds for its land and buildings in the PRC.

At March 31, 2012, the directors of the Company considered that the leasehold land and buildings elements in respect of certain properties located in the PRC with carrying value of HK\$114,250,000 (2011: HK\$108,428,000) cannot be separately identified.

於二零一二年三月三十一日,撥充在建工程 資本之利息為67.618.000港元(二零一一年: 63,836,000港元)。

於二零一二年三月三十一日,本集團正 就其價值111,238,000港元(二零一一年: 137,687,000港元)位於中國之土地及樓宇, 從有關政府機關獲取所有權契約。董事認 為,本集團不會因獲取中國土地及樓宇之所 有權契約而產生額外成本。

於二零一二年三月三十一日,本公司董事認 為若干位於中國之物業賬面值114.250.000 港元(二零一一年:108,428,000港元)之租 賃土地及樓宇部分無法分開識別。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

20. Prepaid Lease Payments

20. 預付租賃款項

	Alter and a	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
The Group's prepaid lease payments comprise:	本集團之預付租賃 款項包括:		
Leasehold land in the PRC Long lease Medium term lease	於中國之租賃土地 長期租約 中期租約	601,404 526,197	551,504 611,708
		1,127,601	1,163,212
Analysed for reporting purposes as:	就申報目的之分析:		
Non-current portion Current portion	非即期部份 即期部份	1,093,945 33,656	1,128,929 34,283
		1,127,601	1,163,212

The leasehold land and land use rights are charged to consolidated statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the term of the leases.

租賃土地及土地使用權以直線法按租賃年期計入綜

At March 31, 2012, the Group is in the process of obtaining title deeds from relevant government authorities for its prepaid lease payments in the PRC amounting to HK\$25,541,000 (2011: HK\$93,971,000). In the opinion of the directors, the Group is not required to incur additional cost in obtaining the title deeds for its prepaid lease payments in the PRC.

21. Investments in Associates

合全面收入報表。

於二零一二年三月三十一日,本集團正就其價值 25,541,000港元(二零一一年:93,971,000港元)位 於中國之預付租賃款項,從有關政府機關獲取所有 權契約。董事認為,本集團不會因獲取中國預付租 賃款項之所有權契約而產生額外成本。

21. 於聯營公司之投資

		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of investments in associates:	投資於聯營公司之成本:		
Listed in Hong Kong	於香港上市	869,679	-
Unlisted	非上市	1,026,960	719,641
Share of pre-acquisition dividend	分佔收購前股息	(1,296)	(1,296)
Share of post-acquisition profit	分佔收購後溢利及		
and other comprehensive	其他全面收入		
income (net of dividend	(扣除所收股息)		
received)		157,930	58,190
Discount on acquisition	收購聯營公司之折讓		
of associates		232,970	232,970
		2,286,243	1,009,505
Fair value of listed investments, based on quoted market price	上市投資之公平值 (按市場報價計量)	1,000,741	_

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21. Investments in Associates (Continued) 21. 於聯營公司之投資(續)

The Group had interests in the following associates:

本集團於以下聯營公司擁有權益:

Name of entity	Form of business structure	Place of registration/ incorporation	Principal place of operation	Class of capital	nomina of regi issued held by t		Principal activities
實體名稱	業務架構形式	註冊/成立 地點	主要營業 地點	股本類別	已發行股 4 2012	持註冊/ 本面值比例 2011 二零一一年	主要業務
					%	%	
重慶市川東燃氣工程建設 有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	44.00	44.00	Sales of natural gas, gas pipeline construction
	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣銷售、燃氣管道建設
重慶鼎發實業股份有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	38.69	38.69	Exploration, collection transportation, purification and sales of natural gas
	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊			勘探、收集、運輸、淨化及 出售天然氣
重慶市渝北區佳渝天然氣 有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	47.83	47.83	Sales of natural gas
	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣銷售
哈爾濱中慶燃氣有限責任公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	48.00	48.00	Sales of nature gas and gas pipeline construction
	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
福安市三誠液化氣有限公司	Limited liability company	PRC	PRC	Registered	33.20	33.20	Sales of LPG
	有限責任公司	中國	中國	註冊			銷售液化石油氣
福建省晉江廈華石化有限公司	Limited liability company	PRC	PRC	Registered	29.05	29.05	Refining process, storage of LPG
	有限責任公司	中國	中國	註冊			液化石油氣提煉加工處理、貯存
湖北能源集團鄂東天然氣 有限公司	Limited liability company	PRC	PRC	Registered	25.00	25.00	Sales of natural gas, gas pipeline construction
	有限責任公司	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣銷售、燃氣管道建設

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21. Investments in Associates (Continued) 21. 於聯營公司之投資(續)

	Form of	Place of registration/	Principal place of	Class of	nomir of reg	ortion of nal value jistered/ d capital	
Name of entity	business structure	incorporation 註冊/成立	operation 主要營業	capital	held by	. the Group 所持註冊/	Principal activities
實體名稱	業務架構形式	地點	地點	股本類別		本面值比例	主要業務
					2012 二零一二年	2011 二零一一年	
					_\$ ⁻ _4 %	_*# %	
德化廣安天然氣有限公司	Limited liability company	PRC	PRC	Registered	24.00	24.00	Sales of natural gas
	有限責任公司	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣銷售
福州安然居管道燃氣有限公司	Limited liability company	PRC	PRC	Registered	24.00	24.00	Sales of natural gas, gas pipeline construction
	有限責任公司	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣銷售、燃氣管道建設
廈門嘉安燃氣有限公司	Limited liability company	PRC	PRC	Registered	24.00	24.00	Sales of natural gas
	有限責任公司	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣銷售
滄州中油燃氣有限公司 (「滄州中油」)	Limited liability company	PRC	PRC	Registered	40.00	40.00	Sales of LPG
	有限責任公司	中國	中國	註冊			銷售液化石油氣
Zhongyu Gas	Limited liability company	Cayman Island	PRC	Ordinary	44.07 (note a)	- (note a)	Investment holding, sales of natural
	F-)				()	()	gas and gas pipeline construction
中裕燃氣公司	有限責任公司	開曼群島	中國	普通	(附註a)	(附註a)	投資控股、天然氣銷售及 燃氣管道建設
Panva Gas Holdings Limited ("Panva Gas")	Limited liability company	British Virgin	PRC	Ordinary	49.00 (note b)	-	Investment holding, sales of LPG
	сотрану	Islands ("BVI")			(note b)		
百江燃氣控股有限公司 (「百江燃氣」)	有限責任公司	英屬處女群島 (「英屬處女群)	中國 島」)	普通	(附註b)		投資控股、銷售液化石油氣

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21. Investments in Associates (Continued)

Notes:

(a) During the year March 31, 2012, Zhongyu Gas, which is listed on Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange, ceased to be a subsidiary of the Group and become an associate as a result of the share placing by Zhongyu Gas as detailed in note 44 which has been completed on April 18, 2011. The Group's effective interest in Zhongyu Gas was reduced from approximately 56.33% to approximately 46.96%. On the same date, the fair value of the interests in Zhongyu Gas held by the Company is HK\$867,309,000.

On November 11, 2011 and March 24, 2012, 30,200,000 options and 124,800,000 options were exercised at exercised price of HK\$0.49 per share in accordance with the share option scheme of Zhongyu Gas. As a result of the exercises of share options, the Group's effective interest in Zhongyu Gas was reduced from approximately 46.96% to approximately 46.37% and from approximately 46.37% to approximately 44.07% respectively. The aggregate amount of gain on deemed disposals of an associate of HK\$2,370,000 was recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended March 31, 2012.

(b) On March 10, 2011, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into an equity transfer agreement ("Equity Transfer Agreement") with independent third parties ("Panva Gas Vendors") to acquire 100% equity interest in Panva Gas at a total cash consideration of HK\$530,000,000. Panva Gas is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in retail business of LPG in the PRC. Total deposit of HK\$133,627,000 was paid for the year ended March 31, 2011.

On June 4, 2011, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into the supplemental agreement with Panva Gas Vendors to amend and supplement the Equity Transfer Agreement, pursuant to which (i) a subsidiary of the Company has conditionally agreed to purchase and Panva Gas Vendors have conditionally agreed to sell 49% of the entire shares of Panya Gas for a total cash consideration of HK\$259,700,000; and (ii) Panva Gas Vendors have agreed to grant the call option ("Call Option") to the Group for acquiring the remaining 51% issued shares of Panva Gas held by Panva Gas Vendors at a total cash consideration of HK\$270,300,000 within 1 year after the completion of the acquisition of 49% of the entire shares of Panva Gas by the Group ("Option Exercise Period"). The exercise of Call Option to acquire the remaining 51% issued shares of Panva Gas is subjected to obtaining of the substantive approvals for anti-trust application from the relevant competent PRC authorities. The acquisition of 49% issued shares of Panva Gas was completed in June 2011. Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, the wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into second supplemental agreement with Panva Gas Vendors. The details of second supplemental agreement are set out in note 53.

21. 於聯營公司之投資(續)

附註:

- (a) 於截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度,中裕燃氣(於聯交所創業板上市) 於二零一一年四月十八日完成股份配售事項(詳見附註44),導致中裕燃氣 不再為本集團附屬公司而成為本集團 聯營公司。本集團於中裕燃氣的實際 持股量由約56.33%降至約46.96%。同日,本公司所持中裕燃氣權益之公平 值為867,309,000港元。
 - 於二零一一年十一月十一日及二零一 二年三月二十四日,根據中裕燃氣之 購股權計劃,30,200,000份購股權 及124,800,000份購股權按每股0.49 港元之行使價獲行使。由於行使購股 權,本集團於中裕燃氣的實際持股量 分別由約46.96%降至約46.37%及由約 46.37%降至約44.07%。視作出售聯營 公司之收益總額2,370,000港元於截至 二零一二年三月三十一日止年度之綜 合全面收入報表中確認。
- (b) 於二零一一年三月十日,本公司全資 附屬公司與獨立第三方(「百江燃氣賣 方」)訂立股權轉讓協議(「股權轉讓協 議」),以530,000,000港元之總現金代 價收購百江燃氣全部股權。百江燃氣 為投資控股公司,其附屬公司主要在 中國從事液化石油氣的零售業務。截 至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度, 已支付按金總額為133,627,000港元。

於二零一一年六月四日,本公司全資 附屬公司與百江燃氣賣方訂立補充協 議,以修訂及補充股權轉讓協議。據 此,(i)本公司附屬公司有條件同意收購 及百江燃氣賣方有條件同意出售百江 燃氣全部股份之49%,總現金代價為 259,700,000港元;及(ii)百江燃氣賣方 同意向本集團授予認購期權(「認購期 權」),以於本集團完成收購百江燃氣 全部股份之49%後一年內(「股權行使 期」) 收購百江燃氣賣方所持百江燃氣 餘下51%之已發行股份,總現金代價為 270,300,000港元。待中國有關當局實 質批准反壟斷申請後,方可行使認購 期權以收購百江燃氣餘下51%之已發行 股份。收購百江燃氣49%已發行股份一 事已於二零一一年六月完成。於報告 期末之後,本公司全資附屬公司與百 江燃氣賣方訂立第二份補充協議。第 二份補充協議之詳情載於附註53。

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21. Investments in Associates (Continued)

At March 31, 2012, included in the cost of investment in associates is goodwill of HK\$690,741,000 (2011: nil).

The financial year end date for Zhongyu Gas is December 31. For the purpose of applying the equity method of accounting, the consolidated financial statements of Zhongyu Gas for the year ended December 31, 2011 (2011: not applicable) have been used as the Group considers that it is impracticable for Zhongyu Gas with its shares listed on the Stock Exchange to provide a separate and complete set of financial statements as of March 31. Appropriate adjustments have been made accordingly for the effects of significant transactions between that date and March 31, 2012.

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associates is set out below:

21. 於聯營公司之投資(續)

於二零一二年三月三十一日,於聯營公司之 投資成本包括商譽690,741,000港元(二零一 一年:無)。

中裕燃氣之財政年度結算日為十二月三十一 日。為應用權益會計法,本集團已使用中裕 燃氣截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度 之綜合財務報表(二零一一年:不適用),原 因為本集團認為中裕燃氣(其股份於聯交所上 市)不可能提供於三月三十一日之獨立完整之 財務報表。本集團已相應作出適當調整,以 反映該日至二零一二年三月三十一日期間發 生的重大交易。

本集團之聯營公司之財務資料概要載列如 下:

		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total assets Total liabilities Non-controlling interests	資產總值 負債總額 非控股權益	8,868,944 (4,756,359) (478,357)	4,372,396 (2,010,202) -
Net assets	資產淨值	3,634,228	2,362,194
The Group's share of associates' net assets	本集團分佔聯營公司淨資產	1,595,502	1,009,505
Revenue	收益	7,003,413	1,493,154
Profit for the year	年內溢利	194,822	23,825
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收入	55,614	-
The Group's share of results and other comprehensive income of associates	本集團分佔聯營公司 年度業績及其他全面收入		
for the year		111,346	15,856

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22. Investments in Jointly Controlled Entities 22. 於共同控制實體之投資

As at March 31, 2012 and 2011, the Group had interests in the following significant jointly controlled entities:

於二零一二年及二零一一年三月三十一日, 本集團於以下主要共同控制實體中擁有權 益:

Name of entity	Proportion of nominal value Place of Principal of registered/ Form of registration/ place of Class of issued capital ntity business structure incorporation operation capital held by the Group 註冊/成立 主要營業 本集團所持註冊/		l value tered/ capital le Group	Principal activity			
實體名稱	業務架構形式	地點	地點	股本類別		2011 零一一年	主要業務
					%	%	
柳州中燃城市燃氣有限公司 (「柳州中燃」)	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	50.0	50.0	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
揚州中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	50.0	50.0	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
呼和浩特中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	51.0	51.0	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
德州中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	49.0	49.0	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
蕪湖中燃新福利汽車燃氣有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	50.0	50.0	Nature gas refill service and gas station administration
	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣加氣服務及管理加氣站

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22. Investments in Jointly Controlled Entities 22. 於共同控制實體之投資(續) (Continued)

Name of entity 實體名稱	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Place of registration/ incorporation 註冊/成立 地點	Principal place of operation 主要營業 地點	Class of capital 股本類別	Proportion of nominal value of registered/ issued capital held by the Group 本集團所持註冊/ 已發行股本面值比例 2012 2011 二零一二年 二零一一年 % %	Principal activity 主要業務
China Gas - SK Energy Holdings Company Limited	Incorporated	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	Ordinary	50.0 50.0	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	註冊成立	香港	香港	普通		天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
China Oman Energy Company Limited	Incorporated	Bermuda	Hong Kong	Ordinary	50.0 50.0	Development of energy import projects from Middle East to PRC
	註冊成立	百慕逹	香港	普通		中東至中國之能源輸入項目開展
泰能天然氣有限公司	Equity joint venture 合資企業	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	51.0 51.0	Sales of natural gas 天然氣銷售
Fujian Anran Gas Investment Company Limited ("Fujian Anran")	Limited liability company	PRC	PRC	Registered	49.0 49.0	Investment holding
福建省安然氣投資有限公司 (「福建安然」)	有限責任公司	中國	中國	註冊		投資控股
重慶長南天然氣輸配有限責任公司	Limited liability company	PRC	PRC	Registered	49.0 49.0	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	有限責任公司	中國	中國	註冊		天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
榆林中燃天然氣有限公司	Limited liability company	PRC	PRC	Registered	40.0 40.0	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	有限責任公司	中國	中國	註冊		天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設

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22. Investments in Jointly Controlled Entities 22. 於共同控制實體之投資(續) (Continued)

As all the major financial and operating decisions of the above entities require unanimous consent from all venturers, they are accounted for as jointly controlled entities.

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's jointly controlled entities which are accounted for using proportionate consolidation with the line-by-line reporting format is set out below:

由於上述實體之所有重大財務及營運決定均須獲所 有合營者一致同意方可通過,故以上公司被視為共 同控制實體入賬。

本集團之共同控制實體之財務資料概要乃按比例綜 合列賬,並以下列分項基準呈報:

		2012 二零一二年	2011 二零一一年
		ー、 HK\$'000 千港元	
Current assets	流動資產	1,113,156	1,024,210
Non-current assets	非流動資產	3,774,926	3,371,694
Current liabilities	流動負債	(1,495,777)	(1,274,550)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(761,509)	(802,121)
Income recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之收入	2,500,939	2,031,638
Expenses recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之開支	(2,276,593)	(1,862,207)

23. Available-for-sale Investments

23. 可供出售投資

		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Equity securities listed in	於香港上市之股本證券,按公平值列值		
Hong Kong, at fair value		9,054	15,908
Unlisted equity securities,	非上市股本證券,按成本值列值(扣除減值)		
at cost less impairment		62,451	64,929
Club debenture, at fair value	會所債券,按公平值列值	5,153	5,047
		76,658	85,884

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23. Available-for-sale Investments (Continued)

Equity securities listed in Hong Kong are stated at fair value. The fair values of listed equity securities are based on quoted market bid price. Change in fair value of the listed equity securities classified as available-for-sale investments for the year ended March 31, 2012 with a decrease of HK\$6,854,000 (2011: an increase of HK\$2,678,000) was recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Unlisted equity securities issued by private entities incorporated in the PRC. Those private entities are engaged in the sales and distribution of LPG in the PRC. They are measured at cost less impairment at the end of the reporting period because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that their fair values cannot be measured reliably.

Club debentures are stated at fair value. Fair value of the club debenture has been determined by reference to the bid prices quoted in the second hand market. No fair value change was recognised in both years.

24. Goodwill

23. 可供出售投資(續)

於香港上市之股本證券乃按公平值列賬。上 市股本證券之公平值乃根據所報之市場買入 價釐定。於截至二零一二年三月三十一日止 年度,被歸類為可供出售投資之上市股本證 券之公平值變動減少6,854,000港元(二零一 一年:增加2,678,000港元)於綜合全面收入 報表確認。

非上市股本證券由於中國註冊成立之私人公 司發行,該等私人公司在中國從事液化石油 氣銷售及分銷業務,乃於報告期末按成本扣 除減值計量,原因為合理公平值估計之範圍 太大,本公司董事認為,其公平值不能可靠 地計量。

會所債券乃按公平值列賬。會所債券之公平 值乃經參考二手市場所報之買入價釐定。該 兩個年度均並無確認公平值變動。

24. 商譽

	HK\$'000 千港元
成本值	
於二零一零年四月一日	900,577
匯兑調整 產生自收購業務(附註42)	53,987
	580,762
於二零一一年三月三十一日(重列)	1,535,326
匯兑調整	37,889
產生自收購業務(附註42)	
	43,323
視作出售附屬公司(附註44)	
	(577,947)
於二零一二年三月三十一日	1,038,591
於二零一二年三月三十一日	1,038,591
於二零一一年三月三十一日(重列)	1,535,326
	於二零一零年四月一日 匯兑調整 產生自收購業務(附註42) 於二零一一年三月三十一日(重列) 匯兑調整 產生自收購業務(附註42) 視作出售附屬公司(附註44) 於二零一二年三月三十一日 賬面值 於二零一二年三月三十一日

The Group tests for impairment of goodwill annually and in the financial year in which the acquisition takes place, or more frequently if there are indications that goodwill might be impaired. Particulars regarding impairment testing on goodwill are disclosed in note 25.

本集團於每年及於進行收購之財政年度均會 測試商譽有否減值,當有跡象表明商譽可能 減值時,會更頻密測試。有關商譽減值測試 之詳情見附註25。

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25. Impairment Testing on Goodwill

25. 商譽減值測試

Management considered each subsidiary or jointly controlled entity represents a separate CGU for the purpose of goodwill impairment testing.

The carrying amounts of goodwill as at March 31, 2012 and 2011 as included in note 24 are allocated as follows:

管理層認為,就商譽減值測試而言,各附屬 公司或共同控制實體代表獨立現金產生單 位。

附註24所載於二零一二年及二零一一年三月 三十一日的商譽的賬面值分置如下:

		2012	2011
		二零一二年	二零一一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Subsidiaries or jointly	從事天然氣業務的		
controlled entities engaged	附屬公司或共同控制實體		
in natural gas business			
Clever Decision Enterprise Limited	Clever Decision Enterprise Limited	150,357	146,777
宿州中燃城市燃氣發展	宿州中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司		
有限公司 ("宿州中燃")	(「宿州中燃」)	47,534	46,402
北京中油翔科科技有限公司	北京中油翔科科技有限公司	16,488	16,095
柳州中燃	柳州中燃	70,004	68,337
Positive Rise Energy Limited	Positive Rise Energy Limited	106,188	103,660
湖南明程貿易發展有限公司	湖南明程貿易發展有限公司	56,961	55,605
Brilliant China Investments Limited	Brilliant China Investments Limited		
("Brilliant China")	([Brilliant China])	105,956	103,433
 南昌中燃城市燃氣發展	南昌中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司		
有限公司 ("南昌中燃")	(「南昌中燃」)	15,839	15,462
遼陽中燃城市燃氣發展	遼陽中燃城市燃氣發展		
有限公司("遼陽中燃")	有限公司(「遼陽中燃」)	28,790	28,105
杜丹江大通燃氣有限公司	牡丹江大通燃氣有限公司		
("牡丹江大通燃氣")	(「牡丹江大通燃氣」)	32,250	31,482
Zhongyu Gas	中裕燃氣		577,947
Other CGUs	其他現金產生單位	113,010	97,676
Subsidiaries engaged in	從事液化石油氣業務之附屬公司		
LPG business			
Zhongyou Hua Dain Energy	中油華電能源有限公司		
Co. Ltd ("Zhongyou Hua Dian")	(「中油華電」)	223,699	218,373
上海華辰船務有限公司	上海華辰船務有限公司		
("上海華辰")	(「上海華辰」)	26,605	25,972
清遠普華能源投資	清遠普華能源投資有限公司		
有限公司("普華能源")	(「普華能源」)	44,910	-

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25. Impairment Testing on Goodwill (Continued)

The recoverable amounts of the CGUs are determined based on value in use calculations. The key assumptions for the value in use calculations are those regarding the discount rates, growth rates and expected changes to selling prices and direct costs during the period. Management estimates discount rates using pre-tax rates that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGUs. The growth rates are based on industry growth forecasts. Changes in selling prices and direct costs are based on past practices and expectations of future changes in the market.

The Group prepares cash flows forecasts derived from the most recent financial budgets approved by management for the next five years. The CGUs cashflows beyond the 5-year period until the expiry of the relevant operation period or exclusive rights ranging from 15 to 30 years are extrapolated using a steady 3% (2011: 3%) growth rate for CGUs in the natural gas business and 5% (2011: 5%) for CGUs in the LPG business. The financial budgets and growth rates are estimated according to the stage of each operation with reference to the development curve of the natural gas and LPG industries in the PRC region. The rates used to discount the forecast cash flows for CGUs are from 13% to 15% (2011: 14% to 16%). In the opinion of the directors, no material impairment loss is identified for both years. Management believes that any reasonably possible change in any of these assumptions would not cause the aggregate carrying amount of CGUs to exceed the aggregate recoverable amount of CGUs.

25. 商譽減值測試(續)

現金產生單位之可回收價值乃按使用價值釐 定。計算使用價值主要假設為期內售價之折 扣率、增長率及預期變動及直接成本值。管 理層按反映目前評估金錢之時間值及現金產 生單位之特定風險之税前比率估計折扣率。 增長率按業內預期增長釐定。售價變動及直 接成本按過往慣例及預期市場未來之變動而 釐定。

本集團根據管理層批准未來五年之最近期財務預算編製現金流量預算。有關天然氣業務及液化石油氣業務五年期後直至相關經營期間或獨家經營權期間(介乎15年至30年不等) 屆滿之現金產生單位現金流量則分別採用穩定增長率3%(二零一一年:3%)及5%(二零 一一年:5%)進行推算。財務預算及增長率乃根據各業務之發展階段及經參考中國地區之天然氣及液化石油氣行業之發展曲線後估計。用於預測現金產生單位之現金流量折扣比率由13%至15%(二零一一年:14%至 16%)不等。董事認為,於該兩個年度概無重 大可辨認減值虧損。管理層認為以上假設之 任何合理可能產生的變動均不會導致現金產 生單位之賬面總值超越其總可回收價值。

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26. Other Intangible Assets

other intungible As	20. 关心未少复注						
		Exclusive					
		rights of	Other				
		natural gas	operating	Customer	Technical		
		operations	rights F	Relationship	expertise	Tota	
		天然氣業務之					
		獨家經營權	其他經營權	客戶關係	專項技術	總計	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
COST	成本值						
At April 1, 2010	於二零一零年四月一日	1,269,338	-	15,000	13,637	1,297,975	
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	47,160	1,231	536	487	49,414	
Acquired on acquisition of	產生自收購業務(附註42)						
businesses (note 42)		131,849	60,218	-	-	192,067	
At March 31, 2011 (restated)	於二零一一年三月三十一日	1,448,347	61,449	15,536	14,124	1,539,456	
	(重列)						
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	33,101	-	379	344	33,824	
Deemed disposal of a subsidiary	視作出售附屬公司	(91,143)	(61,449)	-	-	(152,592	
At March 31, 2012	於二零一二年三月三十一日	1,390,305	-	15,915	14,468	1,420,688	
AMORTISATION	攤銷						
At April 1, 2010	於二零一零年四月一日	36,576	-	4,794	1,930	43,300	
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	2,634	48	207	85	2,974	
Charge for the year	年內攤銷	45,017	1,776	1,500	681	48,974	
At March 31, 2011	於二零一一年三月三十一日	84,227	1,824	6,501	2,696	95,248	
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	1,990	_	159	66	2,215	
Eliminated on deemed disposal	視作出售附屬公司						
of a subsidiary	後撇除	(2,663)	(1,824)	-	-	(4,487	
Charge for the year	年內攤銷	44,082	-	1,500	682	46,264	
At March 31, 2012	於二零一二年三月三十一日	127,636	_	8,160	3,444	139,240	
CARRYING VALUES	賬面值						
At March 31, 2012	於二零一二年三月三十一日	1,262,669	_	7,755	11,024	1,281,448	
At March 31, 2011 (restated)	於二零一一年三月三十一日						
	(重列)	1,364,120	59,625	9,035	11,428	1,444,208	

26. 其他無形資產

Note: The exclusive rights of natural gas operations, other operating rights, customer relationship and technical expertise are amortised on a straight-line method over the period of 30 years, 27 years, 10 years and 20 years respectively. 附註: 天然氣業務之獨家經營權、其他經營 權、客戶關係及專項技術分別於三十 年、二十七年、十年及二十年之期間 內予以攤銷。

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27. Amounts Due from/to Associates

Included in the balance of amounts due from associates are loans of HK\$181,932,000 (2011: HK\$163,166,000) which are unsecured, interest bearing at fixed rates ranging from 5.31% to 7.22% per annum (2011: 5.31% to 5.56% per annum). The remaining balance of HK\$84,792,000 (2011: HK\$92,115,000) are of trade nature aged within 180 days based on invoice date. A credit period of 30 to 180 days is granted to these trade customers. As at March 31, 2012, the balance of HK\$141,932,000 (2011: HK\$163,166,000) is expected to be repayable after one year and shown under non-current assets. The remaining balance is expected to be repayable within twelve months and shown under current assets. All balances are neither past due nor impaired at the reporting date as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the Group believes that the amounts are considered recoverable.

The non-trade balance of amounts due to associates are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

27. 應收/應付聯營公司款項

計入應收聯營公司款項結餘之貸款 181,932,000港元(二零一一年:163,166,000 港元)乃無抵押、按每年5.31厘至7.22厘(二 零一一年:每年5.31厘至5.56厘)之固定利率 計息。餘額84,792,000港元(二零一一年: 92,115,000港元)屬貿易性質,賬齡由發票 日期起計180日內。本集團向該等貿易客戶 授予30日至180日之信貸期。於二零一二年 三月三十一日,結餘141,932,000港元(二零 一一年:163,166,000港元)預計須於一年後 償還,並計入非流動資產。餘額預計須在十 二個月內償還,並計入流動資產。由於信貸 質素並無重大改變,且本集團相信有關金額 視作可予收回,故於報告日期,所有結餘均 無逾期及減值。

應付聯營公司非貿易結餘為無抵押、免息並 須於要求時償還。

28. Inventories

28. 存貨

		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Construction materials Consumables, spare parts	建材 消耗品、備件及燃煤物料	383,867	367,341
and coke materials		319,312	282,516
Natural gas	天然氣	37,296	31,349
LPG	液化石油氣	1,002,897	395,319
		1,743,372	1,076,525

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29. Amounts Due from (to) Customers for Contract 29. 應收(應付)客戶之合約工程款項 Work

		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Contracts in progress at end of the reporting period:	於報告期末之在建工程:		
Contract costs incurred plus recognised profits less	已錄得之合約成本加已確認 溢利減已確認虧損		
recognised losses		584,132	427,427
Less: Progress billings	減:進度付款	(655,280)	(546,271)
		(71,148)	(118,844)
Analysed for reporting purposes as:	作呈報用途分析:		
Amounts due from customers	應收客戶之合約工程款項		
for contract work		173,519	166,884
Amounts due to customers	應付客戶之合約工程款項		
for contract work		(244,667)	(285,728)
		(71,148)	(118,844)

At March 31, 2012 and 2011, there was no retention monies held by customers for contract work performed. At March 31, 2012, advances received from customers for contract work not yet commenced amounted to HK\$939,156,000 (2011: HK\$929,962,000) which were included in trade and other payables in note 33.

於二零一二年及二零一一年三月三十一 日,並無保留款項由客戶就已進行之合約 工程而持有。於二零一二年三月三十一 日,已向尚未展開之合約工程客戶收取之 墊款為939,156,000港元(二零一一年: 929,962,000港元),並已列入附註33之貿易 應付賬款及其他應付賬項。

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30. Trade and Other Receivables

30. 貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項

and a second		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables	貿易應收賬款	1,535,691	1,118,704
Less: Accumulated allowances	減:累計撥備	(245,779)	(237,692)
Trade receivables	貿易應收賬款	1,289,912	881,012
Deposits paid for construction	工程及其他材料已付按金		
and other materials		308,784	193,644
Deposits paid for purchase of	購買天然氣及液化石油氣已付按金		
natural gas and LPG		410,945	341,648
Advance payments to	預付予分包商之款項		
sub-contractors		430,058	209,515
Tender deposits	投標按金	610	595
Rental and utilities deposits	租金及公用事業按金	25,567	23,599
Other tax recoverable	其他可收回税項	127,989	106,328
Other receivables and deposits	其他應收賬項及按金	210,908	200,337
Prepaid operating expenses	預付經營開支	198,998	194,858
Amounts due from non-controlling	應收附屬公司非控股權益款項		
interests of subsidiaries		26,062	84,472
Amounts due from shareholders	應收共同控制實體股東款項		
of jointly controlled entities		140,095	152,032
Total trade and other receivables	貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項總額	3,169,928	2,388,040

Other than certain major customers with good repayment history which the Group allows a longer credit period or settlement by instalment basis, the Group generally allows an average credit period of 30 to 180 days to its trade customers. 除若干付款記錄良好之主要客戶獲本集團准 許有較長信貸期或分期付款外,本集團一般 向其貿易客戶提供平均30-180日之信貸期。

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables net of impairment losses presented based on invoice date at the end of the reporting period: 於報告期末,按發票日期呈列之貿易應收賬 款(扣除減值虧損)之賬齡分析如下:

		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 – 180 days 181 – 365 days Over 365 days	0 - 180日 181 - 365日 365日以上	1,083,664 127,931 78,317	680,125 101,498 99,389
		1,289,912	881,012

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30. Trade and Other Receivables (Continued)

The trade receivables with carrying amount of HK\$1,083,664,000 (2011: HK\$680,125,000) are neither past due nor impaired at the reporting date for which the Group believes that the amounts are considered recoverable.

The Group has policies for allowance of bad and doubtful debts which are based on the evaluation of collectability and age analysis of accounts and on the management's judgment including the credit creditworthiness and the past collection history of each customer.

During the year ended March 31, 2012, the Group made an allowance of HK\$2,290,000 (2011: HK\$7,383,000) in respect of the trade receivables related to the gas pipeline construction business, which was past due at the reporting date with long age and slow repayments were received from respective customers since the due date. The directors of the Company considered the related receivables may be impaired and specific allowance is made.

Movement in the allowance for bad and doubtful debts:

30. 貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項(續)

賬面值1,083,664,000港元之貿易應收賬款 (二零一一年:680,125,000港元)於報告日 期並無逾期或出現減值,本集團相信該等款 項乃被視為可收回。

本集團之呆壞賬撥備政策乃根據追回款項機 率之評估及賬項之賬齡分析,並根據管理層 對包括每名客戶之信用能力及收款往績之判 斷。

於截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度內, 本集團就與輸氣管道建設業務有關之貿易應 收賬款作出2,290,000港元(二零一一年: 7,383,000港元)之撥備,原因為該等款項於 報告日期已逾期,其賬齡久遠且有關客戶自 欠款日期以來之還款速度緩慢。本公司董事 認為有關應收款項或會減值,並作出特定撥 備。

呆壞賬撥備之變動:

		2012	2011
		二零一二年	二零一一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Balance at the beginning	年初結餘		
of the year		237,692	221,497
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	5,797	8,812
Charge for the year	年度撥備	2,290	7,383
Balance at the end of the year	年終結餘	245,779	237,692

In determining the recoverability of the trade receivables, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the trade receivables from the date credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. The trade receivables past due but not provided for impairment were either subsequently settled as at the date these consolidated financial statements were authorised for issuance or no historical default of payments by the respective customers. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the customer base being large and unrelated. Accordingly, the directors of the Company believe that there is no further credit provision required in excess of the allowance for bad and doubtful debts.

判斷貿易應收賬款能否收回時,本集團會考 慮貿易應收賬款之信用質素自信貸初次批出 當日直至報告日期期間之任何變化。逾期但 未作出減值之貿易應收賬款若非其後於本綜 合財務報表獲授權刊發之日已償付,即屬於 並無過往拖欠還款紀錄之客戶。由於客戶層 範圍廣大及並不關連,故信貸集中風險有 限。據此,本公司董事相信毋須於呆壞賬撥 備以外進一步提撥信貸準備。

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30. Trade and Other Receivables (Continued)

Included in the Group's trade receivables are debtors, with a carrying amount of HK\$206,248,000 (2011: HK\$200,887,000) which are past due at the reporting date for which the Group has not provided as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the amount are still considered recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. The average age of these trade receivable is 270 days (2011: 270 days) as at March 31, 2012.

Ageing of trade receivables which are past due but not impaired:

30. 貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項(續)

本集團之貿易應收賬款中包括賬面值 206,248,000港元之欠款(二零一一年: 200,887,000港元),該筆款項於報告日期已 逾期,但本集團基於信貸質素未有重大變化 且金額仍被視為可收回而尚未提撥準備。本 集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押。於二零 一二年三月三十一日,該等貿易應收賬款之 平均賬齡為270日(二零一一年:270日)。

已逾期但未列作減值之貿易應收賬款之賬齡 分析如下:

		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
180 – 365 days Over 365 days	180 - 365日 365日以上	127,931 78,317	101,498 99,389
		206,248	200,887

The non-trade balances of amounts due from non-controlling interests of subsidiaries and shareholders of jointly controlled entities are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand. 應收附屬公司非控股權益及共同控制實體股 東款項之非貿易結餘均為無抵押、免息且須 按要求償還。

31. Held-for-trading Investments

31. 持作買賣投資

		2012 二零一二年	2011 二零一一年
		— ▼ — - → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → →	— ▼ HK\$'000 千港元
Equity securities at fair value	按公平值計算之香港上市股本證券		
listed in Hong Kong		10,893	11,948

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32. Pledged Bank Deposits/bank Balances and Cash

Bank balances and cash comprise cash held by the Group and shortterm bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less and carry interest at market rates which range from 0.01% to 2.08% per annum (2011: 0.03% to 1.83% per annum).

Pledged bank deposits represent deposits pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to the Group. Deposits amounting to HK\$710,459,000 (2011: HK\$1,647,444,000) have been pledged to secure short-term bank loans and undrawn short-term facilities and are therefore classified as current assets. The pledged bank deposits carry fixed interest rate of 1.10% to 3.50% (2011: 1.10% to 4.12%) per annum.

The details of the Group's pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash which are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the respective group entities are set out below:

32. 已抵押銀行存款/銀行結餘及 現金

銀行結餘及現金包括本集團持有之現金及原本於三個月或以內到期之短期銀行存款,按 每年0.01厘至2.08厘(二零一一年:每年0.03 厘至1.83厘)之市場利率計息。

已抵押銀行存款指為取得授予本集團之銀行 融資而抵押予銀行之存款。710,459,000港 元(二零一一年:1,647,444,000港元)之存款 已作抵押以取得短期銀行貸款及未提取之短 期融資,因此分類為流動資產。已抵押銀行 存款按每年1.10厘至3.50厘(二零一一年:每 年1.10厘至4.12厘)之固定利率計息。

本集團以各相關集團實體之功能貨幣以外之 外幣計值之已抵押銀行存款以及銀行結餘及 現金之詳情載列如下:

		USD 美元 HK\$'000	HK\$ 港元 HK\$'000
		<mark>equivalent</mark> 千港元 相當於	千港元
At March 31, 2012	於二零一二年三月三十一日	1,651,010	18,936
At March 31, 2011	於二零一一年三月三十一日	2,012,124	25,215

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33. Trade and Other Payables

33. 貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項

Trade and other payables comprise amounts outstanding for trade purchases and ongoing costs. The following is an aged analysis of trade and other payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項包括貿易買賣 及持續成本之未結清數額。於報告期末,按 發票日期呈列之貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬 項之賬齡分析如下:

		2012 二零一二年	2011 二零——年
		—————————————————————————————————————	_令 + HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
0 – 90 days	0-90日	1,201,760	1,368,367
91 – 180 days	91 - 180日	302,054	220,427
Over 180 days	180日以上	736,944	606,434
Trade and bill payables	貿易應付賬款及應付票據	2,240,758	2,195,228
Other payables and	其他應付賬項及應計費用		
accrued charges		236,163	222,123
Construction fee payables	應付工程費用	271,344	263,178
Other tax payables	應付其他税項	36,813	62,013
Accrued staff costs	累計員工成本	53,204	79,672
Loan interest payables	應付貸款利息	60,519	46,659
Deposits received from customers	已收客戶之按金	46,549	61,271
Advance payments	來自客戶之預收款項		
from customers		669,464	494,281
Advances received from	已向尚未展開之合約工程		
customers for contract works	客戶收取之墊款		
that have not yet been started		939,156	929,962
Amounts due to non-controlling	應付附屬公司非控股權益款項		
interests of subsidiaries		95,639	69,705
Amounts due to shareholders	應付共同控制實體股東款項		
of jointly controlled entities		9,938	17,399
Obligation on capital injection	中民中燃向福建安然注資之責任		
to Fujian Anran by Zhongmin			
Zhongran		-	23,448
Obligation on acquisition of	收購附屬公司額外權益之責任		
additional interest in a subsidiary	(附註41A(iv))		
(note 41A(iv))		-	38,095
		4,659,547	4,503,034

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33. Trade and Other Payables (Continued)

Included in the amounts due to non-controlling interests of subsidiaries and shareholders of jointly controlled entities are trade payables amounting to HK\$7,671,000 (2011: HK\$3,706,000) and HK\$3,273,000 (2011: HK\$3,224,000) respectively. All of the balances were aged within 90 days based on invoice date and the average credit period is 90 days.

The non-trade balances of amounts due to non-controlling interests of subsidiaries and shareholders of jointly controlled entities are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

34. Derivative Financial Instruments

33. 貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項(續)

計入應付附屬公司非控股權益及共同控制實 體股東之金額分別為貿易應付賬款7,671,000 港元(二零一一年:3,706,000港元)及 3,273,000港元(二零一一年:3,224,000港 元)。所有結餘之賬齡由發出發票日期起計 90日內,平均信貸期為90日。

應付附屬公司非控股權益及共同控制實體股 東款項之非貿易結餘為無抵押、免息及須於 要求時償還。

34. 衍生金融工具

		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current Interest rate range accrual swap transactions not qualified for hedge accounting	流動 不符合資格作為對沖會計處理之 利率範圍累計掉期交易	_	32,122

The Group did not have any outstanding derivatives as at March 31, 2012.

Interest rate range accrual swap transactions

於二零一二年三月三十一日,本集團概無任 何尚未到期衍生工具。

利率範圍累計掉期交易

Major terms of the outstanding interest rate swap transactions as at於二零一一年三.March 31, 2011 were as follows:期交易之主要條請

於二零一一年三月三十一日,未到期利率掉 期交易之主要條款如下:

Notional amount	Maturity dates	Pay leg	Receive leg
名義金額	到期日	付款部分	收款部分
RMB1,750,000,000 in aggregate	From September 4, 2011 to December 12, 2011	6.60% - 6.65%	Relative movement of 2-year, 10-year and 30-year USD swap rates
合共	由二零一一年九月四日至	6.60厘至6.65厘	2年、10年及30年美元
人民幣1,750,000,000元	二零一一年十二月十二日		掉期利率之相關變動
US\$100,000,000 in aggregate	From June 11, 2011 to June 13, 2011	USD LIBOR + 1.40%	Relative movement of 2-year, 10-year and 30-year USD swap rates
合共	由二零一一年六月十一日至	美元倫敦銀行同業	2年、10年及30年美元
100,000,000美元	二零一一年六月十三日	拆息率+1.40厘	掉期利率之相關變動

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34. Derivative Financial Instruments (Continued)

The net fair values of the outstanding interest rate transactions were measured at the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted based on the applicable yield curves derived from quoted interest rates and quoted spot and forward foreign exchange rate.

Derivatives embedded in convertible bonds

On August 6, 2010, the Group acquired 56.33% equity interest of Zhongyu Gas in which certain convertible bonds issued by Zhongyu Gas were acquired as part of net assets acquired. The convertible bonds were fully redeemed in prior year. The derivatives embedded in the convertible bonds comprised (i) conversion option; and (ii) early redemption option held by Zhongyu Gas. Details are set out in note 39.

During the year ended March 31, 2012, a gain of HK\$32,122,000 (2011: a loss of HK\$46,083,000) is recognised in respect of the changes in fair values of derivative financial instruments.

35. Amount Due to a Non-controlling Interest of 35. 應付附屬公司非控股權益款項 a Subsidiary

The amount was unsecured, bearing fixed-rate interest at 2% per annum, originally repayable in year 2013 and denominated in JPY. During the year ended March 31, 2011, the Group had made the repayment of HK\$355,794,000 and for the remaining balance, the Group agreed with the non-controlling interest for early repayment and accordingly, it was classified as a current liability as at March 31, 2011. There is no repayment during the year ended March 31, 2012 and the remaining balance is repayable on demand.

34. 衍生金融工具(續)

未到期利率交易之公平淨值乃按根據適用報 價利率所得之收益曲線貼現之估計未來現金 流之現值,以及報價現貨及期貨匯率計量。

可換股債券之附帶衍生工具

於二零一零年八月六日,本集團收購中裕燃 氣之56.33%股權,其中若干由中裕燃氣發行 之可換股債券乃作為部分被收購資產淨值。 可換股債券已於上一年度悉數贖回。可換股 債券之附帶衍生工具乃由中裕燃氣持有之()) 換股權;及(ii)提早贖回權組成。詳情載於附 註39內。

截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度, 收益32.122.000港元(二零一一年: 虧損 46.083.000港元)獲確認為衍生金融工具之 公平值變動。

該款項為無抵押、按年利率2厘計息、原須 於二零一三年償還及以日圓計值。截至二零 --年三月三十一日止年度,本集團已償還 355,794,000港元,並向非控股權益同意提 早償還餘款,故此餘款已於二零一一年三月 三十一日分類為流動負債。截至二零一二年 三月三十一日止年度,本集團並無償還任何 款項,餘款須於要求時償還。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

36. Bank and Other Borrowings

36. 銀行及其他借貸

		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank and other borrowings comprise the following:	銀行及其他借貸包括:		
Bank borrowings Trust receipt loans Mortgage loan Other bank borrowings Other loans	銀行借貸 信託收據貸款 按揭貸款 其他銀行借貸 其他貸款	10,250,923 2,207,640 3,889 2,889,923 17,787	11,672,079 2,173,505 6,593 1,160,163 20,824
		15,370,162	15,033,164
Secured Unsecured	有抵押 無抵押	10,829,960 4,540,202	10,690,492 4,342,672
		15,370,162	15,033,164

Other bank borrowings represent the loans from discounting of intercompany receivables with full recourse.

其他銀行借貸指具全面追溯權之貼現公司間 應收款項。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

36. Bank and Other Borrowings (Continued) 36. 銀行及其他借貸(續)

		2012 一要一一年	2011 二零一一年
		二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	_~~~~~ HK\$'000 千港元
The maturity profile of the above loans is as follows:	上述借貸之到期情況如下:		
Within one year More than one year, but not	於一年內 多於一年但不超過兩年	8,963,385	7,253,314
exceeding two years More than two years, but not	多於兩年但不超過五年	911,073	503,059
exceeding five years More than five years	多於五年	2,737,790 2,757,914	3,500,997 3,716,271
Add: Carrying amount of bank loans that are not repayable within one year from the end of the reporting period but contain a repayment on demand clause (shown under current	加:不可自報告期結束起計一年內 償還,惟載有隨時按要求 償還條款之銀行貸款之賬面值 (列入流動負債)	15,370,162	14,973,641
liabilities) Less: Amount due within one year shown under current liabilities	減:一年內到期列入流動 負債之款項	 15,370,162 (8,963,385)	59,523 15,033,164 (7,312,837
Amount due after one year	一年後到期之款項	6,406,777	7,720,327
Borrowings comprise:	借貸包括:		
Fixed-rate borrowings Floating-rate borrowings – LIBOR plus 1.5%	定息借貸 浮息借貸 一倫敦同業拆借利率另加1.5厘	5,660,229 2,787,218	5,574,302
– Base rate of People's Bank of China	- 中國人民銀行基準利率	6,922,715	6,393,940
		15,370,162	15,033,164

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

36. Bank and Other Borrowings (Continued)

36. 銀行及其他借貸(續)

The range of effective interest rates (which are also equal to contracted interest rates) on the Group's borrowings are as follows:

本集團借貸之實際利率之範圍(相等訂約利 率)如下:

		2012 二零一二年	2011 二零一一年
Effective interest rate per annum:	實際年利率:		
Fixed-rate borrowings	定息借貸	2.55% - 7.83% 2.55厘至7.83厘	
Floating-rate borrowings	浮息借貸	3.84% - 8.90% 3.84厘至8.90厘	3.30% – 8.51%

The details of the Group's borrowings which are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the respective group entities are set out below: 本集團除各相關集團實體之功能貸幣以外之 外幣計值之借貸詳情載列如下:

		USD 美元	JPY 日圓
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		equivalent	equivalent
		千港元	千港元
		相當於	相當於
At March 31, 2012	於二零一二年三月三十一日	4,121,951	439,560
At March 31, 2011	於二零一一年三月三十一日	4,797,837	227,940

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37. Share Capital

				Conve	ertible	
	Althe Contraction	Ordinary shares 普通股		preference shares 可換股優先股		Total 合計
		No. of shares		No. of shares		
		'000	HK\$'000	'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		at HK\$0.01		at HK\$1.00		
		each		each		
		千股股數	千港元	千股股數	千港元	千港元
		每股面值		每股面值		
		0.01港元		1.00港元		
Authorised	法定	9,000,000	90,000	124,902	124,902	214,902
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:					
At April 1, 2010	於二零一零年四月一日	3,361,036	33,610	_	_	33,610
Exercise of share options (note 50)	行使購股權(附註50)	127,911	1,279	-	-	1,279
Issue of shares as consideration for	作為收購業務之代價而發行之					
the acquisition of a business (Note i)	股份(附註i)	175,552	1,756	-	-	1,756
Issue of new ordinary shares (Note ii)	發行新普通股(附註ii)	718,556	7,186	-	-	7,186
At March 31, 2011 and 2012	於二零一一年及二零一二年					
	三月三十一日	4,383,055	43,831	-	-	43,831

Notes:

- (i) As part of the consideration for the acquisition of Zhongyu Gas, completion of which took place on August 6, 2010, 175,552,000 ordinary shares of the Company with par value of HK\$0.01 each were issued.
- (ii) On November 8, 2010, completion took place for private placements to independent private investors of 718,556,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each in the Company, at subscription price of HK\$4.31 each.

The shares issued during the year ended March 31, 2011 rank pari passu with the then existing shares in all respects.

附註:

37. 股本

- (i) 作為收購中裕燃氣之部分代價(收購於二 零一零年八月六日完成),本公司已發行 175,552,000股每股面值0.01港元之普通 股。
- (ii) 於二零一零年十一月八日,本公司完成向 獨立私人投資者配售718,556,000股每股 面值0.01港元之股份,認購價為每股4.31 港元。
- 於截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度發行之 股份於所有方面與現有股份享有同等權利。

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38. Reserves

38. 儲備

		2012	2011
		二零一二年	二零一一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Translation reserve	匯兑儲備		
At the beginning of	於報告期初		
the reporting period		467,775	277,665
Exchange difference arising	因換算而產生之匯兑差額		
on translation		111,256	193,354
Release upon disposal of	出售共同控制實體時撥回		
jointly controlled entities		-	(3,244)
Release upon deemed	視作出售附屬公司時撥回		
disposal of a subsidiary		(24,518)	-
At the end of the reporting period	於報告期末	554,513	467,775
		2012	2011
		二零一二年	二零一一年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		てたル	
Investment revaluation	投資重估儲備		
reserve			
At the beginning of	於報告期初		
the reporting period		10,636	7,958
(Decrease) increase in fair	可供出售投資公平值		
value on available-for-sale	(減少)增加		
investments		(6,854)	2,678
At the end of the reporting period	於報告期末	3,782	10,636

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39. Convertible Bonds

As at August 6, 2010, being the date of completion of the acquisition of 56.33% of the issued share capital of Zhongyu Gas by the Company as described in note 42(B)(iv) ("Zhongyu Gas Acquisition"), the convertible bonds issued by Zhongyu Gas with principal amount of US\$15,600,000 ("Zhongyu Gas Bond") were outstanding. The Zhongyu Gas Bond carried interest at 2% per annum and will be matured on June 25, 2012 ("Maturity Date of Zhongyu Gas Bond"). The conversion price of Zhongyu Gas Bond was HK\$0.70. Zhongyu Gas Bond can be converted at any time up to 5 business days prior to Maturity Date of Zhongyu Gas Bond or 7 business days prior to the date of repurchase. Unless previously redeemed, converted or purchased and cancelled, Zhongyu Gas Bond can be repurchased at 130 per cent of their principal amount on Maturity Date of Zhongyu Gas Bond.

39. 可換股債券

於二零一零年八月六日,即本公司收購中裕 燃氣已發行股本56.33%(「中裕燃氣收購事 項」,載於附註42(B)(iv))完成日期,中裕燃氣 發行之本金額為15,600,000美元之可換股債 券(「中裕燃氣債券」)尚未行使。中裕燃氣債 券按年利率2厘計息並於二零一二年六月二十 五日到期(「中裕燃氣債券到日」)。中裕燃氣 債券之兑換價為0.70港元,可於中裕燃氣 債券之兑換價為0.70港元,可於中裕燃氣 債 券到期日前五個營業日或購回日前七個營業 日前兑換。除非先前已贖回、轉換或購回並 註銷,否則中裕燃氣債券可於中裕燃氣債券 到期日按中裕燃氣債券本金額130%購回。

中裕燃氣債券可由中裕燃氣按下列其中一個 選擇購回:

Date 日期	Repurchase amount 購回金額	Consideration 代價		
Option 1				
選擇1				
June 25, 2011	Not less than 10% of the remaining principal amount	110% of the principal amount		
二零一一年六月二十五日	不少於餘下本金額之10%	本金額之110%		
June 25, 2012	Remaining balance	130% of the principal amount		
二零一二年六月二十五日	餘款	本金額之130%		
Option 2				
選擇2				
June 25, 2011	Not less than 15% of	120% of the principal amount		
	the remaining principal amount			
二零一一年六月二十五日	不少於餘下本金額之15%	本金額之120%		
June 25, 2012	Remaining balance	130% of the principal amount		
二零一二年六月二十五日	餘款	本金額之130%		

Zhongyu Gas Bond can be repurchased at the option of Zhongyu Gas at either one of the following options:

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

39. Convertible Bonds (Continued)

In the event of a change of control of Zhongyu Gas, the holders of Zhongyu Gas Bond will have the right to require Zhongyu Gas to redeem in whole or in part such outstanding convertible bonds issued by Zhongyu Gas pursuant to the terms of Zhongyu Gas Bond. Zhongyu Gas had therefore issued a notice of the change of control of Zhongyu Gas to the holders of Zhongyu Gas Bond after the completion of the Zhongyu Gas Acquisition.

The holders of Zhongyu Gas Bond had exercised their right to require Zhongyu Gas to redeem Zhongyu Gas Bond. On September 13, 2010, Zhongyu Gas completed the redemption of an aggregate principal amount of US\$15,600,000 at a consideration of US\$18,507,000 equivalent to (approximately HK\$143,828,000), being the early redemption amount payable on the outstanding principal amount of Zhongyu Gas Bond together with all accrued and unpaid interest, in accordance with the terms and conditions of Zhongyu Gas Bond. Thereafter, Zhongyu Gas has no outstanding convertible bonds.

The convertible bonds contain the following components that are required to be separately accounted for in accordance with HKAS 32 "Financial instruments: Presentation" and HKAS 39 "Financial instruments: Recognition and Measurement":

- (a) Liability component of the Zhongyu Gas Bond represents the present value of the contractually determined stream of future cash flows discounted at the interest rate at that time by the market of comparable credit status and providing substantially the same cash flows, on the same terms, but without the conversion and redemption option. The effective interest rate of the liability component of the Zhongyu Gas Bond determined on initial recognition is 20.42% per annum respectively.
- (b) Embedded conversion option of Zhongyu Gas Bond represents the option to convert the liability into equity of the Zhongyu Gas but the conversion will be settled other than by the exchange of a fixed number of the Zhongyu Gas's own equity.
- (c) Embedded early redemption option of Zhongyu Gas Bond represents Zhongyu Gas's option to early redeem all or part of Zhongyu Gas Bond.

39. 可換股債券(續)

倘中裕燃氣控制權出現變動,中裕燃氣債券 持有人將有權要求中裕燃氣根據中裕燃氣債 券條款贖回全部或部份中裕燃氣發行之未兑 換可換股債券。故此,中裕燃氣於中裕燃氣 收購事項完成後,已通知中裕燃氣債券持有 人中裕燃氣控制權出現變動。

中裕燃氣債券持有人已行使權利,要求中裕 燃氣贖回中裕燃氣債券。於二零一零年九月 十三日,中裕燃氣已根據中裕燃氣債券條款 及條件,完成贖回本金總額15,600,000美 元,代價為18,507,000美元(約143,828,000 港元),即中裕燃氣債券未兑換本金額連同全 部應計及未付利息之應付提早贖回金額。其 後,中裕燃氣並無未兑換可換股債券。

可換股債券包括以下成份,須根據香港會計 準則第32號「金融工具:呈列」及香港會計準 則第39號「金融工具:確認及計量」獨立入 賬:

- (a) 中裕燃氣債券之負債成份指合約所 定之未來現金流量按當時市場上向具 有可資比較的信貸級別並以相同條款 提供大致相同的現金流量但無換股及 贖回權的工具之市場利率進行貼現後 的現值。於初步確認時就中裕燃氣債 券負債成份釐定之實際年利率分別為 20.42厘。
- (b) 中裕燃氣債券附帶換股權指將中裕燃 氣負債兑換為權益之選擇權,惟兑換 將以兑換中裕燃氣本身固定數目之權 益以外方式結清。
- (c) 中裕燃氣債券附帶提早贖回權指中裕 燃氣提早贖回全部或部份中裕燃氣債 券之選擇權。

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39. Convertible Bonds (Continued)

The fair values of the embedded conversion option of Zhongyu Gas Bond as at date of redemption is calculated using the Monte Carol Simulation Model. The inputs into the model were as follows:

39. 可換股債券(續)

中裕燃氣債券附帶換股權於贖回日期之公平 值乃以蒙地卡羅模擬模式計算。該模式之輸 入數值如下:

				Date of redemption of principal amount of US\$15,600,000 本金額 15,600,000美元之 贖回日期
Con	iversion price	換股價		HK\$0.70 0.70港元
Exp	ected volatility (note a)	預計波幅(附註a)		52.53%
Exp	ected life (note b)	預計期限(附註b)		1.78 years 1.78年
Risk	free rate (note c)	無風險利率(附註c)		0.38% per annum 每年0.38厘
Mar	ket price of Zhongyu Gas	中裕燃氣市價		HK\$0.70 0.70港元
Note	es:		附註	:
(a)	(a) Expected volatility for embedded conversion option was determined by calculating the historical volatility of the Zhongyu Gas's share price over 250 trading days.		(a)	附帶換股權之預計波幅乃根據中裕燃氣股 價於超過250個交易日之歷史波幅計算釐 定。
(b)	Expected life was the expected remaining life of the embedded conversion option.		(b)	預計期限指附帶換股權之預計餘下年期。
(C)	c) The risk free rate is determined by reference to the Hong Kong Exchange Fund Note.		(C)	無風險利率乃經參考香港外匯基金票據釐 定。
of re	edemption is determined by ap	arly redemption option as at the date oplication of Trinomial method, using m and time to maturity equal to the	乃按	[回日期之附帶提前贖回選擇權之公平值]實際年孳息率5.42厘及相當於選擇權預]下年期之到期年期以三項法釐定。

expected remaining life of the option.

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

39. Convertible Bonds (Continued)

39. 可換股債券(續)

The movement of different components of the convertible bonds during the two years ended March 31, 2012 is set out below: 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止兩個年度 內,可換股債券之不同成份之變動載列如 下:

			Embedded conversion	early redemption	
		Liability	option	option 附帶	Total
			附帶	提前贖回	
		負債	換股權	選擇權	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At April 1, 2010	於二零一零年四月一日	_	-	_	_
Acquired on acquisition of a	收購業務時所得				
business (note 42(B)(iv))	(附註42(B)(iv))	118,483	28,293	(4,945)	141,831
Interest charged (note 11)	利息支出(附註11)	3,045	-	_	3,045
Interest paid	已付利息	(527)) —	_	(527)
Loss arising on change	公平值變動所產生虧損				
in fair value		_	374	919	1,293
Redemption during the year	年內贖回	(121,001)	(28,667)	4,026	(145,642)
At March 31, 2011 and 2012	於二零一一年及				
	二零一二年三月三十一日	-	-	-	_

During the year ended March 31, 2011, the gain on redemption of Zhongyu Gas Bond of HK\$1,814,000 was recognised and included in other gains and losses.

截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度內,贖 回中裕燃氣債券收益1,814,000港元已確認並 計入其他收益及虧損。
For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

40. Deferred Taxation

The following is the deferred tax liabilities (assets) recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior reporting years.

40. 遞延税項

以下為於本申報年度及前申報年度之已確認 遞延税項負債(資產)以及相關變動。

		Accelerated	Revaluation on investment	Fair value adjustment on property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease	Tax		Impairment on trade receivables and amounts due from customers for contract		
		depreciation	properties	payments 物業、 廠房及 設備及預付	losses	assets	work 應收客戶 合約工程	Others	Total
		加速税項 折舊 HK\$'000 千港元	投資 物業重估 HK\$'000 千港元	租賃款項之 公平値調整 HK\$'000 千港元	税項虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	無形資產 HK\$'000 千港元	ロッシュ 之貿易應收 賬款減值 HK\$*000 千港元	其他 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At April 1, 2010 Exchange adjustments Acquisition of businesses (note 42) Charge (credit) to profit or loss for the year (note 12)	二零一零年四月一日 匯兑調整 收購業務(附註42) 年內於損益扣除(抵免) (附註12)	471 - -	33,949 969 745 10,298	239,199 8,543 - (8,046)	(7,275) - (4,531)	236,951 8,463 20,470 (7,364)	(88,155) (3,148) – (163)	- 1,656 2,571	415,140 14,827 22,871 (7,235)
At March 31, 2011 (restated) Exchange adjustments Deemed disposal of a subsidiary Charge (credit) to profit or loss for the year (note 12)	於二零一一年三月三十一日 (經重列) 匯兑調整 視作出售一家附屬公司 年內於損益扣除(抵免) (附註12)	471 - -	45,961 805 (1,613) 10,146	239,696 5,848 - (8,046)	(11,806) - - (441)	258,520 6,053 (10,339) (8,514)	(91,466) (2,231) – (368)	4,227 - (4,227) -	445,603 10,475 (16,179) (7,223)
At March 31, 2012	於二零一二年三月三十一日	471	55,299	237,498	(12,247)	245,720	(94,065)	-	432,676

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes: 就呈列綜合財務狀況表而言,若干遞延税項 資產及負債已予抵銷。以下為就財務報告而 言之遞延税項結餘分析:

		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (經重列)
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項資產 遞延税項負債	94,065 (526,741)	91,466 (537,069)
		(432,676)	(445,603)

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

40. Deferred Taxation (Continued)

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax, withholding tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profit earned by PRC subsidiaries from January 1, 2008 onward. No deferred taxation has been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary differences attributable to accumulated profits of the PRC entities amounting to HK\$2,344,103,000 (2011: HK\$2,232,546,000) as the Group is able to control the timing of reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

All jointly controlled entities and associates established in the PRC are held directly by certain wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Group established in the PRC which are therefore not subject to the abovementioned withholding tax.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has estimated unused tax losses of HK\$2,822,417,000 (2011: HK\$2,180,660,000) available for offset against future profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of HK\$74,223,000 (2011: HK\$71,553,000) of the tax losses. No deferred tax asset has been recognised for the remaining estimated tax losses of HK\$2,748,194,000 (2011: HK\$2,109,107,000) due to the uncertainty of future profits streams. Included in unrecognised estimated tax losses are losses of HK\$1,868,673,000 (2011: HK\$1,321,405,000) that will expire in 5 years from the year of origination which is ranging from 2013 to 2017. Other losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

41. Acquisition of Additional Interest in Subsidiaries

(A) Acquisition of additional interest in subsidiaries in 2012

(i) On August 20, 2011, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with non-controlling interest of a subsidiary in the PRC in respect of the acquisition of 40% equity interest in the subsidiary of the Group, 南寧管道燃 氣有限責任公司 ("南寧管道") for a cash consideration of RMB126,044,000 (approximately HK\$153,712,000). The acquisition was completed during the year ended March 31, 2012 and the difference between the consideration paid and the carrying amount of the additional interest acquired by the Group of HK\$69,303,000 was credited to equity as capital reserve during the year ended March 31, 2012.

40. 遞延税項(續)

根據中國企業所得税法,由二零零八年一月 一日起,就中國附屬公司所賺取之溢利而宣 派之股息須徵收預扣税。綜合財務報表並無 就中國實體累計溢利2,344,103,000港元(二 零一一年:2,232,546,000港元)之暫時差額 作出遞延税項撥備,原因是本集團能控制撥 回暫時差額之時間,且暫時差額很可能不會 於可見將來撥回所致。

所有共同控制實體及聯營公司均由本集團在 中國成立之若干全資附屬公司直接持有,因 此毋須繳納上述預扣税。

於報告期末,本集團可用以抵銷未來溢利之 估計未動用税項虧損為2,822,417,000港元 (二零一一年:2,180,660,000港元)。已就 74,223,000港元(二零一一年:71,553,000 港元)之税項虧損確認遞延税項資產。由 於未來溢利來源尚不確定,其餘估計税項 虧損2,748,194,000港元(二零一一年: 2,109,107,000港元)並無確認遞延税項資 產。未確認估計税項虧損中包括自起始年度 (二零一三年至二零一七年期間)起計五年 內屆滿之1,868,673,000港元(二零一一年: 1,321,405,000港元)虧損。其他虧損可無限 期結轉。

41. 收購附屬公司額外權益

- (A) 於二零一二年收購附屬公司額外 權益
 - (i) 於二零一一年八月二十日,本集 團與中國一家附屬公司之非控股 股東訂立買賣協議,內容關於按 現金代價人民幣126,044,000元 (約153,712,000港元)收購本集 團附屬公司南寧管道燃氣有限責 任公司(「南寧管道」)40%之股本 權益。該收購已於截至二零一二 年三月三十一日止年度內完成, 而已支付代價與本集團所收購額 外權益賬面值之差額69,303,000 港元於截至二零一二年三月三十 一日止年度以資本儲備計入權 益。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

41. Acquisition of Additional Interest in Subsidiaries **41.** 收購附屬公司額外權益(續)

(A) Acquisition of additional interest in subsidiaries in 2012 (Continued)

- On December 15, 2011, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with non-controlling interest of a subsidiary in the PRC in respect of the acquisition of 20% equity interest in the subsidiary of the Group, 南昌中燃 for a cash consideration of RMB7,000,000 (approximately HK\$8,537,000). The acquisition was completed during the year ended March 31, 2012 and the difference between the consideration paid and the carrying amount of the additional interest acquired by the Group of HK\$3,438,000 was debited to equity as capital reserve during the year ended March 31, 2012.
- (iii) During the year ended March 31, 2012, the Group entered into sale and purchase agreements with non-controlling interests of a subsidiary in the PRC in respect of the acquisitions of 5% equity interest in the subsidiary of the Group, 深圳中燃燃氣有限公司 ("深圳中燃") for a total cash consideration of RMB2,500,000 (approximately HK\$3,049,000). The acquisition was completed during the year ended March 31, 2012. The difference between the consideration paid and the carrying amount of the additional interest acquired by the Group of HK\$611,000 was debited to equity as capital reserve during the year ended March 31, 2012.
- (iv) During the year ended March 31, 2011, the Group entered into sale and purchase agreements with non-controlling interests of subsidiaries in the PRC in respect of the acquisition of 49% equity interest in the subsidiary of the Group, 江蘇中油長江石化有限公司 ("江蘇中油") for a total cash consideration of RMB32,000,000 (approximately HK\$40,260,000). The transaction had not been completed on March 31, 2011 and the consideration payable of HK\$38,095,000 was recognised as a commitment to acquire a non-controlling interest as at March 31, 2011 under trade and other payables (note 33).

The acquisition was completed during the year ended March 31, 2012 and the difference between the consideration paid and the carrying amount of the additional interest acquired by the Group of HK\$8,417,000 was credited to equity as capital reserve during the year ended March 31, 2012.

(A) 於二零一二年收購附屬公司額外 權益(續)

- (ii) 二零一一年十二月月十五日,本集 團與中國一家附屬公司之非控股 股東訂立買賣協議,內容關於按 現金代價人民幣7,000,000元(約 8,537,000港元) 收購本集團附屬 公司南昌中燃20%之股本權益。該 收購已於截至二零一二年三月三十 一日止年度內完成,而已支付代價 與本集團所收購額外權益賬面值 之差額3,438,000港元於截至二零 一二年三月三十一日止年度以資本 儲備於權益扣除。
- 於截至二零一二年三月三十一日 (iii) 止年度,本集團與中國一家附屬 公司之非控股股東訂立買賣協 議,內容關於按現金代價人民幣 2.500.000元(約3.049.000港元) 收購本集團附屬公司深圳中燃燃 氣有限公司(「深圳中燃」)5%之 股本權益。該收購已於截至二零一 二年三月三十一日止年度內完成, 而已支付代價與本集團所收購額 外權益賬面值之差額611,000港元 於截至二零一二年三月三十一日止 年度以資本儲備於權益扣除。
- 於截至二零一一年三月三十一日 (iv)止年度,本集團與中國一家附屬公 司之非控股股東訂立買賣協議, 內容關於按總現金代價人民幣 32,000,000元(約40,260,000港 元) 收購本集團附屬公司江蘇中油 長江石化有限公司(「江蘇中油」) 49%之股本權益。於二零一一年三 月三十一日,該項交易尚未完成, 而應付代價38,095,000港元於貿 易應付賬款及其他應付賬項中確 認為於二零一一年三月三十一日收 購非控股權益之承諾(附註33)。

該收購已於截至二零一二年三月 三十一日止年度內完成,而已支 付代價與本集團所收購額外權益 賬面值之差額8,417,000港元於 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止 年度以資本儲備計入權益。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

41. Acquisition of Additional Interest in Subsidiaries *4* (Continued)

41. 收購附屬公司額外權益(續)

(B) Acquisition of additional interest in subsidiaries in 2011

i) During the year ended March 31, 2010, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with the noncontrolling interests of a subsidiary in the PRC in respect of the acquisition of 12.5% equity interest in the subsidiary of the Group, Zhongyou Hua Dian for a consideration of RMB82,642,000 (approximately HK\$94,991,000). The consideration had been paid before March 31, 2010. The transaction had not been completed as at March 31, 2010, and the consideration paid was recognised as commitment to acquire a non-controlling interest as at March 31, 2010.

The acquisition was completed during the year ended March 31, 2011. The difference between the consideration paid and the carrying amount of the additional interest acquired by the Group of HK\$53,083,000 was debited to equity as capital reserve during the year ended March 31, 2011.

- (ii) On June 21, 2010, the Group injected RMB100,000,000 (approximately HK\$114,942,000) into 佳木斯中燃城市 燃氣發展有限公司 ("佳木斯"), as a result of the capital injection, the Group's effective interest in 佳木斯 was increased from 42% to 84.7%. On the same day, the Group acquired 13.3% additional interest in 佳木斯 for a consideration of RMB20,000,000 (approximately HK\$22,988,000). The difference between the capital injection amount, consideration paid and the carrying amount of the additional interest effectively hold by the Group of HK\$7,808,000 was credited to equity as capital reserve during the year ended March 31, 2011.
- (iii) During the year ended March 31, 2011, Zhongyu Gas and the non-controlling interest of Luohe Zhongyu Gas Co. Ltd. ("Luohe Zhongyu") entered into an agreement, pursuant to which, the non-controlling shareholder withdrew its portion of registered capital and the return of registered capital was satisfied by property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payment with carrying amount of HK\$816,000 and HK\$5,354,000, respectively held by Luohe Zhongyu, which were approximately to their fair value. Thereafter, the Group's effective interest in Luohe Zhongyu increased from 40.5% to 43.5%. The transaction was accounted for as an equity transaction and the increase in the Group's share of net assets of HK\$1,764,000 was credited to equity as capital reserve.

(B) 於二零一一年收購附屬公司額外 權益

(i) 於截至二零一零年三月三十一日止年度,本集團與中國一家附屬公司之非控股股東訂立買賣協議,內容關於按代價人民幣82,642,000元(約94,991,000港元)收購本集團附屬公司中油華電12.5%之股本權益。該代價已於二零一零年三月三十一日前支付。於二零一零年三月三十一日前支付。於二零一零年三月三十一日確認為收購非控股權益之承擔。

該項收購於截至二零一一年三月三 十一日止年度完成。已支付代價與 本集團所收購額外權益賬面值之 差額53,083,000港元於截至二零 一一年三月三十一日止年度以資本 儲備於權益扣除。

- (ii) 於二零一零年六月二十一日, 本集團向佳木斯中燃城市燃氣 發展有限公司(「佳木斯」)注 資人民幣100,000,000元(約 114,942,000港元)。注資後, 本集團於佳木斯之實際權益由 42%上升至84.7%。於當日,本集 團按代價人民幣20,000,000元(約22,988,000港元)收購佳木斯 13.3%額外權益。注資金額、已支 付代價與本集團實際持有額外權 益賬面值之差額7,808,000港元於 截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年 度以資本儲備計入權益。
- (iii) 於截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度,中裕燃氣與漯河中裕燃氣有限公司(「漯河中裕」)之非控股股東訂立協議,據此,非控股股東撤銷其註冊資本部分,而退回註冊資本以由漯河中裕持有賬面值分別為816,000港元及5,354,000港元之物業、廠房及設備與預付租金支付,有關賬面值與公平值相若。其後,本集團於漯河中裕之實際權益由40.5%增加至43.5%。該項交易以股本交易入賬,而本集團應佔淨資產之增加1,764,000港元以資本儲備計入權益。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

42. Acquisition of Businesses

42. 收購業務

(A) Acquisition of a business through purchase of a subsidiary in 2012

On June 11, 2011, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired 90% equity interest of 普華能源 at a consideration of RMB65,700,000 (approximately HK\$80,123,000). The acquisition was completed on June 30, 2011, on that date the control in 普華能源 was passed to the Group. 普華能源 is principally engaged in trading of LPG.

(A) 於二零一二年透過收購一家附屬 公司收購業務

於二零一一年六月十一日,本集團一家 附屬公司與一名獨立第三方訂立一份 收購協議,據此本集團按代價人民幣 65,700,000元(約80,123,000港元)收購 普華能源90%之股本權益。該項收購於二 零一一年六月三十日完成,於當日,普華能 源之控制權轉移至本集團。普華能源主要 從事買賣液化石油氣業務。

Consideration transferred		已轉讓代價
		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash	現金	80,123

商譽

非控股權益

Assets and liabilities at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

本集團於收購日確認之資產及負債:

	Acquiree's carrying amount and provisional fair value before combination 被收購方於合併前之 賬面值及暫定公平值 HK\$'000 干港元
物業、廠房及設備 預付租賃款項 存貨 貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項 銀行結餘及現金 貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項 税項	14,965 21,336 1,994 8,785 8,999 (15,164) (26)
	40,889

43,323 80,123

(4,089)

The initial accounting for the above acquisition has been determined provisionally, awaiting the receipt of professional valuation in relation to property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payments.

上述收購事項之初步會計處理乃暫 定,仍須待獲取就有關物業、廠房及 設備及預付租賃款項之專業估值。

Property, plant and equipment

Prepaid lease payments

Trade and other receivables Bank balances and cash

Trade and other payables

Non-controlling interests

Inventories

Taxation

Goodwill

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

42. Acquisition of Businesses (Continued) **42.** 收購業務(續)

Goodwill arising on acquisition

(A) Acquisition of a business through purchase of a subsidiary in 2012 (Continued)

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$8,721,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected is nil.

(A) 於二零一二年透過收購一家附屬 公司收購業務(續)

於收購日,所收購之貿易應收賬款及 其他應收賬項之公平值及合約總額合 共8,721,000港元。於收購日對預期無 法收回合約現金流之最佳估計為零。

因收購而產生之商譽

		四水海而庄工之问言	HK\$'000 千港元
Consideration	已轉讓代價		
transferred Plus: non-controlling interests (10% share of net assets in 普華能源 and non-controlling interests in the subsidiaries of	加:非控股權益(普華能源及普華能 源附屬公司之非控股權益 淨資產之10%)		80,123
普華能源)			4,089
Less: provisional fair value of identifiable net assets acquired	減:所收購可識別淨資產之暫定公 ³	平值	(40,889)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽		43,323
The goodwill arising on the acquisition of to the anticipated profitability of its LPG None of the goodwill arising on this acq be deductible for tax purposes.	business.	因收購普華能源而產生之 其液化石油氣業務之預期 預期並無因該項收購而產 扣減税項。	盈利能力。
Net cash outflow arising on a	cquisition	因收購而產生之現金济	訪出淨額 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank balances and cash acquired Cash consideration paid	所收購之銀行結餘及現金 所支付之現金代價		(8,999) 80,123
			71,124

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

42. Acquisition of Businesses (Continued)

(A) Acquisition of a business through purchase of a subsidiary in 2012 (Continued)

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

Included in the profit for the year is HK\$7,588,000 attributable to the additional business generated by 普華能源. Revenue for the year includes HK\$241,768,000.

If the above acquisition during the year ended March 31, 2012 had been completed on April 1, 2011, total group revenue and profit for the year would have been HK\$19,019,438,000 and HK\$1,144,001,000 respectively. The pro forma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of the operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had above acquisition been completed on April 1, 2011, nor is it intended to be projection of future results.

(B) Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2011

(i) On March 24, 2009, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired 90% equity interest of 來賓帝恆 at a consideration of RMB24,000,000 (approximately HK\$27,586,000). The acquisition was completed on July 13, 2010, on which date the control in 來賓帝恆 was passed to the Group. 來賓帝恆 is principally engaged in natural gas business. 42. 收購業務(續)

 (A) 於二零一二年透過收購一家附屬 公司收購業務(續)
收購對本集團業績之影響

> 年內溢利包括歸屬於普華能源產生之 額外業務之7,588,000港元。年內收益 包括241,768,000港元。

> 倘上述於截至二零一二年三月三十一 日止年度之收購事項均已於二零一一 年四月一日完成,年內之集團總收益 及溢利將分別為19,019,438,000港元 及1,144,001,000港元。備考資料僅 供説明,且未必為倘上述收購事項均 已於二零一一年四月一日完成時本集 團實際能取得之收益及營運業績之指 標,亦不擬作為未來業績之預測。

(B) 於二零一一年透過收購附屬公司 收購業務

(i) 於二零零九年年三月二十四日, 本集團一家附屬公司與獨立第三 方訂立一份收購協議,據此,本 集團收購來賓帝恆之90%股本權 益,代價為人民幣24,000,000元 (約27,586,000港元)。該收購已 於二零一零年七月十三日來賓帝 恆之控制權轉移予本集團之日完 成。來賓帝恆主要從事天然氣業 務。

Considera	tion transferred	已轉讓代價
		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash	現金	27,586

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

42. Acquisition of Businesses (Continued)

42. 收購業務(續)

(B) 於二零一一年透過收購附屬公司

已轉讓代價(續)

本集團於收購日確認之資產與負

收購業務(續)

債:

(i) (續)

- (B) Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2011 (Continued)
 - (i) (Continued)

Consideration transferred (Continued)

Assets and liabilities at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

by the Group.			~	
		Acquiree's carrying amount and provisional fair value before combination 被收購方 於合併前 之賬面值及 暫定公平值	Prior year adjustments upon completion of initial accounting 過往年度於 初次會計 處理完成時 調整	Adjusted fair value 已調整 公平值
		日 足公 1 値 HK\$'000 千港元	M型 HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Property, plant and equipment Inventories	物業、廠房及設備 存貨	4,875 35	-	4,875 35
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	_	20,014	20,014
Trade and other receivables	貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項	5,202	-	5,202
Bank balances and cash Trade and other payables Deferred taxation	銀行結餘及現金 貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項 遞延税項	283 (2,032) –	_ (5,004)	283 (2,032) (5,004)
		8,363	15,010	23,373
Non-controlling interests Goodwill	非控股權益 商譽			(2,338) 6,551
				27,586

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$5,202,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected is nil. 於收購日,所收購之貿易應收賬 款及其他應收賬項之公平值及合 約總額合共5,202,000港元。於 收購日對預期無法收回合約現金 流之最佳估計為零。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

42. Acquisition of Businesses (Continued)

- (B) Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2011 (Continued)
 - (i) (Continued)

- 42. 收購業務(續)
 - (B) 於二零一一年透過收購附屬公司 收購業務(續)

(i) (續)

Goodwill arising on acquisition

)	(續)
	因收購而產生之商譽

		四秋海前座工之尚書 HK\$'000 千港元
Consideration transferred	已轉讓代價	27,586
Plus: non-controlling interests (10% share of net assets	加:非控股權益(來賓帝恆淨資產之)	
in 來賓帝恆)	法,任此进立地回应次文之八亚方	2,338
Less: fair value of identifiable net assets acquired	減:所收購可識別淨資產之公平值	(23,373)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	6,551
attributed to the anticipated profitabil business. None of the goodwill arising on th expected to be deductible for tax pu	nis acquisition was	基於其天然氣業務之預期盈利能 力。 預期並無因該項收購而產生之商 譽可扣減税項。
Net cash outflow arising on	acquisition	因收購而產生之現金流出淨 額
		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash consideration	現金代價	27,586
Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結餘及現金	(283)

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

Included in the profit for the year was HK\$926,000 attributable to the additional business generated by 來賓帝恆. Revenue for the year included HK\$4,101,000.

收購對本集團業績之影響

年內溢利包括歸屬於來賓帝恆產 生之額外業務之926,000港元。 年內收益包括4,101,000港元。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

42. Acquisition of Businesses (Continued)

(B) Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2011 (Continued)

(ii) On March 24, 2009, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired 90% equity interest of 廣西百色帝恆燃氣有限公司 ("百色帝恆") at a consideration of RMB10,000,000 (approximately HK\$11,494,000). The acquisition was completed on May 11, 2010, on which date the control in 百色帝恆 was passed to the Group. 百色帝恆 is principally engaged in natural gas business.

Consideration transferred

42. 收購業務(續)

- (B) 於二零一一年透過收購附屬公司 收購業務(續)
 - (ii) 於二零零九年三月二十四日,本集團一家附屬公司與獨立第三方訂立收購協議,據此,本集團按代價人民幣10,000,000元(約11,494,000港元)收購廣西百色帝恆燃氣有限公司(「百色帝恆」)90%之股本權益。該項收購已於二零一零年五月十一日完成。於當日,百色帝恆之控制權轉移予本集團。百色帝恆主要從事天然氣業務。

已轉讓代價

		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash	現金	11,494

Assets and liabilities at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

本集團於收購日確認之資產與負 債:

		amount and provisional fair value before combination 被收購方 於合併前之 賬面值及暫定	Prior year adjustments upon completion of initial accounting 過往年度於 初次會計處理	Adjusted fair value
		公平值 HK\$'000 千港元	完成時之調整 HK\$'000 千港元	經調整公平值 HK\$'000 千港元
Property, plant and equipment Other intangible assets Trade and other receivables	物業、廠房及設備 其他無形資產 貿易應收賬款及	2,502 -	- 1,610	2,502 1,610
Bank balances and cash	其他應收賬項 銀行結餘及現金	9,693 4	-	9,693 4
Trade and other payables Deferred taxation	貿易應付賬款及 其他應付賬項 遞延税項	(2,088)	(402)	(2,088) (402)
	题, 定仍 沒	10,111	1,208	11,319
Non-controlling interests Goodwill	非控股權益 商譽			(1,132) 1,307

11,494

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

42. Acquisition of Businesses (Continued)

(B) Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2011 (Continued)

(iii) (Continued)

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$9,693,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected is nil.

42. 收購業務(續)

(B) 於二零一一年透過收購附屬公司 收購業務(續)

(ii) (續)

於收購日,所收購之貿易應收賬 款及其他應收賬項之公平值及合約總額合共9,693,000港元。於 收購日對預期無法收回合約現金 流之最佳估計為零。

Goodwill arising on acquisition

因收購而產生之商譽

		HK\$'000 千港元
Consideration transferred Plus: non-controlling interests (10% share of net assets	已轉讓代價 加:非控股權益(百色帝恆淨資產之	11,494
in 百色帝恆) Less: fair value of identifiable	減:所收購可識別淨資產之公平值	1,132
net assets acquired	% ////////////////////////////////////	(11,319)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	1,307
The goodwill arising on the acquisitic attributed to the anticipated profitabili business. None of the goodwill arising on th	ity of its natural gas	因收購百色帝恆而產生之商譽乃 基於其天然氣業務之預期盈利能 力。 預期並無因該項收購而產生之商
expected to be deductible for tax pu	rposes.	譽可扣減税項。
Net cash outflow arising on	acquisition	因收購而產生之現金流出淨 額
		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash consideration	現金代價	11,494
Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結餘及現金	(4)
		11,490

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

Included in the profit for the year was HK\$165,000 attributable to the additional business generated by 百色 帝恆. Revenue for the year included HK\$1,184,000.

收購對本集團業績之影響

年內溢利包括歸屬於百色帝恆產 生之額外業務之165,000港元。 年內收益包括1,184,000港元。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

42. Acquisition of Businesses (Continued)

- (B) Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2011 (Continued)
 - (iii) On June 18, 2010, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired 100% equity interest of 常熟華潤液化有限公司 ("常熟中燃") at a consideration of RMB6,780,000 (approximately HK\$7,793,000). The acquisition was completed on June 25, 2010, on which date the control in 常熟中燃 was passed to the Group. 常熟中燃 is principally engaged in LPG business.

42. 收購業務(續)

- (B) 於二零一一年透過收購附屬公司 收購業務(續)
 - (iii) 於二零一零年六月十八日,本 集團一家附屬公司與獨立第三方 訂立收購協議,據此,本集團 按代價人民幣6,780,000元(約 7,793,000港元)收購常熟華潤液 化有限公司(「常熟中燃」)100% 之股本權益。該項收購已於二零 一零年六月二十五日完成。於當 日,常熟中燃之控制權轉移予本 集團。常熟中燃主要從事液化石 油氣業務。

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Consideration transferred	已轉讓代價

		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash	現金	7,793

Assets and liabilities at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

本集團於收購日確認之資產與負債:

		Acquiree's carrying amount and fair value before combination 被收購方 於合併前之 賬面值及公平值 HK\$'000 干港元
Property, plant and equipment Inventories	物業、廠房及設備 存貨	45 796
Trade and other receivables	貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項	173
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	270
Trade and other payables	貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項	(135)
		1,149
Goodwill	商譽	6,644
		7,793

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

42. Acquisition of Businesses (Continued)

- (B) Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2011 (Continued)
 - (iiii) (Continued)

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$173,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected is nil.

Goodwill arising on acquisition

42. 收購業務(續)

(B) 於二零一一年透過收購附屬公司 收購業務(續)

(iii) (續)

於收購日,所收購之貿易應收賬 款及其他應收賬項之公平值及合 約總額合共173,000港元。於收 購日對預期無法收回合約現金流 之最佳估計為零。

因收購而產生之商譽

HK\$'000 千港元

Consideration transferred	已轉讓代價	7,793
Less: fair value of identifiable	減:所收購可識別淨資產之公平值	
net assets acquired		(1,149)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	6,644
The goodwill arising on the acquisitic	on of 觉熟中燃 was	因收購常熟中燃而產生之商譽乃
attributed to the anticipated profitabil		基於其天然氣業務之預期盈利能
business.	ry of its flatoral gas	力。
None of the goodwill arising on th	nis acquisition was	預期並無因該項收購而產生之商
expected to be deductible for tax pu	irposes.	譽可扣減税項。
Net cash outflow arising on	acquisition	因收購而產生之現金流出淨 額
		HK\$'000
		千港元
Cash consideration paid	所支付之現金代價	7,793
Bank and cash balances acquired	所收購之銀行結餘及現金	(270)
		7,523
Impact of acquisition on the Group	e results of the	收購對本集團業績之影響
Included in the prefit for the year	W22 LUX#717 000	年內溢利中包括歸屬於常熟中

Included in the profit for the year was HK\$717,000 attributable to the additional business generated by 常熟 中燃. Revenue for the year included HK\$41,534,000.

年內溢利中包括歸屬於常熟中 燃產生之額外業務之717,000港 元。年內收益包括41,534,000港 元。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

42. Acquisition of Businesses (Continued)

- (B) Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2011 (Continued)
 - (iv) On January 17, 2010, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company proposed to the board of directors of Zhongyu Gas that it intends to make a voluntary conditional cash and securities exchange offer ("Offers") (i) to acquire all of the issued shares in the capital of Zhongyu Gas ("Share Offer"); (ii) for the acquisition of all the Remaining Zhongyu Gas Bonds ("Convertible Bond Offer"); and (iii) for the cancellation of all the outstanding share options of Zhongyu Gas ("Zhongyu Gas Share Options") ("Option Offer").

The Offers were closed on August 6, 2010, valid acceptances of (i) the Share Offer have been received in respect of 1,111,934,142 Zhongyu Gas's shares (representing approximately 56.33% of the issued share capital of Zhongyu Gas as at August 6, 2010); and (ii) the Option Offer have been received in respect of Zhongyu Gas Share Options to subscribe for 140,712,000 Zhongyu Gas Shares (representing approximately 98.60% of all outstanding Zhongyu Gas Share Options as at August 6, 2010). No acceptance for the Convertible Bond Offer has been received as at the close of the Offers. The transaction was completed on August 6, 2010 with total consideration of HK\$896,184,000. Zhongyu Gas is principally engaged in sales of piped gas, natural gas from CNG filling stations for vehicles and bottled LPG as well as the development and construction of gas pipeline network.

42. 收購業務(續)

- (B) 於二零一一年透過收購附屬公司 收購業務(續)
 - (iv) 於二零一零年一月十七日,本 公司一家全資附屬公司向中裕燃 氣之董事會建議,表示有意提出 自願有條件現金及證券交易要約 (「要約」),以(i)收購中裕燃氣股 本中之全部已發行股份(「股份要 約」);(ii)收購全部剩餘中裕燃氣 債券(「可換股債券要約」);及(iii) 註銷所有未行使中裕燃氣購股權 (「中裕燃氣購股權」)(「購股權要 約」)。

要約於二零一零年八月六日終 止。(i)就中裕燃氣1,111,934,142 股股份(佔中裕燃氣於二零一 零年八月六日已發行股本約 56.33%)提出之股份要約;及(ii) 就認購140,712,000股中裕燃氣 股份(佔於二零一零年八月六日 所有未行使中裕燃氣購股權約 98.60%)之中裕燃氣購股權而提 出之購股權要約已獲得有效接 納。於要約終止時,可換股債券 要約並未獲得接納。該項交易於 二零一零年八月六日完成,總代 價為896.184.000港元。中裕燃 氣主要從事銷售管道燃氣、來自 壓縮天然氣汽車加氣站之天然氣 及罐裝液化石油氣,以及燃氣管 網開發及建設。

已轉讓代價

		千港元
Cash consideration	本集團支付現金代價	
paid by the Group		201,499
Shares issued (note)	已發行股份(附註)	694,685
Total consideration	總代價	896,184

Consideration transferred

HK\$'000

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

42. Acquisition of Businesses (Continued)

- (B) Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2011 (Continued)
 - (iv) (Continued)
 - Note: As part of the consideration for the acquisition of Zhongyu Gas, 175,552,000 ordinary shares of the Company with par value of HK\$0.01 each were issued as consideration shares. The fair value of such consideration shares, determined using the published market closing price at the date of completion of the acquisition, amounted to HK\$694,685,000.

Acquisition-related costs amounting to HK\$20,884,000 have been excluded from the cost of acquisition and have been recognised as an expense in the period, within the "administrative expenses" line item in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

42. 收購業務(續)

- (B) 於二零一一年透過收購附屬公司 收購業務(續)
 - (iv) (續)

附註:以代價股份形式發行 175,552,000股每股面值 0.01港元之本公司普通股, 作為收購中裕燃氣代價之一 部分。該等代價股份之公 平值乃使用收購完成當日 之公佈收市價釐定,合共 694,685,000港元。

與收購有關之費用合共 20,884,000港元,已從收購成本 中扣除,並於綜合全面收入報表 中「行政開支」一項內確認為期內 開支。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

42. Acquisition of Businesses (Continued) **42.** 收購業務(續)

- (B) Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2011 (Continued)
 - (iv) (Continued)

Assets and liabilities at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

- (B) 於二零一一年透過收購附屬公司 收購業務(續)
 - (iv) (續)

本集團於收購日確認之資產與負 債:

		Acquiree's carrying amount and provisional fair value before combination 被收購方於 合併前之賬面值 及暫定公平值 HK\$'000 干港元
Investment properties	投資物業	5,618
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	919,293
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項	61,151
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	2,870
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	149,534
Deposits for acquisition of property,	收購物業、廠房及設備之按金	
plant and equipment		45,467
Inventories	存貨	59,648
Trade and other receivables	貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項	178,122
Amounts due from customers for contract work	應收客戶之合約工程款項	15,644
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	23,179
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	488,438
Trade and other payables	貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項	(400,013)
Amounts due to customers	應付客戶之合約工程款項	(100,010)
for contract work		(19,230)
Taxation	税項	(13,574)
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸	(652,625)
Convertible bonds (note 39)	可換股債券(附註39)	(118,483)
Derivatives embedded in	可換股債券之附帶衍生工具	
convertible bonds		(23,348)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(12,238)
		709,453
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(371,287)
Goodwill	商譽	558,018
		896,184

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

42. Acquisition of Businesses (Continued)

42. 收購業務(續)

- (B) Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2011 (Continued)
 - (iv) (Continued)

During the year ended March 31, 2011, the acquisition of Zhongyu Gas had been determined provisionally. During the year ended March 31, 2012, before the completion of initial accounting, Zhongyu Gas ceased to be a subsidiary of the Group and become an associate as a result of the share placing by Zhongyu Gas which has been completed on April 18, 2011. Details are set out in note 44.

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables and amounts due from customers for contract work acquired amounted to HK\$178,122,000 and HK\$15,644,000 respectively at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected is nil.

Goodwill arising on acquisition

(B) 於二零一一年透過收購附屬公司 收購業務(續)

(iv) (續)

截至二零一一年三月三十一日止 年度,中裕燃氣之收購事項已暫 定。截至二零一二年三月三十一 日止年度,於完成初步會計處理 前,由於中裕燃氣進行股份配售 (該配售已於二零一一年四月十 八日完成),中裕燃氣不再為本 集團附屬公司而成為聯營公司。 詳情載於附註44。

於收購日,所收購之貿易應收賬 款及其他應收賬項及應收客戶之 合約工程款項之公平值及合約總 額分別合共為178,122,000港元 及15,644,000港元。於收購日對 預期無法收回合約現金流之最佳 估計為零。

因收購而產生之商譽

		HK\$'000 千港元
Consideration transferred Plus: non-controlling interests (43.67% share of net assets in Zhongyu Gas and	已轉讓代價 加:非控股權益(佔中裕燃氣淨資產之43.67%及 中裕燃氣附屬公司之非控股權益)	896,184
non-controlling interests in the subsidiaries of Zhongyu Gas) Less: provisional fair value of identifiable net assets	減:所收購可識別淨資產之暫定公平值	371,287
acquired		(709,453)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	558,018

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42.	Aco	quisi	ition of Businesses (Contir	nued)	42.	收則	冓業 犭	骆 (續)	
	(B)		uisition of businesses throug sidiaries in 2011 (Continued)	h purchase of		(B)		ニ零ーー年透過收 靖業務 (<i>續)</i>	購附屬公司
		(iv)	(Continued)				(iv)	(續)	
			The goodwill arising on the acquisition was attributed to the anticipated profi- gas business and exploration and dever- methane.	tability of its natural				因收購中裕燃氣而 基於其天然氣業務 開發之預期盈利能。	及煤層氣開採
			None of the goodwill arising on th expected to be deductible for tax pur					預期並無因該項收 譽可扣減税項。	購而產生之商
			Net cash inflow arising on ac	cquisition				因收購而產生之 額	現金流入淨
									HK\$'000 千港元
			Bank balances and cash acquired Cash consideration	所收購之銀行結餘及 現金代價	及現金				488,438 (201,499)
									286,939
			Impact of acquisition on the Group	e results of the				收購對本集團業;	績之影響
			Included in the profit for the year wa attributable to the additional bus by Zhongyu Gas. Revenue for the HK\$1,035,998,000.	siness generated				年內溢利包括 燃氣產生之額 64,420,000港元。 1,035,998,000港元	外 業 務 之 年內收益包括

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

42. Acquisition of Businesses (Continued)

Consideration transferred

(B) Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2011 (Continued)

(v) On March 29, 2010, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired 100% equity interest of 張家界中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司 ("張家界燃 氣") at a consideration of RMB28,728,000 (approximately HK\$33,020,000). The acquisition was completed on September 28, 2010, on which date the control in 張家界 燃氣 was passed to the Group. 張家界燃氣 is principally engaged in natural gas business.

42. 收購業務(續)

- (B) 於二零一一年透過收購附屬公司 收購業務(續)
 - (v) 於二零一零年三月二十九日,本集團一家附屬公司與獨立第三方訂立收購協議,據此,本集團按代價人民幣28,728,000元(約33,020,000港元)收購張家界中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司(「張家界燃氣」)100%之股本權益。該項收購已於二零一零年九月二十八日完成。於當日,張家界燃氣之控制權轉移予本集團。張家界燃氣主要從事天然氣業務。

已轉讓代價

		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash	現金	33,020

Assets and liabilities at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

本集團於收購日確認之資產與負 信:

		Acquiree's	Prior year	
		carrying	adjustments	
	а	mount and	upon	
	•	isional fair	completion	Adjusted
	Va	lue before	of initial	fair
	CO	ombination	accounting	value
		被收購方	過往年度	
		於合併前之	於初始	
	賬	面值及暫定	會計處理	
		公平值	完成時之調整	經調整公平值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Property, plant and equipment 物調	業、廠房及設備	36,236	_	36,236
Other intangible assets 其位	他無形資產	-	8,793	8,793
Trade and other receivables 貿易	易應收賬款及其他應收賬項	5,384	-	5,384
Bank balances and cash 銀行	行結餘及現金	472	_	472
Trade and other payables 貿易	易應付賬款及其他應付賬項	(19,875)	-	(19,875)
Deferred tax liabilities 遞	延税項負債	-	(2,198)	(2,198)
		22,217	6,595	28,812
Goodwill 商标	留書 こうしょう ほうしょう ほうしょう ひょう ひょう ひょう ひょう ひょう ひょう ひょう ひょう ひょう ひ			4,208
				33,020

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For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

42. Acquisition of Businesses (Continued) **42.** 收購業務(續)

- (B) Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2011 (Continued)
 - (v) (Continued)

Consideration transferred (Continued)

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$5,384,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected is nil.

Goodwill arising on acquisition

- (B) 於二零一一年透過收購附屬公司 收購業務(續)
 - (v) (續)

已轉讓代價(續) 於收購日,所收購之貿易應收賬 款及其他應收賬項之公平值及合 約總額合共5,384,000港元。於 收購日對預期無法收回合約現金 流之最佳估計為零。

因收購而產生之商譽

HK\$'000

		千港元
Consideration transferred Less: fair value of identifiable	已轉讓代價 減:所收購可識別淨資產之公平值	33,020
net assets acquired		(28,812)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	4,208
The goodwill arising on the acquisition attributed to the anticipated profitabili business.		因收購張家界燃氣而產生之商譽 乃基於其天然氣業務之預期盈利 能力。
None of the goodwill arising on the expected to be deductible for tax put		預期並無因該項收購而產生之商 譽可扣減税項。
Net cash outflow arising on	acquisition	因收購而產生之現金流出淨 額
		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash consideration Bank balances and cash acquired	現金代價 所收購之銀行結餘及現金	33,020 (472)
		32,548
Impact of acquisition on the Group	e results of the	收購對本集團業績之影響
Included in the profit for the year v attributable to the additional business		年內溢利包括歸屬於張家界燃氣 產生之額外業務之2,234,000港

attributable to the additional business generated by 張家 界燃氣. Revenue for the year included HK\$12,268,000. 元。年內收益包括12,268,000港 元。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

42. Acquisition of Businesses (Continued)

42. 收購業務(續)

- (B) Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2011 (Continued)
 - (vi) On November 25, 2010, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired 100% equity interest of 信豐中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司("信豐中燃") at a consideration of RMB31,780,000 (approximately HK\$36,529,000). The acquisition was completed on February 12, 2011, on which date the control in 信豐 中燃 was passed to the Group. 信豐中燃 is principally engaged in natural gas business.

Consideration transferred

- (B) 於二零一一年透過收購附屬公司 收購業務(續)
 - (vi) 於二零一零年十一月二十五日, 本集團一家附屬公司與獨立第三 方訂立收購協議,據此,本集團 按代價人民幣31,780,000元(約 36,529,000港元)收購信豐中燃 城市燃氣發展有限公司(「信豐中 燃」)100%之股本權益。該項收 購已於二零一一年二月十二日完 成。於當日,信豐中燃之控制權 轉移予本集團。信豐中燃主要從 事天然氣業務。

本集團於收購日確認之資產與負

已轉讓代價

倩:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash	現金	36,529

Assets and liabilities at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

	pro	Acquiree's carrying amount and visional fair value before combination 被收購方 於合併前	Prior year adjustments upon completion of initial accounting 過往年度於	Adjusted fair value
			初始會計處理	
		暫定公平值	完成時之調整	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	28,843	_	28,843
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項	873	_	873
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	_	12,116	12,116
Inventories	存貨	314	_	314
Trade and other receivables	貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項	1,311	-	1,311
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	515	-	515
Trade and other payables	貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項	(2,126)	-	(2,126)
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	(6,322)	-	(6,322)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	-	(3,029)	(3,029)
		23,408	9,087	32,495
Goodwill	商譽			4,034
				36,529

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42. Acquisition of Businesses (Continued) **42.** 收購業務(續)

- (B) Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2011 (Continued)
 - (vi) (Continued)

Consideration transferred (Continued)

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$1,311,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected is nil.

Goodwill arising on acquisition

- (B) 於二零一一年透過收購附屬公司 收購業務(續)
 - (vi) (續)

已轉讓代價(續) 於收購日,所收購之貿易應收賬 款及其他應收賬項之公平值及合 約總額合共1,311,000港元。於 收購日對預期無法收回合約現金 流之最佳估計為零。

因收購而產生之商譽

HK\$'000

		千港元		
Consideration transferred Less: fair value of identifiable	已轉讓代價 減:所收購可識別淨資產之公平值	36,529		
net assets acquired		(32,495)		
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	4,034		
The goodwill arising on the acquisition attributed to the anticipated profitabil business.		因收購信豐中燃而產生之商譽乃 基於其天然氣業務之預期盈利能 力。		
None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition was expected to be deductible for tax purposes.		預期並無因該項收購而產生之商 譽可扣減税項。		
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition		因收購而產生之現金流出淨 額		
		HK\$'000 千港元		
Cash consideration Bank balances and cash acquired	現金代價 所收購之銀行結餘及現金	36,529 (515)		
		36,014		
Impact of acquisition on the Group	e results of the	收購對本集團業績之影響		
		年內溢利句括歸屬於信豐中燃產		

Included in the profit for the year was HK\$86,000 attributable to the additional business generated by 信豐 中燃. Revenue for the year included HK\$524,000.

年內溢利包括歸屬於信豐中燃產 生之額外業務之86,000港元。年 內收益包括524,000港元。

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42. Acquisition of Businesses (Continued)

(B) Acquisition of businesses through purchase of subsidiaries in 2011 (Continued)

If the above acquisitions during the year ended March 31, 2011 had been completed on April 1, 2010, total group revenue and profit for the year would have been HK\$16,192,370,000 and HK\$791,473,000 respectively. The pro forma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of the operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had above acquisitions been completed on April 1, 2010, nor is it intended to be projection of future results.

43. Disposal/dissolution of Subsidiaries

(i) Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed in the shareholders' meeting of 上海中油能源控股有限公司 ("上海中油") held on November 25, 2011, the Group entered into a share transfer agreement with a PRC third party, to dispose of the entire equity interest held by the Group in 福州中油暢光燃氣有限公司 ("中 油暢光") at a consideration of RMB2,000,000 (approximately HK\$2,439,000). The disposal was completed on December 8, 2011. The net assets of 中油暢光 at the date of disposal were as follows:

42. 收購業務(續)

(B) 於二零一一年透過收購附屬公司 收購業務(續)

> 倘上述於截至二零一一年三月三十一 日止年度之收購事項均已於二零一零 年四月一日完成,年內之集團總收益 及溢利將分別為16,192,370,000港元 及791,473,000港元。備考資料僅供説 明,且未必為倘上述收購事項均已於 二零一零年四月一日完成本集團實際 能取得之收益及營運業績之指標,亦 不擬作為未來業績之預測。

43. 出售/解散附屬公司

(i) 根據上海中油能源控股有限公司(「上海中油」)於二零一一年十一月二十五日召開之股東會議上通過之普通決議案,本集團與中國第三方訂立一份股份轉讓協議,以代價人民幣2,000,000元(約2,439,000港元)出售本集團所持福州中油暢光燃氣有限公司(「中油暢光」)之全部股本權益。該項出售已於二零一一年十二月八日完成。於出售日期,中油暢光之淨資產如下:

HK\$'000 千港元

NET ASSETS OF 中油暢光 DISPOSED OF	已出售中油暢光之淨資產	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	2,604
Prepaid lease payment	預付租賃款項	1,032
Inventories	存貨	735
Trade and other receivables	貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項	370
Trade and other payables	貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項	(3,731)
		1,010
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(606)
Gain on disposal	出售收益	2,035
		2,439
SATISFIED BY:	支付方式:	
Cash consideration received	本集團已收現金代價	
by the Group		2,439
NET CASH INFLOW ARISING ON DISPOSAL	因出售而產生之現金流入淨額	
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	2,439

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43. Disposal/dissolution of Subsidiaries 43. 出售/解散附屬公司(續) (Continued)

- (ii) Pursuant to ordinary resolution passed in the shareholders' meeting of 鄂托克旗中燃燃氣發展有限公司 ("鄂托克旗中燃") held on August 9, 2010, the Group applied to dissolve 鄂托克 旗中燃. The dissolution was completed on September 7, 2010 and there was no gain or loss arising from the dissolution of the subsidiary.
- (ii) 根據鄂托克旗中燃燃氣發展有限公司 (「鄂托克旗中燃」)於二零一零年八月 九日召開之股東會議上通過之普通決 議案,本集團已申請解散鄂托克旗中 燃。解散工作已於二零一零年九月七 日完成,解散該附屬公司並無產生盈 虧。

HK\$'000 千港元

NET ASSETS OF SUBSIDIARY DISSOLVED	已解散附屬公司之淨資產	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	1,362
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	15,878
		17,240
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(3,448)
Refund of capital upon the dissolution	解散時收回之資本	13,792
SATISFIED BY:	支付方式:	
Cash received by the Group	本集團已收現金	13,792
NET CASH OUTFLOW ARISING	因解散而產生之現金流出淨額	
Cash received by the Group	本集團已收現金	13,792
Bank balances disposed of	所出售之銀行結餘	(15,878)
		(2,086)

44. Deemed Disposal of a Subsidiary

On April 8, 2011, Zhongyu Gas entered into a placing agreement with the placing agent, pursuant to which the placing agent agreed to place up to 394,000,000 new shares of Zhongyu Gas at a price of HK\$0.41 per placing share and the placing was completed on April 18, 2011. As a result of the placing, the Group's effective interest in Zhongyu Gas was reduced from approximately 56.33% to approximately 46.96%. The Group is no longer in a position to exercise control and instead has significant influence over Zhongyu Gas. The fair value of the Group's interest in Zhongyu Gas of HK\$867,309,000 as at April 18, 2011, determined based on quoted market price of Zhongyu Gas at the same date, has been regarded as cost of the interest in associate from the date on which the Group ceased to have control, and incorporated in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The net assets of Zhongyu Gas at the date of disposal were as follows:

44. 被視為出售附屬公司

於二零一一年四月八日,中裕燃氣與配售 代理訂立配售協議,根據該協議,配售代 理同意以每股配售股份0.41港元配售最多達 394,000,000股中裕燃氣新股且該配售已於 二零一一年四月十八日完成。配售導致本集 團於中裕燃氣的實際權益自約56.33%減至 約46.96%。本集團對中裕燃氣不再行使控 制權而是對其有重大影響。於二零一一年四 月十八日,本集團於中裕燃氣權益之公平值 867,309,000港元乃基於中裕燃氣於當日之 市場報價而釐定,已被視為於本集團失去控 制權當日於聯營公司之權益成本,並以權益 會計法於綜合財務報表列賬。於出售日期, 中裕燃氣淨資產如下:

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44. Deemed Disposal of a Subsidiary (Continued) **44. 被視為出售附屬公司**(續)

HK\$'000 千港元

NET ASSETS OF ZHONGYU	已出售中裕燃氣之淨資產	
GAS DISPOSED OF		
Investment property	投資物業	6,245
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	1,187,993
Goodwill	商譽	577,947
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項	117,362
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	3,026
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	148,105
Deposits for acquisition of property,	收購物業、廠房及設備之按金	
plant and equipment		180,874
Inventories	存貨	61,771
Trade and other receivables	貿易應收賬款及其他應收賬項	115,497
Amounts due from customers	應收客戶之合約工程款項	
for contract works		19,165
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	13,979
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	253,781
Trade and other payables	貿易應付賬款及其他應付賬項	(477,246)
Amounts due to customer for contract works	應付客戶之合約工程款項	(20,303)
Amount due to group company	應付集團公司款項	(146,580)
Taxation payable	應付税項	(12,811)
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸	(671,982)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(16,179)
Net assets disposed of	所出售淨資產	1,340,644
Net assets disposed of	所出售淨資產	(1,340,644)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(1,340,044) 413,159
	<u> 7F)エル(唯一</u>	
		(927,485)
Interests in associate at fair	按初步確認時之公平值計算	
value on initial recognition	於聯營公司之權益	867,309
Loss on deemed disposal	視為出售之虧損	(60,176)
NET CASH OUTFLOW ARISING ON DISPOSAL	因出售而產生之現金流出淨額	
Bank balances and cash disposed of	所出售銀行結餘及現金	253,781

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45. Dissolution of a Jointly Controlled Entity

Pursuant to ordinary resolution passed in the board of directors' meeting of 北京京港燃氣有限公司("京港燃氣") held on December 25, 2009, the Group applied to dissolve 京港燃氣. The dissolution was completed on December 31, 2010 and the loss which arises on dissolution of jointly controlled entity was HK\$932,000.

45. 解散共同控制實體

根據北京京港燃氣有限公司(「京港燃氣」)於 二零零九年十二月二十五日舉行之董事會會 議上通過之普通決議案,本集團已申請解散 京港燃氣。解散工作已於二零一零年十二月 三十一日完成,且解散共同控制實體所產生 之有關虧損為932,000港元。

		HK\$1000
		千港元
NET ASSET OF JOINTLY	已解散共同控制實體之淨資產	
CONTROLLED ENTITY DISSOLVED		
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	811
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	18,109
		18,920
Loss on dissolution	解散虧損	(932)
Refund of capital upon the dissolution	於解散時收回之資本	17,988
SATISFIED BY:	支付方式:	
Cash received by the Group	本集團已收現金	17,988
NET CASH OUTFLOW ARISING	因解散而產生之現金流出淨額	
ON DISSOLUTION		
Bank balances disposed of	所出售之銀行結餘	(18,109)
Cash received by the Group	本集團已收現金	17,988
		(121)

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46. Operating Lease Arrangements

The Group as lessee

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of rented premises and equipment which fall due as follows:

46. 經營租約安排

本集團作為承租人

於報告期末,本集團根據在下列期間屆滿之 租賃物業及設備之不可撤銷經營租約而承諾 將於未來支付之最低租金如下:

		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive After five years	一年內 第二年至第五年(包括首尾兩年) 五年後	35,021 43,952 36,019	44,092 63,373 35,671
		114,992	143,136

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group in respect of leasehold land and buildings and equipments. Leases for rented premises and equipment are negotiated for an average term of two to six years with fixed rental.

The Group as lessor

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of rented premises which fall due as follows:

經營租約之付款指本集團就租賃土地及樓宇 及設備應付之租金。租賃物業及設備租約經 議定平均為期兩至六年,租金固定。

本集團作為出租人

於報告期末,根據在下列期間屆滿之不可撤 銷租賃物業經營租約,本集團已與租戶就以 下未來最低租金簽訂合約:

		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive After five years	一年內 第二年至第五年(包括首尾兩年) 五年後	7,334 10,489 63	10,656 15,436 1,464
		17,886	27,556

Leases are negotiated for an average term of two to ten years with fixed rentals.

租約之平均年期經議定為兩年至十年,且租 金固定。

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47. Capital Commitments

As at March 31, 2012, the Group has capital commitments in respect of the acquisition for property, plant and equipment and construction materials for property, plant and equipment contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements amounting to HK\$173,183,000 (2011: HK\$219,208,000) and HK\$42,337,000 (2011: HK\$28,157,000) respectively.

48. Pledge of Assets

The Group pledged certain non-current and current assets and equity interests over certain subsidiaries to banks to secure loan facilities granted to the Group. Carrying amount of the non-current and current assets pledged to banks to secure loan facilities granted to the Group is as follows:

47. 資本承擔

於二零一二年三月三十一日,本集團就收購 物業、廠房及設備及物業、廠房及設備之建 材分別作出為數173,183,000港元(二零一一 年:219,208,000港元)及42,337,000港元(二 零一一年:28,157,000港元)之已訂約而尚未 於綜合財務報表上撥備之資本承擔。

48. 資產抵押

本集團將於若干附屬公司之若干非流動及流 動資產及股權抵押予銀行,作本集團獲授之 貸款融資之擔保。已抵押予銀行作為本集團 獲授之貸款融資擔保之非流動及流動資產賬 面值如下:

		2012	2011
		二零一二年	二零一一年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Long-term loan facilities	長期貸款融資		
Investment properties	投資物業	42,350	41,980
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	282,593	307,859
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項	17,349	42,394
Short-term loan facilities	短期貸款融資		
Inventories	存貨	-	127,041
Trade receivables	貿易應收賬款	31,056	40,012
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	710,459	1,647,444
		1,083,807	2,206,730

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49. Retirement Benefits Schemes

The Group has joined a MPF Scheme for all employees in Hong Kong. The MPF Scheme is registered with the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Authority under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Under the rule of the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at rate specified in the rules. The only obligation of the Group with respect of the MPF Scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme. No forfeited contribution is available to reduce the contribution payable in the future years at March 31, 2012 and 2011.

Employees of the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC are covered by the retirement and pension schemes defined by local practice and regulations. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a specific percentage of their payroll costs to the retirement and pension schemes. The only obligation of the Group in respect to the retirement benefits scheme is to make the specified contribution.

The calculation of contributions for PRC eligible staff is based on certain percentage of the applicable payroll costs. The contribution to the MPF Scheme is calculated based on the rules set out in the MPF Ordinance which is 5% on the basic salary of the relevant employee subject to a specific ceiling.

49. 退休福利計劃

本集團為所有香港僱員參加強積金計劃。強 積金計劃乃根據強制性積金條例,向強制性 公積金計劃管理局註冊。強積金計劃之資產 與本集團之資產分開持有並由獨立受託人管 理。根據強積金計劃之規則,僱主及僱員皆 須以規則指定之比率向該計劃供款。本集團 就強積金計劃之唯一責任為按該計劃之要求 供款。於二零一二年及二零一一年三月三十 一日,並無沒收供款可作減低未來數年應付 之供款。

本集團國內附屬公司之僱員受地方慣例及規 定界定之退休及退休金計劃保障。附屬公司 須向退休及退休金計劃按彼等工資成本之特 定百分比作出供款。本集團就退休福利計劃 之責任僅為作出特定供款。

國內合資格員工供款乃根據適用工資成本若 干百分比計算。對強積金計劃之供款乃根據 強積金條例所列明規則計算,即有關僱員底 薪之5%加特定上限。

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50. Share Option Scheme and Share-based 50. 購股權計劃及以股份形式付款 Payments

The share option scheme was adopted by the Company pursuant to a resolution passed on February 6, 2003 (the "Scheme") for the primary purpose of providing incentives to any directors of the Company, any employees of the Group, or any employee, partner or director of any business consultant, joint venture partner, financial adviser or legal adviser of the Group.

The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at the date of shareholders' approval of the Scheme ("Scheme Mandate Limit") or, if such 10% limit is refreshed, at the date of shareholders' approval of the renewal of the Scheme Mandate Limit. The maximum aggregate number of shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme must not exceed 30% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue from time to time. The number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in any one year is not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company then in issue. Each grant of options to any director, chief executive or substantial shareholder must be approved by independent non-executive directors. Where any grant of options to substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director or any of their respective associate would result in the shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of options already granted and to be granted in excess of 0.1% of the Company's issued share capital and with a value in excess of HK\$5,000,000 in the 12month period up to the date of grant must be approved in advance by the Company's shareholders.

Options granted must be taken up within 28 days from the date of grant, upon payment of HK\$10 per each grant. Options may be exercised at any time from the date to be determined by the board of directors to the tenth anniversary of the date of grant. The exercise price is determined by the directors of the Company, and will not be less than the higher of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing price of the shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant and (iii) the nominal value of a share.

The life of the Scheme is effective for 10 years from the date of adoption until February 5, 2013.

本公司之購股權計劃(「該計劃」)乃由本公司 根據於二零零三年二月六日通過之決議案而 採納。該計劃之宗旨乃為獎勵本公司任何董 事、本集團任何僱員或任何業務顧問、合營 夥伴、財務顧問或法律顧問之任何僱員、合 夥人或董事。

根據該計劃可授出之購股權所涉及之股份總 數,不可超過股東批准該計劃當日本公司 已發行股份之10%(「計劃授權上限」)或如該 10%限額予以更新,則指股東批准續授計劃 授權上限當日本公司已發行股份之10%。因 行使根據該計劃而授出但尚未行使之所有未 行使購股權而可能發行之股份總數上限不得 超出本公司不時已發行股份總數之30%。任 何一個年度授予任何人士之購股權所涉及之 股份數目,不得超過當時本公司已發行股份 數目1%。每授出購股權予任何董事、行政總 裁或主要股東須得到獨立非執行董事批准。 任何授出購股權予主要股東或任何獨立非執 行董事或其任何聯繫人士會引致於行使時已 授權及即將授權之本公司已發行及即將發行 股份超過本公司已發行股本0.1%而截至授權 日為止十二個月價值超過5,000,000港元,需 要得到本公司股東事先批准。

授出之購股權須於授出日期起計28日內承 購,每次授出購股權之代價為10港元。購股 權可於董事會決定之日期起至授出日期之十 週年期間隨時行使。行使價由本公司董事釐 定,並將不可低於以下之較高者:(i)授出日 期本公司股份收市價:(ii)緊接授出日期前五 個營業日股份之平均收市價及(iii)股份面值。

該計劃有效期由採納日期至二零一三年二月 五日止,為期十年。

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50. Share Option Scheme and Share-based 50. 購股權計劃及以股份形式付款 **Payments** (Continued) (續)

The following table discloses details of the Company's share options held by employees (including directors) and movements in such holdings during the two years ended March 31, 2012:

下表列出僱員(包括董事)所持本公司購股權 之詳情及截至二零一二年三月三十一日止兩 個年度持有購股權之變動情況:

Date of grant	Vesting period	Exercisable period	Exercise price per share	Number of share options at 4.1.2010 於二零一零年 四月一日之	Transfer during the year	Lapsed during the year	Exercised during the year	Number of share options at 3.31.2011 於二零一一年 三月三十一日	Transfer during the year	Lapsed during the year	Number of share options at 3.31.2012 於二零一二年 三月三十一日
授出日期	歸屬期	可行使期限	每股行使價 HK\$ 港元	購股權數目	年內已轉撥 (Note 5) (附註5)	年內已失效 (Note 6) (附註6)	年內已行使 (Note 3) (附註3)	之購股權數目	年內已轉撥 (Note 7) (附註7)	年內已失效 (Note 8) (附註8)	之購股權數目
Held by Directo	ors										
由董事持有											
1.9.2004	1.9.2004 to 8.30.2004	9.1.2004 to 1.8.2014	0.80	26,940,711	-	(10,000,000)	(7,940,711)	9,000,000	(5,000,000)	-	4,000,000
	1.9.2004至8.30.2004	9.1.2004至1.8.2014				(00.000.000)			(100.000.000)		
10.6.2004	(Note 1) (附註1)	(Note 1) (附註1)	0.71	220,000,000	-	(90,000,000)	-	130,000,000	(130,000,000)	-	-
10.6.2004	10.6.2004 to 3.19.2005	3.20.2005 to 10.5.2014 (Note 2)	0.71	6,700,000	-	-	(6,700,000)	-			-
	10.6.2004至3.19.2005	(1882) 3.20.2005至10.5.2014 (附註2)									
10.20.2005	10.20.2005 to 10.19.2010 10.20.2005至10.19.2010	10.20.2010 to 10.19.2015 10.20.2010至10.19.2015	1.50	5,000,000	6,000,000	(5,000,000)	-	6,000,000		-	6,000,000
8.23.2007	8.23.2007 to 9.18.2008 8.23.2007至9.18.2008	9.19.2008 to 8.22.2017 9.19.2008至8.22.2017	2.32	-	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000		-	3,000,000
8.3.2009	(Note 4) (附註4)	(Note 4) (附註4)	2.10	200,000,000	-	(100,000,000)	-	100,000,000	(100,000,000)	-	-
8.3.2009	8.3.2009 to 8.2.2011 8.3.2009至8.2.2011	8.3.2011 to 8.2.2014 8.3.2011至8.2.2014	2.10	37,000,000	-	(14,000,000)	-	23,000,000		-	23,000,000
9.17.2009	9.17.2009至9.16.2012 9.17.2009至9.16.2012	9.17.2012 to 9.16.2014 9.17.2012 to 9.16.2014 9.17.2012至9.16.2014	2.60	-	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000		-	2,000,000
				495,640,711	11,000,000	(219,000,000)	(14,640,711)	273,000,000	(235,000,000)	-	38,000,000

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50. Share Option Scheme and Share-based 50. 購股權計劃及以股份形式付款 Payments (Continued) (續)

Date of grant	Vesting period	Exercisable period	Exercise price per share	Number of share options at 4.1.2010 於二零一零年 四月一日之	Transfer during the year	Lapsed during the year	Exercised during the year	Number of share options at 3.31.2011 於二零一一年 三月三十一日	Transfer during the year	Lapsed during the year	Number of share options at 3.31.2012 於二零一二年 三月三十一日
授出日期	歸屬期	可行使期限	每股行使價 HK\$ 港元	購股權數目	年內已轉撥 (Note 5) (附註5)	年內已失效	年內已行使 (Note 3) (附註3)	之購股權數目	年內已轉撥 (Note 7) (附註7)	年內已失效 (Note 8) (附註8)	之購股權數目
Held by Others 由其他人持有											
1.9.2004	1.9.2004 to 8.30.2004 1.9.2004至8.30.2004	9.1.2004 to 1.8.2014 9.1.2004至1.8.2014	0.80	36,880,000	-	-	(33,970,000)	2,910,000	5,000,000	-	7,910,000
10.6.2004	(Note 1) (附註1)	(Note 1) (附註1)	0.71	-	-	-	-	-	130,000,000	-	130,000,000
10.6.2004	10.6.2004 to 3.19.2005 10.6.2004至3.19.2005	3.20.2005 to 10.5.2014 (Note 2) 3.20.2005至10.5.2014 (附註2)	0.71	85,000,000	-	-	(51,000,000)	34,000,000	-	(300,000)	33,700,000
10.20.2005	10.20.2005 to 10.19.2010 10.20.2005至10.19.2010	10.20.2010 to 10.19.2015 10.20.2010至10.19.2015	1.50	151,800,000	(6,000,000)	-	(21,800,000)	124,000,000	-	(5,200,000)	118,800,000
1.27.2006	1.27.2006 to 1.26.2011 1.27.2006至1.26.2011	1.27.2011 to 1.26.2016 1.27.2011至1.26.2016	1.52	6,500,000	-	-	-	6,500,000	-	-	6,500,000
8.23.2007	8.23.2007 to 9.18.2008 8.23.2007至9.18.2008	9.19.2008 to 8.22.2017 9.19.2008至8.22.2017	2.32	3,000,000	(3,000,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-
8.7.2008	8.7.2008 to 9.2.2009 8.7.2008至9.2.2009	9.3.2009 to 8.6.2018 9.3.2009至8.6.2018	1.77	1,500,000	-	-	(1,500,000)	-	-	-	-
8.7.2008	8.7.2008 to 9.2.2010 8.7.2008至9.2.2010	9.3.2010 to 8.6.2018 9.3.2010至8.6.2018	1.77	1,500,000	-	-	(1,500,000)	-	-	-	-
8.3.2009	(Note 4) (附註4)	(Note 4) (附註4)	2.10	100,000,000	-	-	-	100,000,000	100,000,000	-	200,000,000
8.3.2009	8.3.2009 to 8.2.2011 8.3.2009至8.2.2011	8.3.2012 to 8.2.2014 8.3.2012至8.2.2014	2.10	53,394,000	-	-	-	53,394,000	-	(6,090,000)	47,304,000
9.17.2009	9.17.2009 to 10.13.2009 9.17.2009至10.13.2009	10.14.2009 to 9.16.2014 10.14.2009至9.16.2014	2.60	5,000,000	-	-	(3,500,000)	1,500,000	-	(500,000)	1,000,000
9.17.2009	9.17.2009 to 9.16.2012 9.17.2009至9.16.2012	9.17.2012 to 9.16.2014 9.17.2012至9.16.2014	2.60	5,000,000	(2,000,000)	-	-	3,000,000	-	(500,000)	2,500,000
				449,574,000	(11,000,000)	-	(113,270,000)	325,304,000	235,000,000	(12,590,000)	547,714,000
Weighted average 加權平均行使價	exercise price			945,214,711 HK\$1.42 1.42港元	- N/A 不適用	(219,000,000) HK\$1.46 1.46港元	(127,910,711) HK\$0.95 0.95港元	HK\$1.55	- N/A 不適用	(12,590,000) HK\$1.89 1.89港元	585,714,000 HK\$1.55 1.55港元
Exercisable at the 可於年末行使	end of the year			385,020,711				316,910,000			333,910,000

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50. Share Option Scheme and Share-based 50. 購股權計劃及以股份形式付款 **Payments** (Continued) (續)

Notes:

- (1)The exercise of the options will be subject to the condition that the consolidated net asset value of the Company and its subsidiaries which shall be certified by the auditors appointed by the Company as at the date of the exercise of the options being not less than HK\$1 billion. Exercisable period is between November 22, 2004 to October 5, 2014.
- (2) The original exercisable period was July 1, 2005 to October 5, 2014. Pursuant to a resolution passed in the board of directors meeting held on March 20, 2005, the exercisable period is changed to the period from March 20, 2005 to October 5, 2014.
- At March 31, 2011, weighted average share price on exercise dates (3)and the weighted average price immediately before exercise dates are HK\$4.11 per share.
- (4) The exercise of option will be subject to the condition that the annual consolidated profit after taxation of the Company and its subsidiaries which shall be certified by the auditors appointed by the Company as at the date of the exercise of the options being not less than HK\$1.5 billion. Exercisable period is between August 3, 2009 to August 2, 2019.
- The options transferred related to appointment of Mr. Leung Wing (5) Cheong, Eric as a director of the Company on December 23, 2010. The options were granted to Mr. Leung Wing Cheong, Eric in his capacity as an employee before his appointment as a director.
- (6) The options lapsed were due to (i) the Company had taken the view that the share options held by Mr. Li Xiao Yun and Mr. Xu Ying had lapsed following their removal as the Chairman and the Vice Chairman of the Company respectively on March 3, 2011. The entitlement of Mr. Li Xiao Yun and Mr. Xu Ying to exercise the Share Option are currently being litigated in count; and (ii) Mr. Kim Joong Ho, Mr. Rackets William Hugh and Mr. R.K. Goel resigned as directors on April 13, 2010, April 13, 2010 and February 28, 2011 respectively.
- The options transferred related to the option held by Mr. Liu Ming Hui (7)who was removed as a director of the Company at the Shareholders' meeting on April 26, 2011.
- (8) The options were lapsed upon six months after the resignation of the employees.

The consideration received during the year from the directors and employees for taking up the options granted amounted to HK\$10 (2011: HK\$10).

附註:

- (1) 行使購股權須視平本公司所聘任之核數師 於行使購股權時確認,本公司及其附屬公 司之綜合資產淨值不少於10億港元。可行 使期限為二零零四年十一月二十二日至二 零一四年十月五日止。
- 可行使期限原為由二零零五年七月一日至 (2)二零一四年十月五日。根據於二零零五年 三月二十日召開董事會會議所通過之決議 案,可行使期限更改為二零零五年三月二 十日至二零一四年十月五日。
- 於二零一一年三月三十一日,於行使日期 (3)之加權平均股價及緊接行使日期前之加權 平均股價為每股4.11港元。
- 行使購股權須達成之條件為,本公司及 (4)其附屬公司於購股權行使日期之年度綜 合除税後溢利(須經由本公司所委聘之核 數師核實)不得少於15億港元。可行使期 限為二零零九年八月三日至二零一九年 八月二日。
- 購股權轉撥與梁永昌先生於二零一零年 (5)十二月二十三日被委任為本公司的董事有 關。該購股權是當梁永昌先生獲委任為董 事前作為本公司員工時發行。
- 有關購股權失效的原因為:(i)本公司認為 (6)李小雲先生及徐鷹先生的購股權已於他們 於二零一一年三月三日被罷免為本公司主 席職位及副主席職位之後失效。有關李小 雲先生及徐鷹先生是否有權行使有關購股 權一事,現已入審法庭訴訟;及(ii)金重皓 先生、Rackets William Hugh先生及R.K. Goel先生分別於二零一零年四月十三日、 二零一零年四月十三日及二零一一年二月 二十八日辭仟董事一職。
- 購股權轉撥是因為劉明輝先生於二零一一 (7)年四月二十六日於本公司股東會上被罷免 其董事身份。
- 購股權於僱員離職六個月後失效。 (8)

就董事及僱員承購之獲授購股權而於年內已 收代價為10港元(二零一一年:10港元)。

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50. Share Option Scheme and Share-based 50. 購股權計劃及以股份形式付款 **Payments** (Continued)

In accordance with HKFRS 2 "Share-based payment", fair value of share options granted to employees determined at the date of grant is expensed over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to the Group's employee share-based compensation reserve. In the current year, an amount of share-based payment expenses in respect of its share options of approximately HK\$19,405,000 (2011: HK\$37,500,000) has been recognised with a corresponding adjustment recognised in the Group's employee share-based compensation reserve.

The options outstanding as at March 31, 2012 have a weighted average remaining contractual life of 3 years (2011: 4 years).

51. Related Party Transactions

Apart from the amounts due from/to related parties and transactions as disclosed in notes 27, 30, 33, 35 and 53 respectively, the Group entered into the following transactions with major related parties that are not members of the Group:

- During the year ended March 31, 2012, the Group purchased gas (i) for total amount of HK\$121,997,000 (2011: HK\$143,186,000) from a shareholder of a jointly controlled entity and noncontrolling interests with significant influence over the the relevant subsidiaries.
- During the year ended March 31, 2012, the Group paid rental (ii) expense to a shareholder of a jointly controlled entity in respect of leasehold land and buildings for total of HK\$14,333,000 (2011: HK\$13,633,000).
- During the year ended March 31, 2012, the Group received (iii) interest income for total amount of HK\$14,570,000 (2011: HK\$8,000,000) from an associate.
- (iv) During the year ended March 31, 2012, the Group paid construction fee which are recorded as cost of property, plant and equipment in the consolidated statement of financial position for total amount of HK\$58,487,000 (2011: HK\$71,054,000) to an associate.

根據香港財務報告準則第2號「以股份形式 付款」,於授出日期釐定授予僱員之購股權 公平值乃於歸屬期支銷,連同對本集團之僱 員之股份形式報酬儲備作出相應調整。於本 年度,就購股權之以股份形式付款開支約 19.405.000港元(二零一一年:37.500.000 港元)已予確認,相應調整已於本集團僱員之 股份形式報酬儲備確認。

於二零一二年三月三十一日,尚未行使購股 權之加權平均剩餘合約年期為3年(二零一一 年:4年)。

51. 關連人士交易

除附註27、30、33、35及53所披露之應收/ 應付關連人士之款項交易外,本集團與並非 本集團成員公司之主要關連人士訂立下列交 易:

- 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年 (i) 度,本集團以總金額為121,997,000港 元(二零一一年:143,186,000港元)向 一家共同控制實體之一名股東及對相 關附屬公司具重大影響力的非控股權 益購買氣體。
- 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年 (ii) 度,本集團向一家共同控制實體之一 名股東支付租賃土地及樓宇之租金開 支合共14,333,000港元(二零一一年: 13,633,000港元)。
- (iji) 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團從聯營公司收取之利息收 入總額為14,570,000港元(二零一一 年:8.000.000港元)。
- (iv) 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團已向聯營公司支付工程費 用合共58,487,000港元(二零一一年: 71,054,000港元),已於綜合財務狀況 表列為物業、廠房及設備之成本。

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

51. Related Party Transactions (Continued)

51. 關連人士交易(續)

The remuneration of key management of the Group was as follows:

本集團主要管理層之酬金如下:

		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short-term benefits	短期福利	14,515	30,932
Post employment benefits	離職後福利	60	60
Share-based payments	以股份形式付款	4,820	15,128
		19,395	46,120

The remuneration of key management is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

52. Major Non-cash Transactions

During the year ended March 31, 2011, the non-controlling interest of Luohe Zhongyu withdrew registered capital of HK\$7,934,000 from Loche Zhongyu resulting in deemed acquisition of additional interest in Luohe Zhongyu. The return of capital was satisfied by property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payment held by Luohe Zhongyu with carrying amount of HK\$816,000 and HK\$5,354,000 respectively. Details are set out in note 41(B)(iii).

53. Event After the Reporting Period

On May 29, 2012, a subsidiary of the Company entered into the second supplemental agreement with Panva Gas Vendors, pursuant to which Panva Gas Vendors agreed to extend the Option Exercise Period for acquiring the remaining 51% issued shares of Panva Gas held by Panva Gas Vendors to September 30, 2012.

主要管理層酬金由薪酬委員會經考慮個人表 現及市場趨勢後釐定。

52. 主要非現金交易

截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度, 漯河 中裕非控股權益從漯河中裕提取註冊資本 7,934,000港元,以致被視為收購漯河中裕額 外權益。退還資本乃透過物業、廠房及設備 及漯河中裕持有之預付租賃款項支付,其賬 面值分別為816,000港元及5,354,000港元。 詳情載於附註41(B)(iii)。

53. 報告期後事項

二零一二年五月二十九日,本公司一間附屬 公司與百江燃氣訂立第二份補充協議,據此 百江燃氣賣方同意將收購百江燃氣賣方所持 百江燃氣已發行股份餘下之51%的購股權行 使日期延至二零一二年九月三十日。

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54. Particular of Principal Subsidiaries

54. 主要附屬公司詳情

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

主要附屬公司詳情如下:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation or registration/ operations 註冊成立 或註冊/	Form of business structure 業務架	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司 所持已發行 股本/註冊		Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	營業地點	構形式	股本/註冊資本		面值比例 2011 二零一一年 %	主要業務
Hai Xia Finance Limited 海峽財務有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Incorporated 註冊成立	Ordinary HK\$2 普通股 2港元	100##	100##	Securities investment 證券投資
Iwai's Holdings (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	Incorporated	Ordinary HK\$1,000 Non-voting deferred shares HK\$1,000,000 (Note 1)	100## _	100##	Investment holding, property investment and provision of management services to group companies
	香港	註冊成立	(1,000港元 1,000港元 無投票權遞延 股份 1,000,000港元 (附註1)			投資控股、物業投資 及提供管理服務予 集團公司
Wellgem Asia Limited 偉寶亞洲有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Incorporated 註冊成立	Ordinary HK\$10,000 普通股 10,000港元	100 [#]	100#	Property development 物業發展
中燃燃氣實業(深圳)有限公司 Zhongran Gas (Shenzhen) Company Limited*	PRC	Wholly-foreign owned enterprises ("WFOE")	Registered US\$29,800,000	100#	100#	Investment holding and treasury
	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本 29,800,000美元			投資控股及財資
中燃投資有限公司	PRC 中國	WFOE 外商獨資企業	Registered RMB898,637,000 註冊資本 人民幣 898,637,000元	100#	100#	Investment holding and treasury 投資控股及財資
For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

54. Particular of Principal Subsidiaries (Continued)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

54. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/ operations 註冊成立 或註冊/ 營業地點	Form of business structure 業務架 構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行 股本/註冊資本	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司 所持已發行 股本/註冊 資本面值比例 2012 2011 =零-二年 二零-一年 % %		Principal activities 主要業務
北京中燃翔科油氣技術有限公司 Beijing Zhongran Xiangke Oil Gas Technology Company Limited*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB20,000,000	60 ^{##}	60##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
Company Limited	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 20,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造
Elegant Cheer Limited	Hong Kong	Incorporated	Ordinary HK\$10.000	100##	100##	Property holding
雅緻有限公司	香港	註冊成立	普通股 10,000港元			持有物業
武漢中燃投資有限公司 Wuhan China Natural Gas Investment Company Limited*	PRC	WFOE	Registered RMB69,980,000	100##	100##	Investment holding
involution company cinined	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 69,980,000元			投資控股
益陽中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司 Yiyang Central Gas & City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB44,000,000	80##	80##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 44,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造

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54. Particular of Principal Subsidiaries 54. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/ operations 註冊成立 或註冊/ 營業地點	Form of business structure 業務架 構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行 股本/註冊資本	nominal issued sha registere held by the 本 所持 股本 資本面	rtion of value of are capital/ ed capital e Company 公司 己發行 〈註冊 值比例	Principal activities 主要業務	
				2012 二零一二年 %	2011 二零一一年 %		
蕪湖縣中燃城市發展有限公司 Wuhu City Natural Gas Development Company Limited*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB100,000,000	90 _{##}	90##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction	
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 100,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造	
北京中油翔科科技有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB2,000,000	80##	80##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction	
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本 人民幣 2,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造	
唐山翔科燃氣有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB1,000,000	70##	70##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction	
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本 人民幣 1,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造	
廊坊市翔科危險貨物運輸有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB500,000	80##	80##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction	
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本 人民幣 500,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造	

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54. Particular of Principal Subsidiaries (Continued)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

54. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation or registration/ operations 註冊成立 或註冊/	Form of business structure 業務架	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行	nominal issued sha registere held by the 本分	rtion of value of are capital/ ed capital e Company 公司 己發行 〈註冊	Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	營業地點	構形式	股本/註冊資本	資本面 2012		主要業務
	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB2,680,000	51 ^{##}	,0 51##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本 人民幣 2,680,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造
宜昌中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司 Yichang Zhongran City Gas Development Limited*	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB70,000,000	70##	70##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本 人民幣 70,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造
藁城翔科燃氣有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB2,000,000	95 ^{##}	95 ^{##}	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本 人民幣 2,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造
Clever Decision Enterprises Limited	BVI	Incorporated	Ordinary US\$100	100##	100##	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島	註冊成立	普通股 100美元			投資控股
北京通寶華油燃氣技術發展 有限公司	PRC	WFOE	Registered RMB20,000,000	100##	100##	Investment holding
	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 20,000,000元			投資控股

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54. Particular of Principal Subsidiaries 54. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/ operations 註冊成立 或註冊/ 營業地點	Form of business structure 業務架 構形式	business share capital/ tructure registered capital 業務架 繳足已發行		prtion of al value of nare capital/ red capital ne Company 公司 记發行 注/註冊 面值比例	Principal activities 主要業務	
				2012 二零一二年 %	2011 二零一一年 %		
淮南中燃 Huainan China Gas City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB72,000,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction	
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 72,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造	
壽縣中燃城市燃氣有限公司	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB3,000,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction	
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 3,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造	
隨州中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司 Suizhou Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB35,000,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction	
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 35,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造	
孝感中燃天然氣有限公司 Xiaogan China Gas Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB48,950,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction	
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 48,950,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造	

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54. Particular of Principal Subsidiaries (Continued)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

54. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/ operations 註冊成立 或註冊/ 營業地點	Form of business structure 業務架 構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行 股本/註冊資本	nomina issued sh register held by th 本 所持	rtion of I value of are capital/ ed capital te Company 公司 已發行 /注冊 ၍值比例 2011	Principal activities 主要業務
				2012 二零一二年 %	2011 二零一一年 %	
孝感中亞城市燃氣發展有限公司 Xiaogan (Zhongya) China Gas Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB16,002,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 16,002,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造
漢川中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司 Hanchuan Jchina Gas Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB11,274,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 11,274,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造
雲夢中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司 Yunmeng China Gas Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB9,708,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 9,708,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造
應城中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司 Yingcheng Jiaxu China Gas Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB10,074,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 10,074,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

54. Particular of Principal Subsidiaries 54. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation Form of or registration/ business operations structure 註冊成立 或註冊/ 業務架 營業地點 構形式		Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行 股本/註冊資本	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司 所持已發行 股本/註冊 資本面值比例		Principal activities 主要業務
				2012 二零一二年	2011 二零一一年	
				%	%	
當陽中燃天然氣有限公司 Danyyang Zhongran Gas Co., Ltd.*	PRC	WFOE	Registered HK\$20,000,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
,	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本 20,000,000港元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造
邳州中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司 Pizhou Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	WFOE	Registered US\$3,060,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline
	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本 3,060,000美元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造
宿州中燃 Suzhou Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered US\$3,625,000	75##	75##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
Development OU., Ltd.	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 3,625,000美元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造
滄州中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司 Cangzhou Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	WFOE	Registered HK\$2,000,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
South Print Col, Ed.	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本 2,000,000港元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

54. Particular of Principal Subsidiaries (Continued)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

54. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation Form of or registration/ business operations structure 註冊成立 或註冊/ 業務架		Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司 所持已發行 股本/註冊		Principal activities	
附屬公司名稱	營業地點	構形式	股本/註冊資本	資本 通 2012 二零一二年	面值比例 2011 二零一一年	主要業務	
ー 南皮縣中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司 Nanpixian Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	WFOE	Registered HK\$2,000,000	% 100 ^{##}	% 100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline	
	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本 2,000,000港元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造	
蕪湖縣中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司 Wuhuxian Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB10,000,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction	
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 10,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造	
欽州中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司 Qinzhou Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	WFOE	Registered RMB20,000,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction	
Development CO., Etc.	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 20,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造	
揚中中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司 Yangzhong Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	WFOE	Registered US\$1,000,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction	
	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本 1,000,000美元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造	

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

54. Particular of Principal Subsidiaries 54. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation Form of or registration/ business operations structure 註冊成立 或註冊/ 業務架		Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司 所持已發行 股本/註冊		Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	營業地點	構形式	股本/註冊資本	資本 2012 二零一二年 %	面值比例 2011 二零一一年 %	主要業務
	PRC	WFOE	Registered RMB10,000,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
Development Co., Ltd	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 10,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造
寶雞中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司 Baoji Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB265,725,000	64 ^{##}	64 ^{##}	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 265,725,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造
南京中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司 Nanjing Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB200,000,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 200,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造
玉林中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司 Yulin Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB20,000,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 20,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造
烏審旗中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司	PRC	WFOE	Registered RMB50,000,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	外商獨資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 50,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

54. Particular of Principal Subsidiaries (Continued)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

54. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/ operations 註冊成立 或註冊/ 營業地點	Form of business structure 業務架 構形式	www.share capital/ structure registered capital 業務架 繳足已發行		rtion of I value of are capital/ ed capital e Company 公司 已發行 /註冊 面值比例	Principal activities 主要業務	
				2012 二零一二年 %	2011 二零一一年 %		
撫順中燃 Fushun Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB133,330,000	% 100 ^{##}	% 100 ^{##}	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction	
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 133,330,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造	
無為中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司 Wuwei Zhongran City Gas Development Co., Ltd.*	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB18,000,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction	
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 18,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造	
重慶渝北區天然氣有限責任公司	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB5,060,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction	
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 5,060,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造	
包頭市燃氣有限公司	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB183,800,000	80##	80##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction	
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 183,800,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造	

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

54. Particular of Principal Subsidiaries 54. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation or registration/ operations 註冊成立 或註冊/	Form of business structure 業務架	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行	nomin issued s registe held by t が	nortion of al value of hare capital/ ered capital the Company 本公司 寺已發行 本/註冊	Principal activities 主要業務
附屬公司名稱	受業地點	^{果奶末} 構形式	瘛足已發行 股本∕註冊資本		▲ 面值比例 2011 二零一一年	
				%	%	
包頭市申銀天然氣加氣有限公司	PRC 中國	Sino-foreign equity joint venture 中外合資企業	Registered RMB30,000,000 註冊資本	80##	80##	Natural gas refill services and gas station administration 天然氣加氣服務及
		ТЛЦДШЖ	人民幣 30,000,000元			加氣站管理
包頭市申銀管道工程有限公司	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB10,000,000	80##	80##	Design, construction and maintenance of city pipeline projects
	中國	中外合資企業	註冊資本 人民幣 10,000,000元			城市管道項目之 設計、建造及保養
Zhongyou Hua Dian	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB220,000,000	100##	100##	Sales of LPG
中油華電	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本 人民幣 220,000,000元			液化石油氣銷售
上海中油	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB500,000,000	100##	100##	Investment in petrochemical facilities of storage and transportation, fundamental facilities of pier, sales of raw chemical materials and construction materials
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本 人民幣 500,000,000元			石化貯存及運輸設施及 碼頭基礎設施投資、化學材料及 建築材料銷售

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

54. Particular of Principal Subsidiaries (Continued)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

54. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/ operations 註冊成立 或註冊/ 營業地點	Form of business structure 業務架 構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行 股本/註冊資本	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司 所持已發行 股本/註冊 資本面值比例		Principal activities 主要業務
				2012 二零一二年 %	2011 二零一一年 %	
溫州中化燃氣有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB20,000,000	100##	100## (note 2) (附註2)	Sales of inflammable gas, LPG, inflammable liquid and inflammable solid
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本 人民幣 20,000,000元			易燃氣體、液化石油氣、 易燃液體及易燃固體銷售
溫州中燃能源有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB3,000,000	100##	100## (note 2) (附註2)	Retailing and wholesaling of LPG and accessories company
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本 人民幣 3,000,000元			液化石油氣及 配件零售及批發
廣州華凱石油燃氣有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered USD8,000,000	65 ^{##}	65 ^{##} (note 2) (附註2)	Manufacturing of highly purified LPG, highly purified propane and butane
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本 8,000,000美元			高淨化液化石油氣、 高淨化丙烷及丁烷生產
廣西中油能源有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered USD7,000,000	86 ^{##}	86 ^{##} (note 2) (附註2)	Storing and trading of LPG, sales of chemical products, filling of LPG and delivery of hazardous products
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本 7,000,000美元			液化石油氣貯存及買賣、 化學產品銷售、液化石油氣加氣 及危險品運輸

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

54. Particular of Principal Subsidiaries 54. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation Form of or registration/ business operations structure 註冊成立 或註冊/ 業務架		Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司 所持已發行 股本/註冊		Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	營業地點	構形式	股本/註冊資本	資本 2012 二零一二年 %	面值比例 2011 二零一一年 %	主要業務
江蘇中油	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	Registered US\$10,000,000 註冊資本 10,000,000美元	99.86 ^{##}	50.86 ^{##} (note 2) (附註2)	Producing and storing LPG and chemical product 液化石油氣及 化學產品生產及貯存
廈門中油鷺航油氣有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB21,250,000	70##	70 ^{##} (note 2) (附註2)	Operation of gas in cities, filling of LPG, delivery of hazardous products and wholesaling and retailing of chemical products
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本 人民幣 21,250,000元			經營城市燃氣、液化石油氣加氣、 危險品運輸及 化學產品批發及零售
China Gas Corporate Services Limited 中國燃氣企業服務有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Incorporated 註冊成立	Ordinary HK\$2 普通股 2港元	100##	100##	Nominee and secretarial services 代理人及秘書服務
lwai Style Limited Limited	Hong Kong 香港	Incorporated 註冊成立	Ordinary HK\$2 普通股 2港元	100##	100##	Provision of management services to the Group 向本集團提供管理服務
上海華辰	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB60,000,000	100##	100##	Shipping delivery services, technical development, providing consultancy services and
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本 人民幣 60,000,000元			services and agent of delivery 航運服務、技術開發、 提供顧問服務及 運輸服務及代理

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

54. Particular of Principal Subsidiaries

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

54. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

主要附屬公司詳情如下:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation Form of or registration/business operations structure 註冊成立 或註冊/ 業務架		Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司 所持已發行 股本/註冊		Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	營業地點	構形式	股本/註冊資本	資本面值比例		主要業務
				2012 二零一二年	2011 二零一一年	
				%	%	
南京市浦口區城市燃氣發展 有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB30,000,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本 人民幣 30,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造
遼陽中燃	PRC	Limited liability company	Ordinary RMB68,500,000	80##	80##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	有限責任公司	普通股 人民幣 68,500,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造
Brilliant China	BVI	Incorporated	Ordinary US\$50,000	100##	100##	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島	註冊成立	普通股 50,000美元			投資控股
Beijing Zhongmin Zhongran Trading Company Limited ("Zhongmin Zhongran")	PRC	Limited liability company	Ordinary HK\$30,000,000	100##	100##	Investment holding
北京中民中燃貿易有限公司 (「中民中燃」)	中國	有限責任公司	普通股 30,000,000港元			投資控股
牡丹江大通燃氣	PRC	Limited liability company	Ordinary RMB40,000,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	有限責任公司	普通股 人民幣 40,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

54. Particular of Principal Subsidiaries 54. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/ operations 註冊成立 或註冊/ 營業地點	Form of business structure 業務架 構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行 股本/註冊資本	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司 所持已發行 股本/註冊 資本面值比例		Principal activities 主要業務	
		11370 - 4		2012 2011 二零一二年 二零一一年			
				%	%		
南昌中燃	PRC	Limited liability company	Ordinary RMB15,000,000	100##	80##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction	
	中國	有限責任公司	普通股 人民幣 15,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造	
深圳中燃	PRC	Limited liability company	Ordinary RMB50,000,000	100##	95##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction	
	中國	有限責任公司	普通股 人民幣 50,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造	
南寧管道	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB60,000,000	100##	60##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction	
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本 人民幣 60,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建造	
Zhongyu Gas	Cayman Island	Limited liability company	Ordinary HK\$19,740,000	-	56.33##	Investment holding, sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction	
中裕燃氣	開曼群島	有限責任公司	普通股 19,740,000港元			投資控股、天然氣銷售 及燃氣管道建造	

For the year ended March 31, 2012 截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度

54. Particular of Principal Subsidiaries

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

54. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

主要附屬公司詳情如下:

	e of subsidiary 公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/ operations 註冊成立 或註冊/ 營業地點	Form of business structure 業務架 構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行 股本/註冊資本	nomi issued regist held by 所 股	portion of nal value of share capital/ the Company 本公司 持已發行 本/註冊 本/註冊 本_2011 _零年 %	Principal activities 主要業務
普華能	 吃源	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB30,000,000	90##	-	Sales of LPG
		中國	有限責任公司	註冊資本 人民幣 30,000,000元			液化石油氣銷售
*	English name is	for identification pu	rposes only.		*	英文名稱僅	供識別。
#		of nominal value of i d capital directly hel			#		之已發行股本/註冊資本/ 本面值比例。
##		of nominal value of i d capital indirectly h			##		之已發行股本/註冊資本/ 本面值比例。
in th of th	e opinion of the d ne Group. To give	the principal subsid irectors, principally details of other sub It in particulars of e	affected the res sidiaries would,	sults or assets in the opinion	要影響	響之本公司 是供其他附照	為對本集團業績或資產有主 各主要附屬公司。董事認 屬公司詳情會導致資料過於
Note	98:				附註:		
(1)	carry no rights t	ares, which are not o dividends or to re aral meeting of the C vinding up.	ceive notice of	or to attend or	(1)	並不附帶收 東大會通告	非由本集團持有,而實際上 取股息、接獲本公司任何股 、出席會議或於會上投票或 享任何分派之權利。
(2)	subsidiaries of Z due to the acqu	n effective interest Zhongyou Hua Dian, Jisition of additional g the year ended Ma	attributable to t interest of 12.59	he Group was % in Zhongyou	(2)	司)所佔之寶 一一年三月	§等公司(中油華電之附屬公 實際權益增加,乃因截至二零 三十一日止年度收購中油華 2.5%權益所致,詳情見附註

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at the end of the both years.

- 41(B)(i) •

各附屬公司於該兩個年度結束時並無任何未 償還債務證券。

FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務摘要

		For the year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度					
		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (重列)	
Results Revenue	業績 收入	18,933,565	15,861,880	10,211,959	6,323,823	2,552,075	
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司 擁有人應佔 年度溢利	953,926	625,896	875,636	103,679	141,059	

		At 31 March 於三月三十一日				
		2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
		二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一零年	二零零九年	二零零八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
			(restated)		(restated)	(restated)
			(重列)		(重列)	(重列)
Assets and liabilities	資產及負債					
Total assets	總資產	31,874,385	30,898,783	22,997,594	18,024,749	11,306,127
Total liabilities	總負債	(20,997,923)	(20,559,005)	(17,767,357)	(14,042,621)	(7,620,120)
		10,876,462	10,339,778	5,230,237	3,982,128	3,686,007
Equity attributable to the	本公司擁有人					
owners of the Company	應佔權益	9,819,685	8,764,676	4,123,022	3,223,270	3,140,572
Minority interests	少數股東權益	1,056,777	1,575,102	1,107,215	758,858	545,435
		10,876,462	10,339,778	5,230,237	3,982,128	3,686,007

PARTICULARS OF MAJOR PROPERTIES 主要物業資料

Location 地點	Type (類別	Group's interest (%) 本集團之權益(%)	Lease term 租期
Leasehold land and buildings			
租賃土地及樓宇			
In Hong Kong: 香港地區:			
16/F., AXA Centre No. 151 Gloucester Road Wan Chai Hong Kong 香港 灣仔 告士打道151號 安盛中心16樓	Office premises 辦公室物業	100	Long lease 長期租約
In the People's Republic of China: 於中華人民共和國:			
深圳市濱河大道5002號 聯合廣場B座13樓及18樓	Commercial 商業	100	Medium term lease 中期租約
北京市宣武門廣安門南街6號	Office premises 辦公室物業	100	Medium term lease 中期租約
Investment properties 投資物業			
No. 28-30 Kai Tak Road Kowloon City Kowloon Hong Kong 香港 九龍 九龍城 啟德道28-30號	Vacant land 空置土地	100	Medium term lease 中期租約
Development site located on western side of Gongnong Bing Road Huimin District Hohhot City Inner Mongolia Autoriomous Region the PRC 位於中國 內蒙古自治區 呼和浩特市 回民區 工農兵路西邊之發展用地	Residential/Commercial 住宅/商業	51	Medium term lease 中期租約

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